

# About the Cover

North Richland Hills' new City Hall opened for business March 2016. The majority of City departments are housed at this location along with the city's Public Safety operations and Municipal Court. Construction of the new City Hall was approved by North Richland Hills voters in 2012.

Designed by: Budget & Research Department Layout by: www.creativemarket.com/brochuresfactory Picture provided by: Communications Department City of North Richland Hills, Texas

# Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended September 30, 2020

**City Officials** 

Oscar Trevino Mayor

Scott Turnage Place 6 Mayor Pro Tem

Tito Rodriguez Deputy Mayor Pro Tem Place 1

Associate Mayor Pro Tem Place 4

Rita Wright Oujesky Place 2 Suzy Compton Place 3

Mason Orr

Mike Benton Place 5 Tim Welch (\*)
Place 7

Mark Hindman City Manager

Paulette Hartman Deputy City Manager

Karen Manila Assistant City Manager

Jimmy Perdue Director of Public Safety

Mike Curtis Managing Director of Infrastructure & Capital Projects

> Mark Mills Director of Finance

(\*) Tim Welch resigned from City Council in December 2020. Kelvin Deupree was appointed by the City Council to fill the unexpired portion of his term on January 11, 2021.

Prepared by: Finance Department

# N®RTH RICHLAND HILLS City of Choice

# **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report was prepared by the Department of Finance, Office of Accounting:

# Karen Manila

Assistant City Manager

# Mark Mills, CGFO

Director of Finance

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Special appreciation is given to:

# **Budget and Research Department**

Robert Myers, Director Jennipher Castellanos, CGFO, Senior Budget Analyst Anne Adiele, Budget Analyst

# **Human Resources Department**

Patrick Hillis, Director
Cameron Rowland, Assistant Director
Ellen Cooper, Human Resources Analyst
Nancy Holcomb, Payroll Specialist
Jody Anderson, Benefits Coordinator
Sabrina Markum, Human Resources Generalist

And to all the departments and personnel throughout the City whose extra effort to contribute timely financial data for their departments made this report possible.

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# **Introductory Section**







# **Department of Finance**

March 8, 2021

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council Members, City Manager, and Residents of the City of North Richland Hills, Texas:

We hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of the City of North Richland Hills, Texas (the "City") for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

This report consists of City management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in the report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City's financial statements have been audited by the CPA firm of Whitley Penn, LLP, the City's independent auditors. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering unmodified opinions that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the City's separately issued Single Audit Report.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A"). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

# **Profile of North Richland Hills**

The City, incorporated in 1953, is a growing community located in the heart of the Dallas/Fort Worth Metroplex. The City's estimated population is approximately 71,500 for 2020. The City is also home to over 1,200 commercial and industrial businesses. The third largest city in Tarrant County, North Richland Hills ("NRH") is only 10 minutes from downtown Fort Worth and 25 minutes from downtown Dallas. Interstate Loop 820 and Texas 121/183 ("Airport Freeway") traverse the City, providing freeway access to five additional interstates and numerous US and state highways. The City is also conveniently located 10 minutes from Dallas/Fort Worth International Airport and 15 minutes from Alliance Airport. D/FW International Airport has over 1,900 flights daily with non-stop service to all major North American cities and many overseas destinations. The Alliance development facilitates the transport of merchandise through both the Alliance airport and the Burlington Northern/Santa Fe Intermodal Facility.

The City operates under a charter adopted in 1964 which provides for a Council-Manager form of government. The Mayor and seven Council members are elected at large. The City Council is responsible for all matters of policy as well as for levying taxes, securing revenues, authorizing expenditures of City funds, and incurring City debts. The City Manager is directly responsible to the City Council. An organizational chart follows to show the various levels of responsibility.

The City provides a full range of services. These services include police and fire protection; municipal court operations; the construction and maintenance of streets and infrastructure; parks, library, and recreational activities including tennis center operations; neighborhood services activities; planning and inspections; and the operations of a water and wastewater system, a golf course, and a public waterpark. A private contractor, through a franchise agreement, provides solid waste collection and disposal services for the City.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The City maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with provisions in the annual budget adopted by the City Council. Annual operating budgets are adopted for the General Fund, certain Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds, Enterprise Funds, and Internal Service Funds. Project-length financial plans are adopted for the Capital Project Funds. The level of budgetary control – the level at which expenditures/expenses cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount – is established at the fund level. Detail control is accomplished by maintaining appropriations, encumbrances, and expended balances by line item within each operating department, within each operating fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. Budgetary data for proprietary funds is presented in the Other Supplemental Information section only since reporting on such budgets is not legally required.

Prior to September 1, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments. Prior to September 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, department, and division. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund. Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be re-appropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

Transfers of appropriations between funds are allowed by budget ordinance as passed by the City Council. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in the report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the General Fund, comparisons begin on page 85 in the required supplementary information segment of the financial statements. The comparisons for other governmental funds with appropriated annual budgets are presented in the other supplementary information of this report.

# **Factors Affecting Financial Condition**

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City operates.

# Local economy

The City continues to grow as all major economic indicators are trending in the right direction and it remains geographically positioned as the main link between bustling downtown Fort Worth and affluent Northeast Tarrant County. Adjacent to the high socioeconomic level cities of Colleyville, Keller and Southlake; the City remains the third largest City in Northeast Tarrant County with approximately 71,500 people and is likely to reach 80,000 residents by 2030. Since 2010, the City has grown by 12.41% in total population, adding over 8,100 residents.

Amidst the global pandemic, fiscal year 2020 saw continued growth in taxable sales, taxable property values and new home starts. Compared to the previous fiscal year, taxable sales grew by 7.7%, a \$79 million increase. This growth was due to a strong mix of essential retail businesses alongside the increase in online retail sales, both of which benefitted from social distancing. Taxable sales are expected to nominally increase in Fiscal Year 2021 as non-essential businesses rebound under fewer restrictions while conditions improve. Taxable property value grew for the 8th straight year, this time over \$181.4 million, reaching approximately \$6.4 billion in net taxable value. Finally, the City continues steady residential growth, permitting 250 new single-family homes with an average value of over \$375,000 and over 800 platted or shovel ready single-family lots in the pipeline. Residential growth was "by new home start" the most amongst Northeast Tarrant County cities.

The City maintains a diverse mix of 1,200 brick and mortar businesses with 14 primary employers representing 5,000 full time jobs within the healthcare, finance, aerospace and supply chain sectors. While many professionals began to work from home due to the pandemic, the City was able to welcome 11 different office-based businesses adding 226 professional jobs and absorbing 101,948 square feet of space. These new additions contributed to a further reduction of the City's office vacancy rate from 12% to 11% in 2020 (historical high was 18% in 2017). Since the pandemic's start, suburban office demand has increased due to a desire for lower density workplaces and closer in proximity to professionals now working from home.

The City continues to experience quality commercial development and revitalization thanks to high standards and the ability to adapt and reinvent itself. The pandemic did affect local retail and service-based industry growth. While the City welcomed 84 new businesses, it only resulted in a net increase of 10 businesses. Moreover, there was a net decrease of 19,000 square feet of occupied space due to the relocation of a 62,000 square foot Hobby Lobby to an adjacent community.

Noteworthy, the 52-acre redevelopment project called City Point was not slowed by the pandemic. When complete, the \$187 million mixed-use development will include 70,000 square feet of commercial space, roughly 370 single-family homes and approximately 450 multi-family residences. Construction of the public improvements began on time in 2020 with vertical construction (buildings) set to begin in late 2021, which will take 5 to 7 years.

# Long-term financial planning

In 2012, NRH voters authorized the construction of a new City Hall. The election authorized \$48 million in general obligation debt for the project. The new facility is targeted to be the center of a new economic environment in the oldest part of the city. Located on the site of a former retail mall, the plans provide for mixed use where commercial and multi-family housing stimulate the revitalization of the area. The City Hall project was completed and occupied beginning in March 2016. As mentioned in the previous section, the City Point mixed use development, surrounding the City Hall complex, broke ground in 2020 with completion anticipated by 2028.

In February 2003, the voters authorized the development of 22 street projects (arterial, collector, and residential), two drainage projects, and four municipal facilities projects with the passage of four propositions in the 2003 Bond Election. The authorized election package totaled \$37,210,000 for the aforementioned projects. The City Council and management believed these projects were needed to improve infrastructure and provide essential services to its citizens. The last remaining \$3.86 million from the 2003 authorization was issued in late 2020 and there are no amounts authorized that are unissued.

At least annually, management reviews and updates long-range financial plans for the general operations of the City as well as the proprietary activities. Forecasts are prepared using conservative growth estimates for major sources of revenue. Maintaining this conservative approach, coupled with an aggressive debt repayment policy, has assisted the City in retaining a continuous favorable bond rating. Analysis is continuously updated to reflect new bond issues and the repayment thereof, as well as updates to estimates based on new developments, historical trends, changes in applicable legal requirements, and City Council and management priorities.

The plans for the internal service funds include the accumulation of resources for meeting both current and future needs. For example, support services such as facilities, fleet, and information technology collect user fees to meet current maintenance needs as well as to meet future capital replacement needs.

Similarly, the City's policy with regard to self-insurance premiums has been to collect sufficient amounts to cover current health and dental claims as well as additions to reserves for future claims. In fiscal years 2002 and 2003 the Self Insurance (Internal Service) Fund reserves of \$3.1 million were depleted due primarily to spiraling inflation in the health care industry and unforeseeable extraordinary health claims. In fiscal year 2004, City Council adopted a strategy to rebuild reserves over a six-year period beginning in fiscal year 2005. Savings from changes in the health care plan, transfers from existing cash reserves in the General Fund and Water and Sewer Fund, and employee premiums were used and continue to re-establish the reserves. In both 2016 and 2017, the City once again experienced significant inflationary costs and extraordinary health claims, which necessitated the use of a portion of the rebuilt reserves. Management instituted procedures to address the rising costs in both active employee and retiree health care costs. These procedures have begun to take effect and the reserves continued to improve in 2020.

Similar plans for the build-up of reserves exist for the City's enterprise operations. Funds are set aside to meet future capital replacement needs such as infrastructure replacement and capital asset acquisitions. This approach has allowed the City's water and sewer operation to meet the majority of its capital replacement needs with the issuance of minimal debt. Over the course of its history, NRH<sub>2</sub>O, the City's waterpark, has funded some new attractions and infrastructure improvements by utilizing cash reserves accumulated from operations. Annual analysis by City management of capital needs could result in the need for debt funding of future attractions and infrastructure improvements if deemed necessary.

# Cash management policies and practices

The City's previous bank depository contract with JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A. expired in 2019, the City initiated a solicitation process in early 2019 to secure another depository contract agreement. The selection process awarded the new contract to the incumbent, JP Morgan Chase Bank, N. A. for another three years with an option to extend for an additional two years. Cash temporarily idle during the year was invested in two public funds investment pools, agency and corporate securities, municipal securities (within Texas), and U.S. Treasury Notes.

The maturities of the investments range from overnight to three years. The average yield for overnight investments for fiscal year 2020 was 1.71%, and the weighted average maturity ("WAM") was 29 days. The average yield on all other investments for fiscal year 2020 (yield at cost) was 2.30% compared to 1.61% for the prior year. The portfolio's WAM for all other investments at the end of the fiscal year was 657 days, which represents a 26-day decrease over last year's WAM of 683 days.

At fiscal year-end approximately 85% of the portfolio was invested beyond one year, 8% was invested for one year or less, and the remaining 7% was invested in the overnight market. The City continues to use the services of PFM Asset Management, LLC as an investment advisor and overseer of the portfolio, which began on October 1, 2009.

# Risk management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. While the City has historically retained a portion of these risks, coverage exists for: general, employment practice, law enforcement, and errors and omissions liability; excess workers' compensation; property damage; commercial crime coverage; and employee life insurance. The Self-Insurance Fund is responsible for workers' compensation, health, automobile liability, and general liability insurance. The City maintains a stop loss third party insurance policy with respect to health claims. This policy covers City medical claims in excess of \$175,000 per individual per year, and/or \$10,386,756 in the aggregate for a 12-month period beginning on January 1, 2020. Self-Insurance Fund claims are funded by charges to other funds and employee, retiree, and dependent premiums. Additional information on the City's risk management activity can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

# Pension and other post-employment benefits

The City participates in the Texas Municipal Retirement System ("TMRS"), an agency authorized by the State of Texas. Full-time City employees contribute a fixed percentage of their gross pay (currently 7%). TMRS participants are immediately vested in the funds they contribute plus allocated interest. Participants are vested in employer contributions after five years of credited participation. If participants withdraw from TMRS prior to five years of credited participation, they may withdraw from TMRS those funds they contributed plus interest earnings. The City has historically provided postretirement health and dental care benefits for certain retirees and their dependents. As of the current fiscal year, there were 190 retired employees receiving these benefits. Additional information on the City's pension arrangements and post-employment benefits can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

# City's Response to the COVID-19 Pandemic

In February 2020 the President declared a national health emergency which necessitated a response that no one had anticipated. With over 70,000 residents to consider and care for, the Public Safety department logged over 350,000 hours related to responding to the health emergency. This included working with nursing homes and senior living communities to assess their needs, review all of the changing protocols, and assisting them obtaining much needed PPE. The City provided a location for drive-through COVID-19 testing provided by the State of Texas. The Library offered curbside to go and virtual activities to ensure residents and students have access to books and materials. Library staff utilized the Maker Spot area to create face shields that were provided to first responders. The

Economic Development department assisted over 180 City businesses to obtain \$1.8 million in grants through the Small Business Assistance Program, more than any other city in Tarrant County outside of Arlington and Fort Worth.

The City undertook several cost saving measures designed to mitigate the anticipated loss in revenue from the business activity shutdowns caused by the pandemic. The City also received \$3,738,900 in CARES Act funding from the Federal Government through Tarrant County. The result of these actions were readily shown in the financial performance of the General Fund which reduced a planned use of reserves from \$1,912,678 to \$21,987.

# Awards

Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada ("GFOA") awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to North Richland Hills for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. This was the thirty-fifth consecutive year that the City has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the results of the 2019 CAFR have yet to be received but we expect to receive our thirty-sixth consecutive award. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The City also received an award in 2020 for the Fiscal Year 2020 operating budget. The Distinguished Budget Presentation award was granted to the City for the 30th consecutive year by the GFOA.

# <u>Acknowledgments</u>

Timely preparation of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report was made possible by the dedicated service of the Finance Department, our independent auditors, and other City staff. We would like to express sincere appreciation to those who contributed to the process.

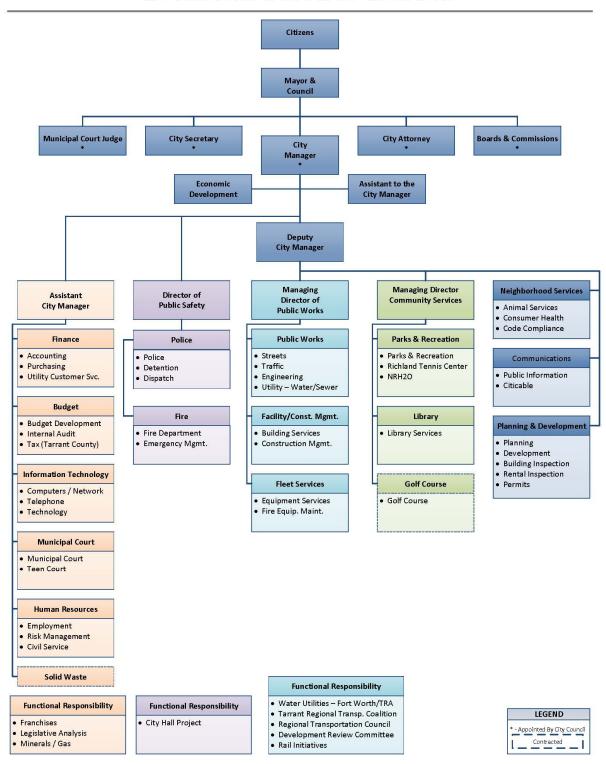
In closing, the continued leadership and support of the Mayor, City Council, and City Manager in planning and conducting the financial operation of the City is sincerely appreciated.

Respectfully submitted,

red c. ml

Mark C. Mills Director of Finance

# **ORGANIZATION CHART**



PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS September 30, 2020

MAYOR
MAYOR PRO TEM, COUNCIL MEMBER, PLACE 6
DEPUTY MAYOR PRO TEM, COUNCIL MEMBER, PLACE 1
ASSOCIATE MAYOR PRO TEM, COUNCIL MEMBER, PLACE 4
COUNCIL MEMBER, PLACE 2
COUNCIL MEMBER, PLACE 3

COUNCIL MEMBER, PLACE 2

COUNCIL MEMBER, PLACE 3

COUNCIL MEMBER, PLACE 5

COUNCIL MEMBER, PLACE 7

TIN

City Manager
Deputy City Manager
Assistant City Manager
Director of Public Safety
Managing Director of Dev

Managing Director of Development Services Managing Director of Community Services

City Secretary City Attorney

Director of Human Resources

Director of Finance

Director of Budget and Research Director of Economic Development

Director of Planning Public Information Officer

Director of Information Technology Municipal Court Administrator Director of Neighborhood Services

Library Director Fire Chief

Public Works Director

Director of Facilities & Construction

Chief Building Official

OSCAR TREVINO SCOTT TURNAGE TITO RODRIGUEZ MASON ORR

RITA WRIGHT OUJESKY

SUZY COMPTON MIKE BENTON TIM WELCH (\*)

Mark Hindman
Paulette Hartman
Karen Manila
Jimmy Perdue
Mike Curtis
Vickie Loftice
Alicia Richardson
Maleshia McGinnis
Patrick Hillis
Mark Mills
Robert Myers
Craig Hulse
Clayton Comstock
Mary Peters
Vacant
Rebecca Vinson

Rebecca Vinson Stefanie Martinez Cecilia Hurt Barham

Stan Tinney

Caroline Waggoner Chris Amarante Dave Pendley

<sup>(\*)</sup> Tim Welch resigned from City Council in December 2020. Kelvin Deupree was appointed by the City Council to fill the unexpired portion of his term on January 11, 2021.

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the results of the 2019 CAFR Award Certificate submission have yet to be received but we expect to receive our thirty-sixth consecutive award.
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# **Financial Section**







640 Taylor Street Suite 2200 Fort Worth, Texas 76102 817.259.9100 Main

whitlevpenn.com

# REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of North Richland Hills, Texas

# **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of North Richland Hills, Texas (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of North Richland Hills, Texas

# **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Other Matters**

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, pension information, other post-employment benefit information, and certain budget to actual schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund statements and schedules, budget to actual schedules, statistical section, and glossary are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements and schedules and budget to actual schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section, statistical section, and glossary have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 3, 2021, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance and has been issued under separate cover.

Fort Worth, Texas March 3, 2021

Whitley FERN LLP



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

The City of North Richland Hills, Texas (the "City") Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the City's financial activity, (c) identify changes in the City's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent years' challenges), (d) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and (e) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

MD&A is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts, and should be read in conjunction with the City's financial statements (beginning on page 22).

# **Financial Highlights**

- The assets and deferred outflows of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020 by over \$345.4 million (net position).
- The City's total net position increased by \$14.6 million in fiscal year 2020 from the beginning net position of \$330.7 million. Additional details of this change may be found beginning on page 24 (Statement of Activities).
- As of September 30, 2020, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$88,176,318, which represents an increase of \$22.0 million in comparison to the prior fiscal year's ending balance.
- Approximately 26.6% of total governmental fund balance, or \$23,483,836, is available for appropriation at the City's discretion (assigned and unassigned fund balance).
- The City's objective regarding fund balance for the General Fund is to maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance to operate the City for a period of 60 days or 15% of the following year's appropriated budgeted expenditures. This objective was met at year end.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$17,386,675 or 34.2% of General Fund actual expenditures, including transfers out, for 2020. This unassigned balance represents 34.7% of the Fiscal Year 2021 adopted budget.
- The City's total debt increased by approximately \$14.2 million during the fiscal year 2020. This is due to scheduled principal payments of \$12.4 million, issuance of \$30.8 million in bonds and COs, and the refunding of \$4.3 million in bonds and certificates of obligation.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

# **Overview of the Financial Statements**

MD&A is intended to introduce the reader to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial condition of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the fiscal year. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are recognized regardless of when cash is received or paid. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned, unused vacation leave). Both the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting as opposed to the modified accrual basis used in governmental funds.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the City's operations are separated into two types of activities:

- <u>Governmental activities</u> Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the activities of public safety, culture and recreation, public works, and general government. Property taxes, sales taxes, and franchise fees finance most of these activities.
- <u>Business-type activities</u> For this type of activity, the City charges a fee to customers to cover all or most of the cost of services provided including the recovery of costs of capital assets used in the delivery of such services. The City's water and sewer, golf course, and aquatic park activities are reported here.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 22 - 25 of the comprehensive annual financial report.

<u>Fund financial statements</u> - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law, bond covenants, or Council ordinance. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds - The majority of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances available for appropriation at year-end. These funds are reported using an accounting method identified as the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. Statements of governmental funds provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources available for appropriation in the near future to finance City programs. By comparing information presented for governmental funds with similar information

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

presented for *governmental activities* in the government- wide financial statements, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. The relationship or differences between *governmental activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds are detailed in a reconciliation following the fund financial statements.

The City maintains five major individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for these funds. The General Fund, General Capital Projects Fund, General Debt Service Fund, Parks and Recreation Development Fund, and the Tax Increment Finance District No. 2 Fund are the major governmental funds of the City. Data from the other non-major governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the governmental statements. Financial statements for the governmental funds can be found on pages 26 - 33 of this report.

• <u>Proprietary funds</u> - The objective of proprietary funds is to charge customers, both internal and external, for services provided in an amount sufficient to cover virtually all costs including the replacement of assets used in the delivery of such services. These services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same manner that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the City's enterprise funds (a component of proprietary funds) are almost identical to the business-type activities that are reported in the government-wide statements, but provide more detail and additional information, such as the statement of cash flows. The internal service funds (the other component of proprietary funds) are utilized to report activities that provide supplies and services for the City's other programs and activities, such as the City's facilities maintenance and construction services, fleet management, employee and property insurance coverage, and telephone and computer services. Because these services benefit both governmental and business-type functions, they have been included in both the governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The City maintains three enterprise funds, which it uses to account for the provision of water and wastewater services, golf course operations, and water park activities. The Utility Fund, Aquatic Park, and the Golf Course are all considered major funds. Financial statements for the enterprise funds can be found on pages 34 - 37 of the report.

<u>Notes to the financial statements</u> - The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 41 - 79 of this report.

# **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

The government-wide financial analysis highlights the information contained in the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. The City's combined net position was \$345,376,664 as of September 30, 2020. Analyzing the net position of governmental and business-type activities separately, governmental activities total net position was \$255,853,663 and business-type activities total net position was \$89,523,001. This analysis focuses on the net position and changes in program and general revenues and significant expenses of the City's governmental and business-type activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

<u>Statement of Net Position</u> – The largest portion of the City's net position (93.2%) reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, capital assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these obligations. The following table presents the condensed government-wide statement of net position as of September 30, 2020 and 2019. Current and other assets include restricted deposit and investment balances.

# Schedule of Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position Amounts shown in thousands (\$000's) As of September 30, 2020 and 2019

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities				Total				
		2020		2019		2020		2019		2020		2019
Current and other assets	\$	107,707	\$	88,265	\$	38,691	\$	33,644	\$	146,398	\$	121,909
Capital assets, net		332,495		330,924		90,070		87,463		422,565		418,387
Total Assets		440,202		419,189		128,761		121,107		568,963		540,296
Total deferred outflows of												
resources		7,294		16,028		752		2,815		8,046		18,843
Long-term liabilities		157,744		170,775		30,876		28,310		188,620		199,085
Other liabilities		17,775		18,656		7,521		7,321		25,296		25,977
Total liabilities		175,519		189,431		38,397		35,631		213,916		225,062
Total deferred inflows of												
resources		16,123		2,442		1,593		899		17,716		3,341
Net Position:												
Net investments in capital assets		250,864		239,570		71,095		73,400		321,959		312,970
Restricted		23,229		20,825		6,189		5,120		29,418		25,945
Unrestricted		(18,239)		(17,051)		12,239		8,872		(6,000)		(8,179)
Total net position	\$	255,854	\$	243,344	\$	89,523	\$	87,392	\$	345,377	\$	330,736

<u>Statement of Activities</u> - Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$12.5 million in fiscal year 2020, and business-type activities increased net position by \$2.1 million. The following table presents the condensed government-wide statement of activities for the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Changes in Net Position
Amounts shown in thousands (\$000's)
Years Ended September 30, 2020 and 2019

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities				Total				
		2020		2019		2020		2019		2020		2019
Revenues:												
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	11,294	\$	13,820	\$	40,255	\$	41,437	\$	51,549	\$	55,257
Operating grants and contributions		9,706		8,357		-		-		9,706		8,357
Capital grants and contributions		553		787		-		-		553		787
General revenues:												
Property tax		34,619		34,417		-		-		34,619		34,417
Sales tax		22,014		20,439		-		-		22,014		20,439
Mixed beverage		125		154		-		-		125		154
Franchise taxes		3,818		4,316		-		-		3,818		4,316
Occupancy taxes		254		279		-		-		254		279
Unrestricted investment earnings		2,032		2,670		523		671		2,555		3,341
Miscellaneous		2,380		3,101		1,426		1,735		3,806		4,836
Total revenue		86,795		88,340		42,204		43,843		128,999		132,183
Expenses:												
General government		18,403		14,796		-		-		18,403		14,796
Public safety		30,185		34,642		-		-		30,185		34,642
Culture and recreation		12,151		12,988		-		-		12,151		12,988
Public works		7,988		8,101		-		-		7,988		8,101
Interest and other fees		4,873		3,453		-		-		4,873		3,453
Utility		-		-		35,405		33,544		35,405		33,544
Aquatic park		-		-		3,216		4,556		3,216		4,556
Golf course		_				2,136		2,521		2,136		2,521
Total expenses		73,600		73,980		40,757		40,621		114,357		114,601
Increase (decrease) in net position												
before transfers		13,195		14,360		1,447		3,222		14,642		17,582
Transfers between governmental		15,175		11,500		1,,		3,222		1 1,0 12		17,502
and business-type activities		(685)		3,616		685		(3,616)		_		_
Net Increase (decrease) in net		(003)		3,010		003		(3,010)				
position		12,510		17,976		2,132		(394)		14,642		17,582
Net position - beginning of year		243,344		225,368		87,391		87,786		330,735		313,154
Net position - end of year	\$	255,854	\$	243,344	\$	89,523	\$	87,392	\$	345,377	\$	330,736
Position on Jour	<u> </u>		<del>-</del>	,	<u> </u>	0,,020	Ψ'	0.,002	<u> </u>	2.3,311	Ψ.	220,730

<u>Governmental activities</u> - In comparison to fiscal year 2019, overall assets for Governmental Activities increased \$21.0 million or 5.0% in 2020. Capital assets, net of depreciation, increased \$1.6 million or 0.5% in 2020. This activity was related to capital improvement projects, specifically improvements to streets, roadways, and equipment replacements. Outstanding debt liabilities decreased by \$9.1 million or 8.9% in 2020. The decrease was due to principal repayments for debt held in the governmental funds.

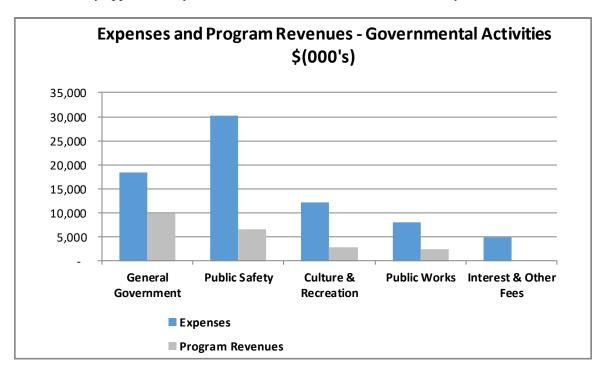
Governmental activities increased the City's net position by approximately \$12.5 million in fiscal year 2020. The City had an increase in tax revenues of \$1.2 million during 2020. Property taxes increased \$0.2 million, sales tax increased by \$1.6 million, and franchise taxes decreased by \$0.5 million. In fiscal year 2020 the City experienced significant growth in its taxable base of 9.5% and added \$80 million in new construction value. The tax rate was lowered from \$0.585 to \$0.572, to help reduce the overall property tax burden. Sales taxes increased 7.7% due in large part to gains in online sales, which were bolstered by changes brought about by the Supreme Court's Wayfair decision.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

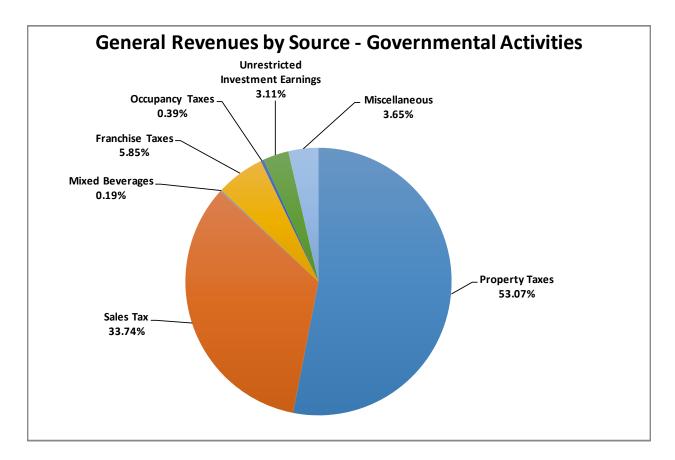
The City faced extraordinary challenges during 2020 from the COVID-19 pandemic as significant impacts were seen on the day to day lives of our residents, businesses, and city operations. The COVID-19 pandemic dominated a significant portion of City resources and had a direct impact on the City's budget as staff worked to respond to the crisis. Fortunately due in part to the stability the City saw in property tax and sales tax collections in the General Fund, which comprise roughly 61% of all revenue in the General Fund, the City's year-end position was much stronger than anticipated at the start of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Charges for services decreased approximately \$2.5 million or 18.3% in fiscal year 2020. Operating Grants and Contributions increased approximately \$1.3 million or 16.1% in fiscal year 2020. This increase was expected due to the continuation of significant grant funding in the area of General Government, Public Safety and Public Works. Capital Grants and Contributions decreased approximately \$0.2 million or 29.7% in fiscal year 2020. Significant projects included the North Texas Anti-Gang Center, the closeout of the reconstruction of Rufe Snow Drive, and the realignment of Smithfield/Davis intersection.

Governmental activities saw a total decrease in expenses totaling approximately \$0.4 million or approximately 0.5% below 2019 levels. This is attributable to the City's response to the COVID-19 pandemic which necessitated a change in planned expenses for parks, police, neighborhood services and municipal court. Many functions were held remotely while many events were scaled back or cancelled in an attempt to control the spread of the virus. Depreciation expense rose \$1.6 million or 0.4%, on net fixed assets of \$332.5 million. Debt service interest and other fees increased by approximately 41.1%. Refer to the fund level financial analysis section for further details.



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

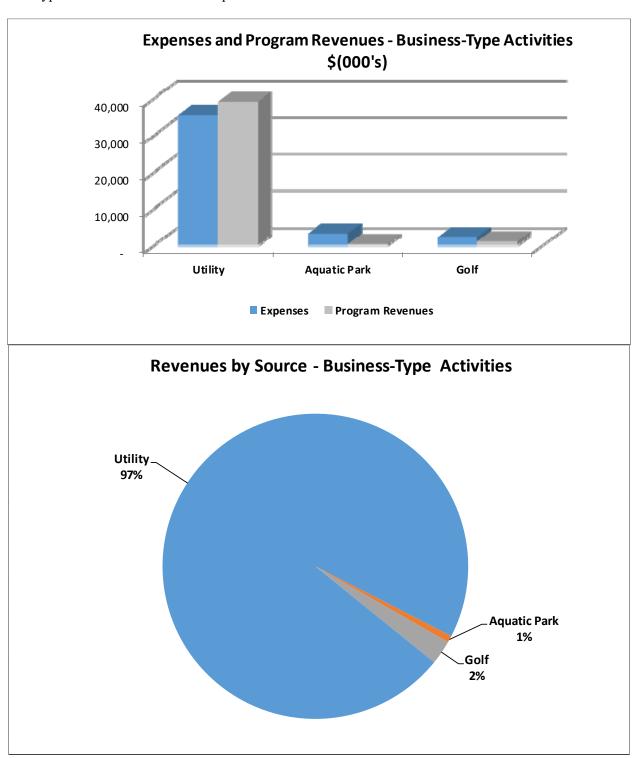


<u>Business-type activities</u> – Business-type activities resulted in an increase to the City's total net position of \$2.1 million in 2020. Overall the Utility operations (before non-operating revenues (expenses) and transfers to governmental activities) resulted in an increase in operating income of approximately \$5.3 million. Transfers out of the Utility Fund into General Funds totaling \$4.4 million, for PILOT fees, indirect fees, and administrative fees, further reduced Business-Type Activities net position. Aquatic Park experienced a decrease in net position (before non-operating revenues (expenses) and transfers to governmental activities) of \$2,806,188. Golf course experienced a decrease in net position (before non-operating revenues (expenses) and transfers to governmental activities) of \$946,873. The overall increase in net position for Business-type activities was driven by the Utility fund which increased \$1.0 million, inclusive of transfers out.

Aquatic Park and Golf course operations are funded by consumers who patronize each facility. Due to the operational restrictions resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic, the Aquatic Park was open for 13 days during FY 2020, whereas a normal season is approximately 105 days. Operational restrictions affected all entertainment venues in the area and annual pass holders for 2020 will have their passes honored in 2021. The Golf Course was not affected to the same extent by the pandemic as it was already on reduced operations due to a capital project to reconstruct the golf course as well as refurbish the clubhouse. At least 12 of the 18 holes on the course were out of circulation for 7-9 months of FY 2020.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

The Utility Fund experienced higher sales in the summer heat, which together with a rate increase in effect November 2019, helped generate increase revenues. On the whole, the weather demonstrated how sensitive business-type activities are to climate impacts.



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

# **Fund Level Financial Analysis**

Governmental Funds - The focus of the City of North Richland Hills' governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, the unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the City's Council itself, or the designated individual delegated the authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes (Council Designated).

At September 30, 2020, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$88,176,318, an increase of \$21,987,584 in comparison with prior year. Unassigned fund balance of \$17,386,675 is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is either non-spendable, restricted, committed, or assigned to indicate that it is 1) not in spendable form (\$138,314), 2) legally required to be maintained intact or to be used for a particular purpose (\$61,485,769), 3) committed for particular purposes (\$3,068,399), or 4) assigned for particular purposes (\$6,097,161).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. For fiscal year 2020, the General Fund unassigned fund balance was \$17,386,675 – an increase of \$3,487,435. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 37.2% of total General Fund expenditures for 2020, while total fund balance represents 41.4%. The General Fund balance increase was due primarily to operational savings recognized at year-end. Higher than anticipated revenue, in particular Sales Taxes collected, Licenses and Permit revenue related to development, and funding received via the CARES Act contributed to the increase.

The General Capital Projects fund increased governmental fund balance by approximately \$10.6 million. During fiscal year 2020, the City issued \$8.4 million in bonds payable for capital projects. Of the fund's \$10.3 million in expenditures, a significant portion can be attributed to the close out activities associated with the new City Hall project, as well as improvements in the public street network including, Rufe Snow & Mid-Cities improvements, and Davis & Mid-Cities improvements

General Debt Service fund increased governmental fund balance by \$112,437. The increase is associated with retirement of debt through principal and interest payments for 2020. The debt service fund had accumulated roughly \$1.8 million in fund balance by the end of 2014. City Council and City Management instituted a planned drawdown of these funds to offset transfers out of regular operations for future fiscal year debt service requirements.

Parks and Recreation Development Corporation increased governmental fund balance by \$33,610. Part of that increase belongs to the NRH Centre, which experienced an increase to fund balance of \$196,485 from activity.

The TIF #2 Capital Projects Fund increased governmental fund balance by \$232,535, resulting in an ending fund balance of \$11,974,697 as of September 30, 2020. The increase was due to investment income received during 2020.

The TIF #2 Debt Service Fund increased governmental fund balance by \$2,183,484, resulting in an ending fund balance of \$12,434,895 as of September 30, 2020. The increase was due to property tax collections from participating entities and investment income received during 2020.

<u>Proprietary</u> Funds - The proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

# **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

<u>Original budget compared to final budget.</u> During the fiscal year, there were sufficient reasons to revise original estimated revenues and original appropriations. Revenue amendments resulted in a net increase of \$1,624,025. Other Appropriations increased \$1,624,025. Modifications were made to specific revenue projections, based on known activities and observed collection trends throughout the fiscal year.

<u>Final budget compared to actual results.</u> Revenue sources saw negative variances in three categories - property taxes (\$170,421 or -0.85%), franchise taxes (\$6,128 or -0.13%) and charges for services (\$32,606 or -1.3%). A positive revenue variance of \$289,414 in Licenses and Permits resulted from the continued activity in new development / remodels. Other categories were revised upward and actual collections exceeded projections. Within expenditures and other uses for the fiscal year, transfers out were under budget by \$143,469 as a planned transfer to Crime Control District was not required.

Revenues		Estimated Revenues	1	Actual Revenues	Difference			
Property taxes	\$ 19,847,315		\$			(170,421)		
Sales taxes	Ψ	10,568,043	Ψ	11,019,420	\$	451,377		
Franchise taxes		4,819,618		4,813,490		(6,128)		
Fines and forfeitures		1,725,604		1,840,749		115,145		
Licenses and permits		2,586,291		2,875,705		289,414		
Charges for services		2,582,460		2,549,854		(32,606)		
Intergovernmental		5,256,140		9,013,707		3,757,567		
Miscellaneous		2,188,423		2,382,080		193,657		
	1	Estimated		Actual				
<b>Expenditures and Other Uses</b>	Appropriations		Expenditures		<b>D</b>	iffe re nce		
Transfers out	\$	3,741,191	\$	4,084,824	\$	(343,633)		
Economic development incentives		133,992		190,472		(56,480)		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

<u>Capital assets</u> - At the end of fiscal year 2020, the City had \$422.6 million (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in a broad range of capital assets including, but not limited to, police and fire equipment, buildings, park facilities, roads, bridges, aquatic park facilities, golf course assets, and the water and sewer system. The following table provides capital asset balances net of accumulated depreciation for each major category for both governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2020 and 2019.

Capital Assets
(net of Accumulated Depreciation)
Amounts shown in thousands (000's)

	G	<b>Governmental Activities</b>			Bu	siness-Ty	pe A	ctivities	Total			
		2020		2019		2020		2019	2020		2019	
Land and land improvements	\$	78,484	\$	78,484	\$	2,579	\$	2,579	\$ 81,063	\$	81,063	
Works of art		310		310		-		-	310		310	
Buildings & improvements		92,215		95,165		450		466	92,665		95,631	
Other improvements		132,915		136,161		15,011		12,631	147,926		148,792	
Utility plant		-		-		66,099		68,755	66,099		68,755	
Machinery and equipment		19,195		15,798		1,487		1,460	20,682		17,258	
Assets held for sale		15		15		-		-	15		15	
Construction in progress		9,361		4,991		4,444		1,572	 13,805		6,563	
Total capital assets	\$	332,495	\$	330,924	\$	90,070	\$	87,463	\$ 422,565	\$	418,387	

This year's major additions included:

<b>Description</b>	Amount			
Various Land and Land Improvements	\$	3,333,846		
Various Water/Sewer Replacement & Improvements		285,863		
Various Street Improvements		1,590,011		
Computer, Machinery, and Equipment		185,242		
Various Drainage Improvement		315,582		
Various Vehicles		2,021,414		

The City prepares an annual Capital Improvement Projects budget that assigns specific funds and resources for use to only these projects. Until appropriations are removed, these resources are unavailable for general operations or new capital projects.

The City currently has committed resources (displayed as Noncurrent Assets—cash and cash equivalents in the Statement of Net Position) totaling \$50,813,745 for both the Governmental and Business-type activities.

These resources will be used to purchase major equipment, construct new buildings, and add new infrastructure such as water and sewer lines and streets. More information on capital assets can be found in footnote III.C in the Footnotes to the financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

<u>Debt</u> - At September 30, 2020 and 2019, the City had the following debt outstanding:

### Outstanding Debt Amounts shown in thousands (000's)

	G	ove rnme n	ctivities	Bu	siness-Ty	pe A	ctivities	 Total			
		2020		2019		2020		2019	2020		2019
General obligation bonds	\$	53,150	\$	53,885	\$	3,590	\$	3,910	\$ 56,740	\$	57,795
Certificates of obligation		45,910		47,385		20,095		14,685	66,005		62,070
General obligation bonds -											
Private placement		835		1,115		140		160	975		1,275
Special assessment bonds		11,580		-		-		-	11,580		-
Capital lease						308		77	 308		77
Totals	\$	111,475	\$	102,385	\$	24,133	\$	18,832	\$ 135,608	\$	121,217

The presently outstanding general obligation debt of the City is rated "AA2" by Moody's and "AA+" by S&P. As a home rule city, the City is not limited by law in the amount of debt it may issue. The City's Charter provides that general property taxes are limited to \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation for general governmental services including the payment of principal and interest on general obligation debt. For FY 2020, the City's property tax rate is \$0.5720 per \$100 assessed valuation. The current ratio of tax-supported debt to assessed value of all taxable property is 1.71%. Additional detailed information on long-term debt activity is disclosed in the notes (III-E) to the financial statements.

#### **Pensions and Retiree Health Care**

Pensions and retiree health care continue to receive negative media attention as governments around the nation struggle to fund these commitments. The City is committed to providing programs in these areas that are fair to both employees and taxpayers and that can be sustained over the long term.

Effective for fiscal year 2015, Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, created specific reporting requirements for pensions that are different than that used for funding purposes. Both valuations are important as the reporting valuation provides a rigorous standard measure that can be used to compare the City's pension liabilities to other governments from around the nation. The funding valuation is important because the actuarial methods used include strategies for repaying any unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities. Combined with the City's history of making those contributions, it provides insights regarding the City's commitment to and the effectiveness of its funding strategy. Information contained in the financial statements themselves including the first schedule of Required Supplementary Information ("RSI"), Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, is based on the reporting valuation. The second schedule in the RSI, Schedule of Contributions, is based on the funding valuation. On a reporting basis, the City's financial statements reflect a Net Pension Liability as of September 30, 2020 of \$20,778,800, which is 55.8% of the City's annual covered payroll of \$37,205,542 for the 2019 calendar year.

Retiree health care's net OPEB liability has been calculated in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, to be \$33,719,651 as of September 30, 2020, a decrease of \$7,283,498 from the previous valuation.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The two largest revenue sources for the General Fund are property tax revenues and sales tax receipts. After working through a struggling economy, the City of North Richland Hills is finally experiencing a stabilization. In June 2019, the Texas state legislature passed Senate Bill 2 (SB-2) which limits the ability of local governments to increase property tax revenues above 3.5% without an affirmative vote of the citizens within the jurisdiction. For budget year 2020/2021, sales tax receipts are anticipated to be roughly equal to the 2019/2020 actual as the economy continues to deal with the effects of the pandemic. Property tax values are anticipated to continue rising due to steady new construction growth plus continued growth of existing property values. At this time, the City of North Richland Hills projects a 3-5% growth in property values, though a greater increase is not out of the realm of possibility.

The fiscal year 2021 budget was based on a slight increase to the property tax rate from \$0.572/\$100 to \$0.5757/\$100. For fiscal year 2021, the tax rate distribution amounts for maintenance & operations and interest & sinking (per \$100 assessed value) for the City are as follows:

				Tax Rate		
Tax Rate Distribution Schedule	Tax Rate Distribution					
General Fund - Maintenance & Operations	\$	0.343611	\$	20,035,463		
Debt Service Fund - Interest & Sinking		0.232089		11,202,557		
Total Distribution of tax proceeds	\$	0.575700	\$	31,238,020		

By policy, the City maintains an unassigned General fund balance of 15% of budgeted expenditures. The use of available fund balance for one-time expenditures eliminates the financial impact of such purchases on future budgets.

### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of North Richland Hills, Director of Finance, P.O. Box 820609, North Richland Hills, Texas 76182-0609.



### **Basic Financial Statements**



## CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

	Primary Government									
	Go	ve rnme ntal	Busin	ess-Type						
		Activities	Ac	tivities		Total				
Assets						_				
Current Assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	18,890,837	\$	47,565	\$	18,938,402				
Investments		22,931,462		8,600,536		31,531,998				
Receivables, net of allowances:										
Accounts		617,417		5,062,462		5,679,879				
Property taxes		253,718		-		253,718				
Other taxes		4,178,021		-		4,178,021				
Interest receivable		16,597		4,293		20,890				
Special assessments		132,657		-		132,657				
Intergovernmental		1,273,992		266,729		1,540,721				
Other		7,774,407		24,607		7,799,014				
Prepaids		426,180		41,869		468,049				
Inventories, at cost		261,679		415,974		677,653				
Internal balances		(7,812,457)		7,812,457						
Total current assets		48,944,510	- 2	22,276,492		71,221,002				
Noncurrent assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents		37,469,826		13,343,919		50,813,745				
Investments		20,793,031		3,070,556		23,863,587				
Interfund loan receivable		500,000		_		500,000				
Capital assets - net:										
Land and land improvements		78,484,139		2,579,137		81,063,276				
Buildings and improvements		126,451,825		3,268,726		129,720,551				
Improvements other than buildings		256,062,681	3	32,069,497		288,132,178				
Utility plant		-		46,451,415		146,451,415				
Machinery and equipment		37,325,733		6,119,856		43,445,589				
Artwork and historical treasures		310,208		-		310,208				
Assets held for sale		14,612		-		14,612				
Construction in progress		9,360,688		4,443,806		13,804,494				
Accumulated depreciation		(175,514,992)	(10	04,862,330)		(280,377,322)				
Total capital assets - net		332,494,894	9	90,070,107		422,565,001				
Total noncurrent assets		391,257,751	10	06,484,582		497,742,333				
Total assets		440,202,261	12	28,761,074		568,963,335				
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>										
Deferred loss on refunding		415,150		121,405		536,555				
Deferred outflows - OPEB		1,448,403		331,167		1,779,570				
Deferred outflows - Pension		5,429,584		298,684	_	5,728,268				
Total deferred outflows of resources		7,293,137		751,256		8,044,393				

Covernmental   Cove		Primary Government						
Current Liabilities		Governmental	Business-Type	_				
Current Liabilities:         2,596,628         \$ 1,524,522         \$ 4,121,150           Deposits and other liabilities         1,256,022         77,516         1,333,538           Customer deposits         -         3,196,459         3,196,459           Retainage payable         74,149         164,750         228,889           Compensated absences         585,591         92,563         678,154           Uncarned revenue         1,683,324         394,379         2,207,703           Accrued interest payable         449,313         100,625         549,938           Bonds payable         10,925,000         1,895,000         12,820,000           Special assessment bonds         205,000         1,895,000         12,820,000           Capital lease payable         74,725         74,725         74,725           Total current liabilities         17,775,027         7,520,539         25,295,566           Noncurrent Liabilities           Bonds payable         94,692,054         22,826,450         111,375,000           Special assessment bonds         11,375,000         20,200         11,375,000           Capital lease payable         2,898,661         360,439         32,291,00           Interfund loan payable         3,295,20<		Activities	Activities	Total				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities         2,596,628         \$ 1,524,522         \$ 4,121,150           Deposits and other liabilities         1,256,022         77,516         1,333,538           Customer deposits         74,149         164,750         238,899           Retainage payable         74,149         164,750         238,899           Compensated absences         585,591         92,563         678,154           Unearmed revenue         1,683,324         394,379         2,077,000           Accrued interest payable         449,313         100,625         549,938           Bonds payable         10,925,000         1,895,000         12,820,000           Special assessment bonds         205,000         -74,725         74,725           Total current liabilities         17,775,027         7,520,539         25,295,566           Noncurrent Liabilities         94,692,054         22,826,450         111,375,000           Special assessment bonds         11,375,000         22,826,450         111,375,000           Special assessment bonds         11,375,000         30,000         1,000           Special assessment bonds         11,375,000         30,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1	Liabilities							
Deposits and other liabilities         1,256,022         77,516         1,333,588           Customer deposits         -         3,196,459         3,196,459           Retainage payable         74,149         164,750         238,899           Compensated absences         585,591         92,563         678,154           Unearned revenue         1,683,324         394,379         2,077,703           Accrued interest payable         449,313         100,625         549,938           Bonds payable         10,925,000         1,885,000         12,820,000           Special assessment bonds         205,000         -         74,725         74,725           Total current liabilities         17,775,027         7,520,539         25,295,566           Noncurrent Liabilities         11,375,000         -         113,75,000           Special assessment bonds         11,375,000         -         113,75,000           Interfund ban payable         -         50,000         1,000	Current Liabilities:							
Customer deposits         1         3,196,459         3,196,459           Retainage payable         74,149         164,750         238,899           Compensated absences         \$85,591         92,563         678,154           Unearmed revenue         1,683,324         394,379         2,077,703           Accrued interest payable         449,313         100,625         549,938           Bonds payable         205,000         1,885,000         12,820,000           Special assessment bonds         205,000         74,725         74,725           Total current liabilities         1,7775,027         7,520,539         25,295,566           Noncurrent Liabilities           Bonds payable         94,692,054         22,826,450         111,7518,504           Special assessment bonds         11,375,000         20,000         50,000           Special assessment bonds         11,375,000         50,000         50,000           Special assessment bonds         11,375,000         50,000         50,000           Intergovernmental payable         -         232,784         232,784           Compensated absences         2,898,661         360,439         32,719,651           Net OPEB liability         30,479,702         3,239,949<	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 2,596,628	\$ 1,524,522	\$ 4,121,150				
Retainage payable         74,149         164,750         238,899           Compensated absences         585,591         92,563         678,154           Unearned revenue         1,683,324         394,379         2,077,703           Accruced interest payable         449,313         100,625         549,938           Bonds payable         10,925,000         1,895,000         12,820,000           Special assessment bonds         205,000         - 74,725         74,725           Total current liabilities         17,775,027         7,520,539         25,295,566           Noncurrent Liabilities         11,375,000         - 74,725         74,725           Bonds payable         94,692,054         22,826,450         117,518,504           Special assessment bonds         11,375,000         - 11,375,000           Capital lease payable         - 232,784         232,784           Compensated absences         2,898,661         360,439         3,259,100           Intergovernmental payable         - 500,000         500,000           Intergovernmental payable         - 1,236,034         1,236,034           Net OPEB liability         30,479,702         32,399,49         33,719,651           Net pension liabilities         157,343,885         30,8	Deposits and other liabilities	1,256,022	77,516	1,333,538				
Compensated absences         585,591         92,563         678,154           Uncarned revenue         1,683,324         394,379         2,077,703           Accrued interest payable         449,313         100,625         549,938           Bonds payable         10,925,000         1,895,000         12,820,000           Special assessment bonds         205,000         -         205,000           Capital lease payable         -         74,725         74,725           Total current liabilities         17,775,027         7,520,539         25,295,566           Noncurrent Liabilities         8         94,692,054         22,826,450         117,518,504           Special assessment bonds         11,375,000         -         11,375,000           Capital lease payable         -         232,784         232,784           Compensated absences         2,898,661         360,439         3,259,100           Interfund loan payable         -         500,000         500,000           Intergovernmental payables         -         1,236,034         1,236,034           Net OPEB liability         30,479,702         3,239,494         3,719,651           Net opension liabilities         157,743,885         30,875,988         188,619,873	Customer deposits	-	3,196,459	3,196,459				
Unearned revenue         1,683,324         394,379         2,077,703           Accrued interest payable         449,313         100,625         549,938           Bonds payable         10,925,000         1,895,000         12,820,000           Special assessment bonds         205,000         -         205,000           Capital lease payable         17,775,027         7,520,539         25,295,566           Noncurrent Liabilities:           Bonds payable         94,692,054         22,826,450         117,518,504           Special assessment bonds         11,375,000         -         11,375,000           Capital lease payable         -         232,784         232,784           Compensated absences         2,898,661         360,439         3,259,100           Interfund loan payable         -         500,000         500,000           Intergovernmental payables         -         1,236,034         1,236,034           Net OPEB liability         30,479,702         3,239,499         33,719,651           Net pension liabilities         157,743,885         30,875,988         188,619,873           Total liabilities         157,518,912         38,396,527         213,915,439           Deferred Inflows of Resources	Retainage payable	74,149	164,750	238,899				
Accrued interest payable         449,313         100,625         549,938           Bonds payable         10,925,000         1,895,000         12,820,000           Special assessment bonds         205,000         -         205,000           Capital lease payable         -         74,725         74,725           Total current liabilities:         -         74,725         74,725           Bonds payable         94,692,054         22,826,450         117,518,504           Special assessment bonds         11,375,000         -         11,375,000           Capital lease payable         -         232,784         232,784           Compensated absences         2,898,661         360,439         32,259,100           Interfund loan payable         -         500,000         500,000           Intergovernmental payables         -         1,236,034         12,36,034           Net OPEB liability         30,479,702         32,399,49         33,719,651           Net pension liabilities         157,743,885         30,875,988         188,619,873           Total noncurrent labilities         157,743,885         30,875,988         188,619,873           Total lease of thillows of Resources         45,885         6,991         52,376	Compensated absences	585,591	92,563	678,154				
Bonds payable         10,925,000         1,895,000         12,820,000           Special assessment bonds         205,000         -         205,000           Capital lease payable         -         74,725         74,725           Total current liabilities         17,775,027         7,520,539         25,295,566           Noncurrent Liabilities:         Bonds payable         94,692,054         22,826,450         117,518,504           Special assessment bonds         11,375,000         -         11,375,000           Capital lease payable         -         232,784         232,784           Compensated absences         2,898,661         360,439         3,259,100           Interfund loan payable         -         500,000         500,000           Intergovernmental payables         -         1,236,034         1,236,034           Net OPEB liability         30,479,702         3,239,949         33,719,651           Net pension liabilities         175,743,885         30,875,988         188,619,873           Total noncurrent labilities         175,518,912         38,396,527         213,915,439           Deferred Inflows of Resources         196,621         945,434         9,410,951           Deferred inflows - OPEB         8,465,517         945,43	Unearned revenue	1,683,324	394,379	2,077,703				
Special assessment bonds         205,000         -         205,000           Capital lease payable         -         74,725         74,725           Total current liabilities         17,775,027         7,520,539         25,295,566           Noncurrent Liabilities:           Bonds payable         94,692,054         22,826,450         117,518,504           Special assessment bonds         11,375,000         -         11,375,000           Capital lease payable         -         232,784         232,784           Compensated absences         2,898,661         360,439         3,259,100           Interfund loan payable         -         500,000         500,000           Intergovernmental payables         -         1,236,034         1,236,034           Nct OPEB liability         30,479,702         3,239,499         33,719,651           Net pension liability         18,298,468         2,480,332         20,778,800           Total noncurrent labilities         157,743,885         30,875,988         188,619,873           Total noncurrent labilities         157,743,885         30,875,988         188,619,873           Total liabilities         45,385         6,991         52,376           Deferred Inflows of Resources         8,	Accrued interest payable	449,313	100,625	549,938				
Special assessment bonds         205,000         -         205,000           Capital lease payable         -         74,725         74,725           Total current liabilities         17,775,027         7,520,539         25,295,566           Noncurrent Liabilities:           Bonds payable         94,692,054         22,826,450         117,518,504           Special assessment bonds         11,375,000         -         11,375,000           Capital lease payable         -         232,784         232,784           Compensated absences         2,898,661         360,439         3,259,100           Interfund loan payable         -         500,000         500,000           Intergovernmental payables         -         1,236,034         1,236,034           Nct OPEB liability         30,479,702         3,239,499         33,719,651           Net pension liability         18,298,468         2,480,332         20,778,800           Total noncurrent labilities         157,743,885         30,875,988         188,619,873           Total noncurrent labilities         157,743,885         30,875,988         188,619,873           Total liabilities         45,385         6,991         52,376           Deferred Inflows of Resources         8,	Bonds payable	10,925,000	1,895,000	12,820,000				
Capital lease payable         -         74,725         74,725           Total current liabilities         17,775,027         7,520,539         25,295,566           Noncurrent Liabilities         1         7,520,539         25,295,566           Bonds payable         94,692,054         22,826,450         117,518,504           Special assessment bonds         11,375,000         -         11,375,000           Capital lease payable         -         28,88,661         360,439         3,259,100           Interfund loan payable         -         500,000         500,000           Intergovernmental payables         -         1,236,034         1,236,034           Net OPEB liability         30,479,702         3,239,949         337,19,651           Net pension liabilities         157,743,885         30,875,988         188,619,873           Total iabilities         175,518,912         38,396,527         213,915,439           Deferred Inflows of Resources         45,385         6,991         52,376           Deferred inflows - OPEB         8,465,517         945,434         9,410,951           Deferred inflows - Pension         7,611,921         640,377         8,252,298           Total deferred inflows of resources         16,122,823         1,592,8		205,000	-	205,000				
Total current liabilities         17,775,027         7,520,539         25,295,566           Noncurrent Liabilities:         Bonds payable         94,692,054         22,826,450         117,518,504           Special assessment bonds         11,375,000         -         11,375,000           Capital lease payable         -         232,784         232,784           Compensated absences         2,898,661         360,439         3,259,100           Interfund loan payable         -         500,000         500,000           Intergovernmental payables         -         1,236,034         1,236,034           Net OPEB liability         30,479,702         3,239,949         33,719,651           Net pension liability         18,298,468         2,480,332         20,778,800           Total noncurrent labilities         157,743,885         30,875,988         188,619,873           Total liabilities         45,385         6,991         52,376           Deferred Inflows of Resources         2         6,991         52,376           Deferred inflows - Pension         7,611,921         640,377         8,252,298           Total deferred inflows of resources         16,122,823         1,592,802         17,715,625           Net Position         7	•	· =	74,725	74,725				
Noncurrent Liabilities:         Bonds payable         94,692,054         22,826,450         117,518,504           Special assessment bonds         11,375,000         -         11,375,000           Capital lease payable         -         232,784         232,784           Compensated absences         2,898,661         360,439         3,259,100           Interfund loan payable         -         500,000         500,000           Intergovernmental payables         -         1,236,034         1,236,034           Net OPEB liability         30,479,702         3,239,949         33,719,651           Net pension liability         18,298,468         2,480,332         20,778,800           Total noncurrent labilities         157,743,885         30,875,988         188,619,873           Total liabilities         175,518,912         38,396,527         213,915,439           Deferred Inflows of Resources           Deferred Inflows of Resources         8,465,517         945,434         9,410,951           Deferred inflows - OPEB         8,465,517         945,434         9,410,951           Deferred inflows of resources         16,122,823         1,592,802         17,715,625           Net Position           Net investment in capital assets	- · · · · ·	17,775,027						
Bonds payable         94,692,054         22,826,450         117,518,504           Special assessment bonds         11,375,000         -         11,375,000           Capital lease payable         -         232,784         232,784           Compensated absences         2,898,661         360,439         3,259,100           Interfund loan payable         -         500,000         500,000           Intergovernmental payables         -         1,236,034         1,236,034           Net OPEB liability         30,479,702         3,239,949         33,719,651           Net pension liability         18,298,468         2,480,332         20,778,800           Total noncurrent labilities         157,743,885         30,875,988         188,619,873           Total liabilities         175,518,912         38,396,527         213,915,439           Deferred Inflows of Resources           Deferred again on refunding         45,385         6,991         52,376           Deferred inflows - OPEB         8,465,517         945,434         9,410,951           Deferred inflows of resources         16,122,823         1,592,802         17,715,625           Net Position           Net investment in capital assets         250,864,326         71,094,790	N							
Special assessment bonds         11,375,000         -         11,375,000           Capital lease payable         -         232,784         232,784           Compensated absences         2,898,661         360,439         3,259,100           Interfund loan payable         -         500,000         500,000           Intergovernmental payables         -         1,236,034         1,236,034           Net OPEB liability         30,479,702         3,239,949         33,719,651           Net pension liability         18,298,468         2,480,332         20,778,800           Total noncurrent labilities         157,743,885         30,875,988         188,619,873           Total liabilities         175,518,912         38,396,527         213,915,439           Deferred Inflows of Resources           Deferred again on refunding         45,385         6,991         52,376           Deferred inflows - OPEB         8,465,517         945,434         9,410,951           Deferred inflows of resources         16,122,823         1,592,802         17,715,625           Net Position         7,611,921         640,377         8,252,298           Total de ferred inflows of resources         250,864,326         71,094,790         321,959,116           Res		04 (02 054	22.926.450	117.510.504				
Capital lease payable         -         232,784         232,784           Compensated absences         2,898,661         360,439         3,259,100           Interfund loan payable         -         500,000         500,000           Intergovernmental payables         -         1,236,034         1,236,034           Net OPEB liability         30,479,702         3,239,949         33,719,651           Net pension liability         18,298,468         2,480,332         20,778,800           Total noncurrent labilities         157,743,885         30,875,988         188,619,873           Total liabilities         175,518,912         38,396,527         213,915,439           Deferred Inflows of Resources         50,643,385         6,991         52,376           Deferred agin on refunding         45,385         6,991         52,376           Deferred inflows - OPEB         8,465,517         945,434         9,410,951           Deferred inflows of resources         16,122,823         1,592,802         17,715,625           Net Position         8         7,611,921         640,377         8,252,298           Total deferred inflows of resources         16,122,823         1,592,802         17,715,625           Net Position         7         76,621			22,826,450					
Compensated absences         2,898,661         360,439         3,259,100           Interfund loan payable         -         500,000         500,000           Intergovernmental payables         -         1,236,034         1,236,034           Net OPEB liability         30,479,702         3,239,949         33,719,651           Net pension liability         18,298,468         2,480,332         20,778,800           Total noncurrent labilities         157,743,885         30,875,988         188,619,873           Total liabilities         175,518,912         38,396,527         213,915,439           Deferred Inflows of Resources         50,961         52,376         52,376           Deferred inflows - OPEB         8,465,517         945,434         9,410,951           Deferred inflows - Pension         7,611,921         640,377         8,252,298           Total deferred inflows of resources         16,122,823         1,592,802         17,715,625           Net Position         Net investment in capital assets         250,864,326         71,094,790         321,959,116           Restricted for:         Municipal court technology & security         796,621         -         796,621           Franchise peg fees         747,411         -         747,411	1	11,3/5,000	- 222.704					
Interfund loan payable         -         500,000         500,000           Intergovernmental payables         -         1,236,034         1,236,034           Net OPEB liability         30,479,702         3,239,949         33,719,651           Net pension liability         18,298,468         2,480,332         20,778,800           Total noncurrent labilities         157,743,885         30,875,988         188,619,873           Total liabilities         175,518,912         38,396,527         213,915,439           Deferred Inflows of Resources           Deferred gain on refunding         45,385         6,991         52,376           Deferred inflows - OPEB         8,465,517         945,434         9,410,951           Deferred inflows of resources         16,122,823         1,592,802         17,715,625           Net Position           Net investment in capital assets         250,864,326         71,094,790         321,959,116           Restricted for:         Municipal court technology & security         796,621         -         796,621           Franchise peg fees         747,411         -         747,411           Records preservation fees         4,000         -         4,000           Parks and recreation development         <	1 1 1	-						
Intergovernmental payables	<u> </u>	2,898,661	*					
Net OPEB liability         30,479,702         3,239,949         33,719,651           Net pension liability         18,298,468         2,480,332         20,778,800           Total noncurrent labilities         157,743,885         30,875,988         188,619,873           Total liabilities         175,518,912         38,396,527         213,915,439           Deferred Inflows of Resources         2         33,396,527         213,915,439           Deferred gain on refunding         45,385         6,991         52,376           Deferred inflows - OPEB         8,465,517         945,434         9,410,951           Deferred inflows of resources         16,122,823         1,592,802         17,715,625           Net Position         Net investment in capital assets         250,864,326         71,094,790         321,959,116           Restricted for:         Municipal court technology & security         796,621         -         796,621           Franchise peg fees         747,411         -         747,411           Records preservation fees         4,000         -         4,000           Parks and recreation development         3,395,295         -         3,395,295           Crime control district         1,071,336         -         1,071,336           Debt	1 7	=	*	•				
Net pension liability         18,298,468         2,480,332         20,778,800           Total noncurrent labilities         157,743,885         30,875,988         188,619,873           Total liabilities         175,518,912         38,396,527         213,915,439           Deferred Inflows of Resources           Deferred gain on refunding         45,385         6,991         52,376           Deferred inflows - OPEB         8,465,517         945,434         9,410,951           Deferred inflows of resources         16,122,823         1,592,802         17,715,625           Net Position         8250,864,326         71,094,790         321,959,116           Restricted for:         Whinicipal court technology & security         796,621         -         796,621           Franchise peg fees         747,411         -         747,411           Records preservation fees         4,000         -         4,000           Parks and recreation development         3,395,295         -         3,395,295           Crime control district         1,071,336         -         1,071,336           Debt service         14,589,564         -         14,589,564           Grants         267,171         -         267,171           Promotional & econ	* * *	-						
Total noncurrent labilities         157,743,885         30,875,988         188,619,873           Total liabilities         175,518,912         38,396,527         213,915,439           Deferred Inflows of Resources           Deferred again on refunding         45,385         6,991         52,376           Deferred inflows - OPEB         8,465,517         945,434         9,410,951           Deferred inflows of resources         7,611,921         640,377         8,252,298           Total deferred inflows of resources         16,122,823         1,592,802         17,715,625           Net Position         250,864,326         71,094,790         321,959,116           Restricted for:         Wunicipal court technology & security         796,621         -         796,621           Franchise peg fees         747,411         -         747,411           Records preservation fees         4,000         -         4,000           Parks and recreation development         3,395,295         -         3,395,295           Crime control district         1,071,336         -         1,071,336           Debt service         14,589,564         -         14,589,564           Grants         267,171         -         267,171           Promotion	*							
Total liabilities         175,518,912         38,396,527         213,915,439           Deferred Inflows of Resources         Unforced Inflows of Resources           Deferred gain on refunding         45,385         6,991         52,376           Deferred inflows - OPEB         8,465,517         945,434         9,410,951           Deferred inflows - Pension         7,611,921         640,377         8,252,298           Total deferred inflows of resources         16,122,823         1,592,802         17,715,625           Net Position         8         250,864,326         71,094,790         321,959,116           Restricted for:         Wunicipal court technology & security         796,621         -         796,621           Franchise peg fees         747,411         -         747,411           Records preservation fees         4,000         -         4,000           Parks and recreation development         3,395,295         -         3,395,295           Crime control district         1,071,336         -         1,071,336           Debt service         14,589,564         -         14,589,564           Grants         267,171         -         267,171           Promotional & economic development         1,119,636         - <td< td=""><td>÷</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	÷							
Deferred Inflows of Resources           Deferred gain on refunding         45,385         6,991         52,376           Deferred inflows - OPEB         8,465,517         945,434         9,410,951           Deferred inflows - Pension         7,611,921         640,377         8,252,298           Total deferred inflows of resources         16,122,823         1,592,802         17,715,625           Net Position         Net investment in capital assets         250,864,326         71,094,790         321,959,116           Restricted for:         Municipal court technology & security         796,621         -         796,621           Franchise peg fees         747,411         -         747,411           Records preservation fees         4,000         -         4,000           Parks and recreation development         3,395,295         -         3,395,295           Crime control district         1,071,336         -         1,071,336           Debt service         14,589,564         -         14,589,564           Grants         267,171         -         267,171           Promotional & economic development         1,119,636         -         1,119,636           Public safety         1,237,579         -         1,237,57								
Deferred gain on refunding         45,385         6,991         52,376           Deferred inflows - OPEB         8,465,517         945,434         9,410,951           Deferred inflows - Pension         7,611,921         640,377         8,252,298           Total deferred inflows of resources         16,122,823         1,592,802         17,715,625           Net Position         Variable         Variable         71,094,790         321,959,116           Restricted for:         Wunicipal court technology & security         796,621         -         796,621           Franchise peg fees         747,411         -         747,411           Records preservation fees         4,000         -         4,000           Parks and recreation development         3,395,295         -         3,395,295           Crime control district         1,071,336         -         1,071,336           Debt service         14,589,564         -         14,589,564           Grants         267,171         -         267,171           Promotional & economic development         1,119,636         -         1,119,636           Public safety         1,237,579         -         1,237,579           Impact fees restricted for construction         -         6,188,722	Total liabilities	175,518,912	38,396,527	213,915,439				
Deferred inflows - OPEB         8,465,517         945,434         9,410,951           Deferred inflows - Pension         7,611,921         640,377         8,252,298           Total deferred inflows of resources         16,122,823         1,592,802         17,715,625           Net Position         Net investment in capital assets         250,864,326         71,094,790         321,959,116           Restricted for:         Municipal court technology & security         796,621         -         796,621           Franchise peg fees         747,411         -         747,411           Records preservation fees         4,000         -         4,000           Parks and recreation development         3,395,295         -         3,395,295           Crime control district         1,071,336         -         1,071,336           Debt service         14,589,564         -         14,589,564           Grants         267,171         -         267,171           Promotional & economic development         1,119,636         -         1,119,636           Public safety         1,237,579         -         1,237,579           Impact fees restricted for construction         -         6,188,722         6,188,722           Unrestricted								
Deferred inflows - Pension         7,611,921         640,377         8,252,298           Total deferred inflows of resources         16,122,823         1,592,802         17,715,625           Net Position         Net investment in capital assets         250,864,326         71,094,790         321,959,116           Restricted for:         Municipal court technology & security         796,621         -         796,621           Franchise peg fees         747,411         -         747,411           Records preservation fees         4,000         -         4,000           Parks and recreation development         3,395,295         -         3,395,295           Crime control district         1,071,336         -         1,071,336           Debt service         14,589,564         -         14,589,564           Grants         267,171         -         267,171           Promotional & economic development         1,119,636         -         1,119,636           Public safety         1,237,579         -         1,237,579           Impact fees restricted for construction         -         6,188,722         6,188,722           Unrestricted         (18,239,276)         12,239,489         (5,999,787)				•				
Total deferred inflows of resources         16,122,823         1,592,802         17,715,625           Net Position         Net investment in capital assets         250,864,326         71,094,790         321,959,116           Restricted for:         Municipal court technology & security         796,621         -         796,621           Franchise peg fees         747,411         -         747,411           Records preservation fees         4,000         -         4,000           Parks and recreation development         3,395,295         -         3,395,295           Crime control district         1,071,336         -         1,071,336           Debt service         14,589,564         -         14,589,564           Grants         267,171         -         267,171           Promotional & economic development         1,119,636         -         1,119,636           Public safety         1,237,579         -         1,237,579           Impact fees restricted for construction         -         6,188,722         6,188,722           Unrestricted         (18,239,276)         12,239,489         (5,999,787)		8,465,517	945,434	9,410,951				
Net Position           Net investment in capital assets         250,864,326         71,094,790         321,959,116           Restricted for:         Municipal court technology & security         796,621         -         796,621           Franchise peg fees         747,411         -         747,411           Records preservation fees         4,000         -         4,000           Parks and recreation development         3,395,295         -         3,395,295           Crime control district         1,071,336         -         1,071,336           Debt service         14,589,564         -         14,589,564           Grants         267,171         -         267,171           Promotional & economic development         1,119,636         -         1,119,636           Public safety         1,237,579         -         1,237,579           Impact fees restricted for construction         -         6,188,722         6,188,722           Unrestricted         (18,239,276)         12,239,489         (5,999,787)		7,611,921	640,377	8,252,298				
Net investment in capital assets       250,864,326       71,094,790       321,959,116         Restricted for:       Municipal court technology & security       796,621       -       796,621         Franchise peg fees       747,411       -       747,411         Records preservation fees       4,000       -       4,000         Parks and recreation development       3,395,295         Crime control district       1,071,336       -       1,071,336         Debt service       14,589,564       -       14,589,564         Grants       267,171       -       267,171         Promotional & economic development       1,119,636       -       1,237,579         Impact fees restricted for construction       -       6,188,722       6,188,722         Unrestricted       (18,239,276)       12,239,489       (5,999,787)	Total deferred inflows of resources	16,122,823	1,592,802	17,715,625				
Restricted for:         Municipal court technology & security       796,621       -       796,621         Franchise peg fees       747,411       -       747,411         Records preservation fees       4,000       -       4,000         Parks and recreation development       3,395,295       -       3,395,295         Crime control district       1,071,336       -       1,071,336         Debt service       14,589,564       -       14,589,564         Grants       267,171       -       267,171         Promotional & economic development       1,119,636       -       1,119,636         Public safety       1,237,579       -       1,237,579         Impact fees restricted for construction       -       6,188,722       6,188,722         Unrestricted       (18,239,276)       12,239,489       (5,999,787)	Net Position							
Municipal court technology & security       796,621       -       796,621         Franchise peg fees       747,411       -       747,411         Records preservation fees       4,000       -       4,000         Parks and recreation development       3,395,295       -       3,395,295         Crime control district       1,071,336       -       1,071,336         Debt service       14,589,564       -       14,589,564         Grants       267,171       -       267,171         Promotional & economic development       1,119,636       -       1,119,636         Public safety       1,237,579       -       1,237,579         Impact fees restricted for construction       -       6,188,722       6,188,722         Unrestricted       (18,239,276)       12,239,489       (5,999,787)	Net investment in capital assets	250,864,326	71,094,790	321,959,116				
Franchise peg fees       747,411       -       747,411         Records preservation fees       4,000       -       4,000         Parks and recreation development       3,395,295       -       3,395,295         Crime control district       1,071,336       -       1,071,336         Debt service       14,589,564       -       14,589,564         Grants       267,171       -       267,171         Promotional & economic development       1,119,636       -       1,119,636         Public safety       1,237,579       -       1,237,579         Impact fees restricted for construction       -       6,188,722       6,188,722         Unrestricted       (18,239,276)       12,239,489       (5,999,787)	Restricted for:							
Records preservation fees         4,000         -         4,000           Parks and recreation development         3,395,295         -         3,395,295           Crime control district         1,071,336         -         1,071,336           Debt service         14,589,564         -         14,589,564           Grants         267,171         -         267,171           Promotional & economic development         1,119,636         -         1,119,636           Public safety         1,237,579         -         1,237,579           Impact fees restricted for construction         -         6,188,722         6,188,722           Unrestricted         (18,239,276)         12,239,489         (5,999,787)	Municipal court technology & security	796,621	-	796,621				
Parks and recreation development       3,395,295       -       3,395,295         Crime control district       1,071,336       -       1,071,336         Debt service       14,589,564       -       14,589,564         Grants       267,171       -       267,171         Promotional & economic development       1,119,636       -       1,119,636         Public safety       1,237,579       -       1,237,579         Impact fees restricted for construction       -       6,188,722       6,188,722         Unrestricted       (18,239,276)       12,239,489       (5,999,787)	Franchise peg fees	747,411	-	747,411				
Crime control district         1,071,336         -         1,071,336           Debt service         14,589,564         -         14,589,564           Grants         267,171         -         267,171           Promotional & economic development         1,119,636         -         1,119,636           Public safety         1,237,579         -         1,237,579           Impact fees restricted for construction         -         6,188,722         6,188,722           Unrestricted         (18,239,276)         12,239,489         (5,999,787)	Records preservation fees	4,000	-	4,000				
Debt service       14,589,564       -       14,589,564         Grants       267,171       -       267,171         Promotional & economic development       1,119,636       -       1,119,636         Public safety       1,237,579       -       1,237,579         Impact fees restricted for construction       -       6,188,722       6,188,722         Unrestricted       (18,239,276)       12,239,489       (5,999,787)	Parks and recreation development	3,395,295	-	3,395,295				
Grants         267,171         -         267,171           Promotional & economic development         1,119,636         -         1,119,636           Public safety         1,237,579         -         1,237,579           Impact fees restricted for construction         -         6,188,722         6,188,722           Unrestricted         (18,239,276)         12,239,489         (5,999,787)	Crime control district	1,071,336	-	1,071,336				
Grants         267,171         -         267,171           Promotional & economic development         1,119,636         -         1,119,636           Public safety         1,237,579         -         1,237,579           Impact fees restricted for construction         -         6,188,722         6,188,722           Unrestricted         (18,239,276)         12,239,489         (5,999,787)	Debt service	14,589,564	-	14,589,564				
Promotional & economic development       1,119,636       -       1,119,636         Public safety       1,237,579       -       1,237,579         Impact fees restricted for construction       -       6,188,722       6,188,722         Unrestricted       (18,239,276)       12,239,489       (5,999,787)	Grants	267,171	-	267,171				
Public safety       1,237,579       -       1,237,579         Impact fees restricted for construction       -       6,188,722       6,188,722         Unrestricted       (18,239,276)       12,239,489       (5,999,787)	Promotional & economic development		-					
Impact fees restricted for construction         -         6,188,722         6,188,722           Unrestricted         (18,239,276)         12,239,489         (5,999,787)	•		-					
Unrestricted (18,239,276) 12,239,489 (5,999,787)	•	-	6,188,722					
	<u>*</u>	(18,239,276)						

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

				I	Progr	Program Revenues								
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Frants and ntributions	Capital Grants and Contribution							
Primary Government														
Governmental Activities:														
General government	\$	18,402,693	\$	5,099,784	\$	4,787,353	\$	17,509						
Public safety		30,185,432		1,747,559		4,767,276		-						
Culture and recreation		12,150,887		2,572,335		151,109		-						
Public works		7,988,277		1,873,331		_		535,826						
Interest and other fees		4,873,291		-		-		-						
Total governmental activities		73,600,580		11,293,009		9,705,738		553,335						
<b>Business-Type Activities:</b>														
Utility		35,405,045		38,934,995		_		-						
Aquatic park		3,215,995		287,217		_		-						
Golf course		2,136,067		1,032,999		_		-						
Total business-type activities		40,757,107		40,255,211		-								
Total primary government	\$	114,357,687	\$	51,548,220	\$	9,705,738	\$	553,335						

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

### Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Functions/Programs	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Primary Government			
Governmental Activities:			
General government	\$ (8,498,047)	\$ -	\$ (8,498,047)
Public safety	(23,670,597)	-	(23,670,597)
Culture and recreation	(9,427,443)	-	(9,427,443)
Public works	(5,579,120)	-	(5,579,120)
Interest and other fees	(4,873,291)	-	(4,873,291)
Total governmental activities	(52,048,498)		(52,048,498)
Business-Type Activities:			
Utility	<u>-</u>	3,529,950	3,529,950
Aquatic park	_	(2,928,778)	(2,928,778)
Golf course	_	(1,103,068)	(1,103,068)
Total business-type activities		(501,896)	(501,896)
Total primary government	(52,048,498)	(501,896)	(52,550,394)
General revenues:			
Taxes:			
Property	34,618,987	-	34,618,987
Sales	22,014,072	-	22,014,072
Mixed beverage	125,456	-	125,456
Franchise	3,818,194	-	3,818,194
Occupancy	254,203	-	254,203
Unrestricted investment earnings	2,032,166	522,875	2,555,041
Miscellaneous	2,379,746	1,425,737	3,805,483
Transfers between governmental and			
business-type activities	(684,934)	684,934	
Total general revenues and transfers	64,557,890	2,633,546	67,191,436
Change in net position	12,509,392	2,131,650	14,641,042
Net position - beginning of year	243,344,271	87,391,351	330,735,622
Net position - end of year	\$ 255,853,663	\$ 89,523,001	\$ 345,376,664

## CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Ge	eneral Fund	Gei	neral Capital Projects		neral Debt Service	Parks and Recreation Development		
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,885,836	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,867,310	
Investments		10,068,804		-		-		2,026,769	
Receivables, net of allowance:									
Accounts		433,554		-		-		-	
Property taxes		253,718		-		-		070.022	
Other taxes receivable Interest receivable		2,150,751		1 920		219		979,932 746	
Special assessments receivable		3,572		1,820		219		/40	
Intergovernmental receivables		359,074		132,657		-		-	
Other receivables		107,318		6,075,000		-		32,481	
Due from other funds		783,128		0,075,000		-		32,401	
Prepaid items		4,406		8,358		_		_	
Inventories, at cost		108,214		6,536				17,336	
Assets limited to use:		100,214						17,550	
Cash and cash equivalents		2,225		11,154,472		793,243		1,240,491	
Investments		2,223		5,434,290		618,260		75,316	
Total assets	\$	21,160,600	\$	22,806,597	\$	1,411,722	\$	6,240,381	
Total assets	Ψ	21,100,000	Ψ	22,000,377	Ψ	1,711,722	9	0,240,301	
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$	342,640	\$	460,144	\$	_	\$	5,812	
Retainage payable	-	-	*	74,149	-	_	*	-,	
Accrued liabilities		350,523		-		-		38,303	
Deposits and other liabilities		466,293		729,865		-		45,224	
Due to other funds		_		-		-		-	
Unearned revenue		95,129		_		-		128,942	
Total liabilities		1,254,585		1,264,158				218,281	
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Unavailable revenue - ambulance fees		321,353		_		_		_	
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		253,717		_		_		_	
Unavailable revenue - grants		233,/17		_				-	
Unavailable revenue - assessments		_		132,657		_		_	
Total deferred inflows of resources		575,070		132,657		_		-	
For d Dolon o									
Fund Balance Nonspendable:									
Inventories	\$	108,214	\$		\$		\$	17 226	
Prepaids	Ф	4,406	Ф	8,358	Ф	-	Ф	17,336	
Restricted:		4,400		8,538		_		_	
Municipal court technology & security		796,621		_		_		_	
Franchise peg fees		747,411		_		_		_	
Record preservation fee		4,000		_		_		_	
Parks and recreation development		- 1,000		_		_		3,395,295	
Crime control district		_		_		_		-	
Debt service		_		_		1,411,722		_	
Grants		_		_		-,,,22		_	
Promotional & economic development		_		_		_		_	
Public safety		_		_		_		_	
Capital projects (bond funded)		_		18,197,350		_		-	
Committed:				-,,					
Donations		_		_		-		_	
Drainage Utility		_		_		-		_	
Gas development		-		-		-		-	
Assigned:									
Recreation centre		-		-		-		2,609,469	
Capital projects		-		3,204,074		-		-	
Purchases on order		283,618		-		-		-	
Unassigned		17,386,675						-	
Total fund balance		19,330,945		21,409,782		1,411,722		6,022,100	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows									
and fund balance	\$	21,160,600	\$	22,806,597	\$	1,411,722	\$	6,240,381	

### BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		F#2 Capital		F #2 Debt rvice Fund	Non-major Governmental Funds		Gov	Total vernmental Funds
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,279,559	\$	11,032,705
Investments		-		-		2,510,962		14,606,535
Receivables, net of allowance: Accounts						183,863		617,417
Property taxes		-		-		105,005		253,718
Other taxes receivable		_		_		1,047,338		4,178,021
Interest receivable		1,878		2,204		2,331		12,770
Special assessments receivable		-		-		-		132,657
Intergovernmental receivables		-		-		914,918		1,273,992
Other receivables		-		-		1,529,144		7,743,943
Due from other funds		-		-		-		783,128
Prepaid items		-		-		13,327		26,091
Inventories, at cost		-		-		-		125,550
Assets limited to use:		( (70 22 (		( 220 (51		0.700.104		24.070.612
Cash and cash equivalents Investments		6,679,336 5,293,483		6,220,651		8,780,194 697,404		34,870,612
Total assets	\$	11,974,697	\$	6,212,040 12,434,895	\$	17,959,040	\$	18,330,793 93,987,932
Total assets	Ф	11,9/4,09/	φ	12,434,093	Φ	17,939,040	J	93,967,932
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	_	\$	75,421	\$	884,017
Retainage payable		-		-		-		74,149
Accrued liabilities		-		-		46,370		435,196
Deposits and other liabilities		-		-		353		1,241,735
Due to other funds		-		-		783,128		783,128
Unearned revenue						1,456,591		1,680,662
Total liabilities						2,361,863		5,098,887
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenue - ambulance fees		_		_		-		321,353
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		-		-		-		253,717
Unavailable revenue - grants		-		-		5,000		5,000
Unavailable revenue - assessments								132,657
Total deferred inflows of resources						5,000		712,727
Fund Balance								
Nonspendable:								
Inventories	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	125,550
Prepaids		-		-		-		12,764
Restricted:								
Municipal court technology & security		-		-		-		796,621
Franchise peg fees		-		-		-		747,411
Record preservation fee		-		-		-		4,000
Parks and recreation development		-		-		1.071.226		3,395,295
Crime control district Debt service		-		12,434,895		1,071,336 1,192,260		1,071,336
Grants		-		12,434,693		267,171		15,038,877 267,171
Promotional & economic development		_		_		1,119,636		1,119,636
Public safety		_		_		1,237,579		1,237,579
Capital projects (bond funded)		11,974,697		_		7,635,796		37,807,843
Committed:		, , , ,				.,,		,,-
Donations		-		-		694,367		694,367
Drainage Utility		-		-		2,006,488		2,006,488
Gas development		-		-		367,544		367,544
Assigned:								
Recreation centre		-		-		-		2,609,469
Capital projects		-		-		-		3,204,074
Purchases on order		-		-		-		283,618
Unassigned				-				17,386,675
Total fund balance		11,974,697		12,434,895		15,592,177		88,176,318
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance	\$	11,974,697	\$	12,434,895	\$	17,959,040	\$	93,987,932



### CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 88,176,318
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities resources (excluding internal service capital assets) are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as net positions in governmental funds.	329,883,772
Certain receivables are not available to pay current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.	712,727
Internal service funds are used by the City's management for building and vehicle support services, self insurance, and information services. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service funds, net of amounts included in business type activities, are included with governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position but are not included at the fund level.	11,022,587
Long-term liabilities and related deferred inflows and outflows, including bonds payable, accrued interest payable, compensated absences, other post employment benefits, and net pension liability, are not due and payable in this current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.	(173,941,741)
Total net position - governmental activities	\$ 255,853,663

## CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	General Fund	- ·· <b>I</b> · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		eneral Debt Service	Parks and Recreation Development		
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 34,142,184	\$	-	\$	11,200,798	\$	5,509,712
Licenses and permits	2,581,001		-		-		-
Charges for services	2,312,363		14,961		-		2,148,839
Gas utility leases and royalties	-		-		-		-
Fines	1,840,751		-		-		-
Contributions	-		46,154		-		440
Investment income	488,956		308,516		36,231		96,964
Intergovernmental	6,645,819		295,000		82,853		-
Forfeitures	-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous	353,287		-		-		297,032
Total revenues	48,364,361		664,631	_	11,319,882		8,052,987
Expenditures							
General government	10,335,279		6,866		_		_
Public safety	29,441,281		-		_		_
Culture and recreation	3,638,421		_		_		6,050,286
Public works	3,278,404		_		_		-
Capital outlay:	3,270,101						
General government	_		5,853,710		_		_
Public safety	_		18,350		_		_
Culture and recreation	_		968,815		_		139,211
Public works			3,174,719		_		137,211
Debt service:			3,174,717				
Principal retirement	_		_		8,840,000		_
Interest and fiscal charges					3,124,656		
Bond issuance costs	_		228,110		76,858		-
Total expenditures	46,693,385		10,250,570		12,041,514		6,189,497
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	40,093,363		10,230,370		12,041,314		0,109,497
over expenditures	1,670,976		(9,585,939)		(721,632)		1,863,490
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			0.425.000				
Issuance of debt	-		8,425,000		2.707.000		-
Issuance of refunding debt	-		-		3,795,000		-
Issuance of special assessment bonds	-		-		-		-
Premium on issuance of debt	-		618,110		463,990		-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-		-		(4,182,132)		-
Proceeds from sale of assets	37,233		20,505				154
Transfers in	6,033,725		11,873,020		757,211		487,102
Transfers out	(4,093,887	<u> </u>	(734,056)				(2,317,136)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,977,071		20,202,579		834,069		(1,829,880)
Net change in fund balances	3,648,047		10,616,640		112,437		33,610
Fund balances - beginning of year	15,682,898		10,793,142		1,299,285		5,988,490
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 19,330,945	\$	21,409,782	\$	1,411,722	\$	6,022,100

## CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Danasa	TIF #2 Capital Projects Fund	TIF #2 Debt Service Fund	Non-major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues	¢.	Φ 4164022	Ф 5.021.722	Ф <u>(0.040.220</u>
Taxes	\$ -	\$ 4,164,923	\$ 5,831,722	\$ 60,849,339
Licenses and permits	-	-	1.520.154	2,581,001
Charges for services	-	-	1,738,176	6,214,339
Gas utility leases and royalties	-	-	407,632	407,632
Fines	-	-	-	1,840,751
Contributions		-	217,435	264,029
Investment income	232,535	217,235	245,861	1,626,298
Intergovernmental	-	-	6,636,802	13,660,474
Forfeitures	-	-	56,939	56,939
Miscellaneous		. <del></del>	1,711	652,030
Total revenues	232,535	4,382,158	15,136,278	88,152,832
Expenditures				
General government	-	-	273,802	10,615,947
Public safety	-	-	6,523,696	35,964,977
Culture and recreation	-	-	210,148	9,898,855
Public works	-	-	2,030,369	5,308,773
Capital outlay:				
General government	-	-	906,228	6,759,938
Public safety	-	-	388,461	406,811
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	1,108,026
Public works	-	-	353,491	3,528,210
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	-	1,755,000	-	10,595,000
Interest and fiscal charges	-	443,674	430,028	3,998,358
Bond issuance costs	-	-	968,190	1,273,158
Total expenditures	-	2,198,674	12,084,413	89,458,053
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	232,535	2,183,484	3,051,865	(1,305,221)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Issuance of debt	_	_	_	8,425,000
Issuance of refunding debt	_	_	_	3,795,000
Issuance of special assessment bonds	_	_	11,580,000	11,580,000
Premium on issuance of debt	_	_		1,082,100
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	_	_	_	(4,182,132)
Proceeds from sale of assets	_	_	_	57,892
Transfers in	_	_	1,512,125	20,663,183
Transfers out	_	_	(10,983,159)	(18,128,238)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-	2,108,966	23,292,805
Net change in fund balances	232,535	2,183,484	5,160,831	21,987,584
Fund balances - beginning of year	11,742,162	10,251,411	10,431,346	66,188,734
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 11,974,697	\$ 12,434,895	\$ 15,592,177	\$ 88,176,318



NRH Sounds of Spring provides six weekly concerts at the NRH City Hall with free live music by some of the region's best live performers under the stars.

CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$21,987,584
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	34,759
The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to increase/(decrease) net position.	1,648,232
Certain deferred inflows of resources were earned in prior year but not yet available for fund level activity. This increase/(decrease) is due to the deferred inflows becoming available in current year.	(4,032,757)
Certain long-term liabilities are accrued at the government-wide level but not at the fund level. The current year change in those liabilities is reported as expense in the statement of activities. Expenses recorded for accrual of interest and amortization expense are included in this category.	(732,148)
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the difference between repayments and proceeds received.	(9,604,069)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and fleet maintenance, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities (exclusive of capital assets and debt).	3,207,791
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$12,509,392

# CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS September 30, 2020

	I	Enterprise Fund	s		Governmental Activities
	Total		Internal		
	Utility	Aquatic Park	Golf	Enterprise	Service
Assets					
Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 47,565	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 47,565	\$ 7,858,132
Investments	7,763,714	582,987	253,835	8,600,536	8,324,927
Accounts receivable, net of allowances:					
Billed	5,062,462	-	-	5,062,462	-
Unbilled	-	-	-	-	-
Other	3,405	3,387	17,815	24,607	30,464
Interest receivable	3,844	309	140	4,293	3,827
Intergovernmental receivable	266,729	-	-	266,729	-
Prepaid items	11,220	-	30,649	41,869	400,089
Inventories, at cost	292,309	46,086	77,579	415,974	136,129
Total current assets	13,451,248	632,769	380,018	14,464,035	16,753,568
Noncurrent assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	12,852,954	295,399	195,566	13,343,919	2,599,214
Investments	3,070,556	-	-	3,070,556	2,462,238
Interfund loan receivable	-	-	-	-	500,000
Capital assets - net:					
Land	75,366	745,771	1,758,000	2,579,137	-
Buildings and improvements	-	2,465,964	802,762	3,268,726	53,976
Other improvements	-	23,445,064	8,624,433	32,069,497	602,769
Utility plant in service	146,451,415	-	-	146,451,415	-
Machinery and equipment	2,673,449	780,811	2,665,596	6,119,856	10,122,801
Construction in progress	4,443,806	-	-	4,443,806	· · · · -
Accumulated depreciation	(82,365,024)	(14,936,399)	(7,560,907)	(104,862,330)	(8,168,424)
Total capital assets - net	71,279,012	12,501,211	6,289,884	90,070,107	2,611,122
Total noncurrent assets	87,202,522	12,796,610	6,485,450	106,484,582	8,172,574
Total assets	100,653,770	13,429,379	6,865,468	120,948,617	24,926,142
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Deferred loss on refunding	68,766	42,911	9,728	121,405	
Deferred outflows - OPEB	283,088	48,079	9,120	331,167	218,178
Deferred outflows - Pension	255,088	43,596	-	298,684	221,442
Total deferred outflows of resources	606,942	134,586	9,728	751,256	439,620
Total ucicited outhows of resources	000,942	134,300	9,148	/31,430	439,020

		Enterprise Funds	s		Governmental Activities
		-		Total	
T. 1997	Utility	Aquatic Park	Golf	Enterprise	Service
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities:	e 1224714	\$ 104.982	e 142.50 <i>C</i>	¢ 1.472.222	¢ 1 270 215
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 1,224,714	* - /	\$ 143,526	\$ 1,473,222	\$ 1,278,315
Deposits and other liabilities	274,516	3,221	15,829	293,566	13,387
Customer deposits	3,196,459	( 2(0	-	3,196,459	- (2 (71
Compensated absences Unearned revenue	86,194	6,369	92.946	92,563	62,671
	-	310,533	83,846	394,379	2,662
Accrued interest payable	63,698	23,367	13,560	100,625	-
Bonds payable	1,125,000	550,000	220,000	1,895,000	-
Capital lease payable  Total current liabilities	5 070 501	009 472	74,725	74,725	1 257 025
	5,970,581	998,472	551,486	7,520,539	1,357,035
Noncurrent Liabilities:					
Bonds payable	14,254,976	5,050,285	3,521,189	22,826,450	-
Capital lease payable	-	-	232,784	232,784	-
Compensated absences	274,915	85,524	-	360,439	235,591
Interfund loan payable	-	500,000	-	500,000	-
Intergovernmental payables	1,236,034	-	-	1,236,034	-
Net OPEB liability	2,752,582	487,367	-	3,239,949	2,375,235
Net pension liability	2,145,243	335,089		2,480,332	1,553,268
Total noncurrent labilities	20,663,750	6,458,265	3,753,973	30,875,988	4,164,094
Total liabilities	26,634,331	7,456,737	4,305,459	38,396,527	5,521,129
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Deferred gain on refunding	_	6,991	_	6,991	_
Deferred inflows - OPEB	813,399	132,035	_	945,434	548,858
Deferred inflows - Pension	547,460	92,917	_	640,377	460,731
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,360,859	231,943	_	1,592,802	1,009,589
N ( D ) (C					
Net Position	(1.502.701	7 127 072	2 274 127	71 004 700	2 (11 122
Net investment in capital assets	61,592,701	7,127,962	2,374,127	71,094,790	2,611,122
Impact fees restricted for construction	6,188,722	(1.252.677)	105 (10	6,188,722	16 222 022
Unrestricted net position (deficit)  Total net position (deficit)	5,484,099	\$ 5,875,285	195,610	4,427,032	16,223,922 \$ 18,835,044
total net position (deficit)	\$ 73,265,522	\$ 5,875,285	\$ 2,569,737	81,710,544	\$ 18,835,044

Reconciliation to business-type activities:

Some amounts reported for business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because certain internal balances are included with business-type activities. Net Position of business type activities

7,812,457 \$ 89,523,001

## CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES

IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Golf	\$ 37,717,774 980,050 100,547 1,032,999 287,217 102,925 - 1,298,014 41,519,526 2,478,339 10,174,957 6,774,685 4,556,321 1,624,751 8,070,079 609,240 5,677,227 39,965,599 1,553,927	\$ - 14,014,007 6,925,304 3,066,441 317,899 24,323,651  8,508,702 1,832,222 - 3,792,253 - 3,117,011 1,034,966 582,212 18,867,366 5,456,285
1,032,999 4,551 1,037,550 1,624,751 359,672 1,984,423	\$ 37,717,774 980,050 100,547 1,032,999 287,217 102,925 - 1,298,014 41,519,526 2,478,339 10,174,957 6,774,685 4,556,321 1,624,751 8,070,079 609,240 5,677,227 39,965,599	14,014,007 6,925,304 3,066,441 317,899 24,323,651 8,508,702 1,832,222 3,792,253 3,117,011 1,034,966 582,212 18,867,366
1,032,999 4,551 1,037,550 1,624,751 359,672 1,984,423	980,050 100,547 1,032,999 287,217 102,925 - 1,298,014 41,519,526 - 2,478,339 10,174,957 6,774,685 4,556,321 1,624,751 8,070,079 609,240 5,677,227 39,965,599	14,014,007 6,925,304 3,066,441 317,899 24,323,651 8,508,702 1,832,222 3,792,253 3,117,011 1,034,966 582,212 18,867,366
1,032,999 4,551 1,037,550 1,624,751 359,672 1,984,423	980,050 100,547 1,032,999 287,217 102,925 - 1,298,014 41,519,526 - 2,478,339 10,174,957 6,774,685 4,556,321 1,624,751 8,070,079 609,240 5,677,227 39,965,599	14,014,007 6,925,304 3,066,441 317,899 24,323,651 8,508,702 1,832,222 3,792,253 3,117,011 1,034,966 582,212 18,867,366
4,551 1,037,550 - - 1,624,751 - 359,672 1,984,423	100,547 1,032,999 287,217 102,925 - 1,298,014 41,519,526 2,478,339 10,174,957 6,774,685 4,556,321 1,624,751 8,070,079 609,240 5,677,227 39,965,599	6,925,304 3,066,441 317,899 24,323,651 8,508,702 1,832,222 
4,551 1,037,550 - - 1,624,751 - 359,672 1,984,423	1,032,999 287,217 102,925 - - 1,298,014 41,519,526 2,478,339 10,174,957 6,774,685 4,556,321 1,624,751 8,070,079 609,240 5,677,227 39,965,599	6,925,304 3,066,441 317,899 24,323,651 8,508,702 1,832,222 
4,551 1,037,550 - - 1,624,751 - 359,672 1,984,423	287,217 102,925 - - 1,298,014 41,519,526 2,478,339 10,174,957 6,774,685 4,556,321 1,624,751 8,070,079 609,240 5,677,227 39,965,599	6,925,304 3,066,441 317,899 24,323,651 8,508,702 1,832,222 
1,037,550	1,298,014 41,519,526 2,478,339 10,174,957 6,774,685 4,556,321 1,624,751 8,070,079 609,240 5,677,227 39,965,599	6,925,304 3,066,441 317,899 24,323,651 8,508,702 1,832,222 
1,037,550	1,298,014 41,519,526 2,478,339 10,174,957 6,774,685 4,556,321 1,624,751 8,070,079 609,240 5,677,227 39,965,599	6,925,304 3,066,441 317,899 24,323,651 8,508,702 1,832,222 
1,037,550	41,519,526 2,478,339 10,174,957 6,774,685 4,556,321 1,624,751 8,070,079 609,240 5,677,227 39,965,599	6,925,304 3,066,441 317,899 24,323,651 8,508,702 1,832,222 
1,037,550	41,519,526 2,478,339 10,174,957 6,774,685 4,556,321 1,624,751 8,070,079 609,240 5,677,227 39,965,599	3,066,441 317,899 24,323,651 8,508,702 1,832,222 - 3,792,253 - 3,117,011 1,034,966 582,212 18,867,366
1,037,550	41,519,526 2,478,339 10,174,957 6,774,685 4,556,321 1,624,751 8,070,079 609,240 5,677,227 39,965,599	317,899 24,323,651 8,508,702 1,832,222 - 3,792,253 - 3,117,011 1,034,966 582,212 18,867,366
1,037,550	41,519,526 2,478,339 10,174,957 6,774,685 4,556,321 1,624,751 8,070,079 609,240 5,677,227 39,965,599	24,323,651 8,508,702 1,832,222 - 3,792,253 - 3,117,011 1,034,966 582,212 18,867,366
1,624,751 - 359,672 1,984,423	2,478,339 10,174,957 6,774,685 4,556,321 1,624,751 8,070,079 609,240 5,677,227 39,965,599	8,508,702 1,832,222 - 3,792,253 - 3,117,011 1,034,966 582,212 18,867,366
1,624,751 - 359,672 1,984,423	10,174,957 6,774,685 4,556,321 1,624,751 8,070,079 609,240 5,677,227 39,965,599	1,832,222 - 3,792,253 - 3,117,011 1,034,966 582,212 18,867,366
1,624,751 - 359,672 1,984,423	10,174,957 6,774,685 4,556,321 1,624,751 8,070,079 609,240 5,677,227 39,965,599	1,832,222 - 3,792,253 - 3,117,011 1,034,966 582,212 18,867,366
1,624,751 - 359,672 1,984,423	10,174,957 6,774,685 4,556,321 1,624,751 8,070,079 609,240 5,677,227 39,965,599	3,792,253 3,117,011 1,034,966 582,212 18,867,366
1,624,751 - 359,672 1,984,423	6,774,685 4,556,321 1,624,751 8,070,079 609,240 5,677,227 39,965,599	3,117,011 1,034,966 582,212 18,867,366
1,624,751 - 359,672 1,984,423	4,556,321 1,624,751 8,070,079 609,240 5,677,227 39,965,599	3,117,011 1,034,966 582,212 18,867,366
1,624,751 - - 359,672 1,984,423	1,624,751 8,070,079 609,240 5,677,227 39,965,599	3,117,011 1,034,966 582,212 18,867,366
359,672 1,984,423	8,070,079 609,240 5,677,227 39,965,599	1,034,966 582,212 18,867,366
1,984,423	609,240 5,677,227 39,965,599	1,034,966 582,212 18,867,366
1,984,423	5,677,227 39,965,599	582,212 18,867,366
1,984,423	39,965,599	18,867,366
(940,873)	1,333,927	3,430,283
26,810	522,875	405,868
(88,038)	(603,860)	-
(74,089)	(159,741)	211.004
56,127	75,453	211,994
(70 100)	(107.211)	353,523
		971,385
(1,026,063)	1,446,716	6,427,670
751,989	3,061,682	413,029
		(1,639,805)
751,989	(1,308,169)	(1,226,776)
(274,074)	138,547	5,200,894
2,843,811	81,571,997	13,634,150
2,569,737	\$ 81,710,544	\$ 18,835,044
tio	2,843,811	(1,026,063)     1,446,716       751,989     3,061,682       (4,369,851)     (1,308,169)       (274,074)     138,547       2,843,811     81,571,997       2,569,737     \$ 81,710,544       ess: funds       138,547       -type sition are lances are

## CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Governmental Activities			
	Utility	Aquatic Park	Golf	Total Enterprise	Internal Service
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Receipts from customers Receipts from (payments for) interfund services provided	\$ 39,705,516	\$ 580,975	\$ 1,075,817	\$ 41,362,308	\$ - 23,970,919
Other operating revenue	1,638,595	656	4,551	1,643,802	317,899
Payments to suppliers	(27,691,439)		(1,640,140)	(30,317,267)	(15,248,900)
Payments to employees	(3,146,784)			(4,456,083)	(3,684,951)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	10,505,888	(1,713,356)	(559,772)	8,232,760	5,354,967
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:					
Transfers from other funds	- (4.260.051)	2,309,693	751,989	3,061,682	413,029
Transfers to other funds  Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital	(4,369,851)	-		(4,369,851)	(1,639,805)
financing activities	(4,369,851)	2,309,693	751,989	(1,308,169)	(1,226,776)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:					
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(4,613,873)	(82,234)	(3,555,465)	(8,251,572)	(312,731)
Proceeds from capital debt	3,695,000	-	3,335,000	7,030,000	-
Principal paid on capital debt	(1,165,000)		(40,000)	(1,755,000)	-
Interest paid on capital debt Insurance recovery proceeds	(470,824) 19,326	(148,780)	102,850 56,127	(516,754) 75,453	211,994
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	24,895	764	50,127	25,659	195,826
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and					
related financing activities	(2,510,476)	(780,250)	(101,488)	(3,392,214)	95,089
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Sale (purchase) of investments	(2,264,639)		(105,345)	(2,229,022)	(743,648)
Interest and dividends received	469,735	37,089	27,379	534,203	416,909
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	(1,794,904)	178,051	(77,966)	(1,694,819)	(326,739)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,830,657	(5,862)	12,763	1,837,558	3,896,541
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	11,069,862	301,261	182,803	11,553,926	6,560,805
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	12,900,519	295,399	195,566	13,391,484	10,457,346
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds					
Cash and cash equivalents - current	47,565	-	-	47,565	7,858,132
Cash and cash equivalents - noncurrent	12,852,954	295,399	195,566	13,343,919	2,599,214
Total cash and cash equivalents	12,900,519	295,399	195,566	13,391,484	10,457,346
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:					
Operating income (loss)	5,306,988	(2,806,188)	(946,873)	1,553,927	5,456,285
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:					
Depreciation expense	4,386,960	930,595	359,672	5,677,227	582,212
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	686,170	18,753	6,201	711,124	(19,540)
(Increase) decrease in intergovernmental receivable	242,863	-	-	242,863	-
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items	(4,156)		(21,753)	(25,909)	
(Increase) decrease in inventories	65,407	(17,772)	25,320	72,955	(2,401)
(Increase) decrease in OPEB deferred outflows (Increase) decrease in pension deferred outflows	(65,034) 1,828,485	(10,550) 296,617	-	(75,584) 2,125,102	(43,796) 1,231,348
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(585,155)		31,867	(692,582)	(514,548)
Increase (decrease) in other current liabilities	121,366	(2,585)	(25,503)	93,278	(289)
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits	155,568	-	(201)	155,367	-
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	18,923	(1,153)	-	17,770	59,518
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenues	20.007	292,777	11,498	304,275	(12,892)
Increase (decrease) in intergovernmental payables Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability	39,997 (682,464)	(110,709)	-	39,997 (793,173)	(459,589)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	(1,614,488)		-	(1,876,390)	(1,087,238)
Increase (decrease) in OPEB deferred inflows	771,478	125,149	-	896,627	519,533
Increase (decrease) in pension deferred inflows	(167,020)			(194,114)	
Total adjustments	5,198,900	1,092,832	387,101	6,678,833	(101,318)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ 10,505,888	\$ (1,713,356)	\$ (559,772)	\$ 8,232,760	\$ 5,354,967

CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUND September 30, 2020

	<b>OPEB Trust</b>		
Assets			
Investments, at fair value:			
Investment in master trust	\$	2,428,318	
Total assets	\$	2,428,318	
Net Position			
Restricted for other post employment benefits	\$	2,428,318	
Total net position	\$	2,428,318	

### CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION -FIDUCIARY FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	<b>OPEB</b> Trust
Additions	
Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 100,000
Net investment income	177,601
Total additions	277,601
Deductions	
Administrative expenses	13,628
<b>Total deductions</b>	13,628
Change in net position	263,973
Net position - beginning	2,164,345
Net position - ending	\$ 2,428,318



### CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

The City of North Richland Hills, Texas (the "City") Home Rule Charter was adopted by the voters at an election held on November 3, 1964. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government. The City provides a full range of services including police and fire protection; municipal court operations; the construction and maintenance of streets and infrastructure; parks, library, and recreational activities including tennis center operations; neighborhood services activities; planning and inspections; and the operations of a water and wastewater system, a golf course, and a public water park. A private contractor, through a franchise agreement, provides solid waste collection and disposal services for the City.

The accounting policies of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the City are described below.

### A. Reporting Entity

As required by GAAP, these basic financial statements present the primary government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. The blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations. As such, data from these units is combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units are entities that are legally separate from the City, but for which the City is financially accountable or whose relationships with the City are such that exclusion would be misleading or incomplete.

Blended Component Units - The North Richland Hills Parks and Recreation Facilities Development Corporation ("PRD") is used to account for the accumulation of resources to build and improve City parks and recreational facilities and fund economic development activities. The North Richland Hills Crime Control and Prevention District ("CCD") is used to account for the accumulation and use of half-cent sales tax proceeds dedicated for crime reduction programs. The PRD and CCD are reported as special revenue funds of the primary government. The Boards of Directors of both component units are substantially the same as the City Council.

Tax Increment Financing District No. 1 ("TIF #1") was created to fund drainage improvements that would alleviate flooding problems, reduce property damage associated with the flooding, and stimulate development within the zone of TIF #1. In 2008, TIF #1 was expanded to provide funding for intersection improvements and the burial of utility lines to enhance economic revitalization in the area. Tax Increment Financing District #2 ("TIF #2") was created to provide funding for public improvements that would benefit the participants in and citizens of TIF #2. These TIF's meet the criteria for blending as the City Council and TIF Boards are substantially the same. In addition, although other entities are involved in the TIF, the primary financial benefit or burden relationship is between the City and the TIF's, and management of the City has day-to-day operational responsibility for the activities of the TIF.

### B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (*i.e.*, the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its blended component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements. However, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the consolidation process. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on user fees and charges for support.

### CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### **Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

### B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and grants and contributions that are designated to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current *financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources traditionally associated with governments which are not required to be accounted for in another fund. Major functions financed by the General Fund include general government, public safety, culture and recreation, and public works. Financing is provided from taxes (primarily property, sales, and franchise), licenses and permits, fines, and investment income.

The General Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition and construction of major street, drainage, and municipal facilities capital assets.

The General Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for the payment of principal, interest, and related charges on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds. Financing is provided primarily by a specific annual property tax levy.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### **Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

The Parks and Recreation Facilities Development Fund accounts for the accumulation and use of resources to build and improve City parks and recreation facilities as well as economic development projects. The City has permanently designated this fund as a major governmental fund.

The Tax Increment Financing District #2 Capital Projects Fund provides funding for public improvements that would benefit the participants in and citizens of TIF #2 as well as others in the Metroplex area.

The Tax Increment Financing District #2 Debt Service Fund is used to accumulate monies for the payment of principal, interest, and related charges on the debts of TIF #2.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Utility Fund accounts for the distribution of water, transportation of wastewater, and solid waste removal services provided to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in the fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and debt service, and billing and collections.

The Aquatic Park Fund accounts for the operation of NRH<sub>2</sub>O, the City's public water park. All activities necessary to operate the park are accounted for in the fund, including, but not limited to, administration, park operations, park maintenance, and financing and debt service.

The Golf Course Fund accounts for the operations of Iron Horse Golf Course, the City's public golf course. All activities necessary to operate the course are accounted for in the fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, course maintenance, and financing and debt service. The Golf Course in the only non-major proprietary fund.

Internal Service Funds account for building maintenance services, fleet management, computer and telephone service, as well as insurance coverage provided to other departments of the City, on a cost reimbursement basis.

The City also reports one fiduciary fund. The OPEB Trust Fund accounts for the activities of the long-term funding of the City's other post-employment benefits provided. These funds are contributed by the City on an annual basis to help offset future costs and outflows for post-employment benefits payments.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds and of the internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting the definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### **Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

### D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Balance

### **Deposits and investments**

Deposits consist of cash and cash equivalents. Substantially all operating deposits and investments are maintained in pooled deposits and investment accounts. Interest income relating to pooled deposits and investments is allocated monthly to the participating individual funds based on each fund's pro-rata share of total pooled deposits and investments.

Investments consist of (1) investments in public fund investment pools, (2) short-term investments that mature in 12 months or less from the time of purchase and (3) investments that mature in greater than 12 months from the time of purchase. Other than investment pools, most of the City's investments are long-term (i.e., at the time of purchase, the maturity equals or exceeds one year) and, accordingly, the investments are carried at fair value. The government's investment pools operate in accordance with state laws and regulations. Investments in external pools are carried at either net asset value or amortized cost, as determined by each pool's individual investment valuation method and whether there is a readily determinable fair value of the pool as of the City's fiscal year end. In instances where pools transact at amortized cost, no readily determinable fair value is deemed available.

Legal provisions generally permit the City to invest in certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, public funds investment pools, direct obligations of the United States of America or its subdivisions, and state and local government securities. During the year ended September 30, 2020, the City did not own any types of securities other than those permitted by statute.

For the purposes of presenting the statement of cash flows for Proprietary Funds, cash and cash equivalents are defined as cash and the funds' investment in the City's pooled accounts which provide cash-equivalent liquidity (Note III).

#### Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

The City's property tax is levied each October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real property and certain personal property located in the City. Tax liens attach as of February 1. Taxes are due upon receipt of the tax bill.

Property taxes are limited by the Texas Constitution to \$2.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation and by City Charter to \$1.50 per \$100 assessed valuation. The combined tax rate to finance general governmental service and debt service for the year ended September 30, 2020 was \$0.572 per \$100 of assessed valuation.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### **Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

## D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Balance (continued)

### Inventories and prepaid items

In accordance with the consumption method of accounting, both inventories and prepaid items of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out ("FIFO") method. Inventories are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate the inventory values are not available for appropriation and are not expendable financial resources.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### **Restricted assets**

Certain resources set aside for the repayment of outstanding City debt are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited. The "debt service reserve funds" are used to segregate resources accumulated for outstanding debt. The "construction funds" account includes, but is not limited to, unspent bond proceeds that are limited as to use for financing the acquisition or construction of capital assets.

The Crime Control and Prevention District (Special Revenue) Fund contains assets restricted for transition. The "transition" term is used to identify funds that are covered by Texas Sales Tax laws and has been restricted to offset future unforeseen circumstances (i.e. dissolution of the fund due to citizens vote to end operations of the district). If the half-cent sales tax funding CCD activities is discontinued, the restricted assets will be used to fund those activities until an alternate funding source can be identified (i.e., during the transition period).

In the Utility Fund, impact fees are a restriction imposed by the City's governing body for the purpose of collection of funds from developers for specific utility infrastructure improvement projects. State of Texas Statutes grant this authority to the City Council which upon their approval is valid for a five-year period. Every five years, the impact fee plan expires and a new program must be developed and submitted to Council for approval.

#### Assets limited to use

Assets limited to use and defined as noncurrent assets in the Utility Fund are customer deposits. This limitation is contractually supported. The City is not allowed to use the funds unless it is to refund back to the customer for good standing account history or that they default upon the terms of the agreement.

The Information Technology (Internal Service) Fund contains assets used for future system improvements. The intended purpose is to fund major computer system software and hardware system replacements and upgrades.

The Facilities and Construction Services and Fleet Services (Internal Service) Funds contain assets to be used for building and equipment maintenance and replacement. The building reserve is used to accumulate funds for the implementation of the multi-year plan. The equipment reserve is used to accumulate funds for the replacement of vehicles and heavy equipment.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### **Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

### D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Balance (continued)

The Self-Insurance (Internal Service) Fund contains assets to be used for future insurance claims. Funds will be accumulated until needed to cover these costs of excessive claims or until management has determined sufficient funds have been accumulated to cover future claims. Future claims of the Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund are funds set aside and obligated for medical, dental, prescription, or other risk payables that could arise in future fiscal periods. This fund has a very proactive approach to plan for future claims and ensure that funding is available to pay should the need occur.

#### Capital assets

Capital assets, including property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, drainage facilities, parks and related improvements, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund level financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of at least \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Assets purchased or constructed are recorded at historical cost when available or estimated historical cost if actual cost is unavailable. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Capital assets of the primary government are capitalized at the following thresholds and are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Category	Useful Life		apitalization Threshold
Land		\$	-
Buildings and improvements	30 years		100,000
Other improvements	30 years		100,000
Water, sewer system and other infrastructure	33 years		100,000
Furniture and fixtures, & certain machinery and equipment	10 years		5,000
Firetrucks and ambulances	20 years		5,000
Other machinery and equipment including vehicles	3-12 years	*	5,000

<sup>\*</sup>Range is due to different machinery and equipment having different levels of capitalization thresholds within fiscal policy.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

### Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Balance (continued)

### **Compensated absences**

City employees are granted vacation leave in varying amounts depending on length of service. Sick leave is also granted to employees. In the event of termination, an employee will be paid for all unused vacation leave credit upon separation from employment with the City. Employees who are eligible to utilize their accrued vacation but who have not completed their probationary period are not eligible to be paid for unused vacation at the time of separation. No reimbursement is made for unused accumulated sick leave upon termination of employment, except upon retirement. Upon retirement, an employee may convert up to six weeks of accrued sick leave to vacation. Sick pay is recorded when taken. All vacation pay is accrued as vested and included in accrued liabilities in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. Accrued vacation pay, including converted sick leave, that is expected to be liquidated within one year, is reported as a short-term liability. The remainder of the liability is reflected as long-term.

### Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts and losses on bond refundings are deferred and amortized over the life of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. It is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position, deferred amounts related to pension, and deferred amounts related to OPEB. The deferred charge on refunding resulted from the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred amounts related to pension and OPEB relate differences between estimated and actual investment earnings, changes in actuarial assumptions, and other pension and OPEB related changes.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has four items that qualify for reporting in this category. Unavailable revenue is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from four sources: ambulance fees, property taxes, grants, and assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available, or within 60 days of the fiscal year-end. In the government-wide financial statements the City reports deferred amounts related to pension and deferred amounts related to OPEB.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### **Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

### D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Balance (continued)

#### **Fund balance**

Fund balances are reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below:

- 1. *Nonspendable*, such as fund balances associated with inventories, prepaids, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned),
- 2. Restricted fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation,
- 3. Committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's Council (the city's highest level of authority),
- 4. Assigned fund balance classification are intended to be identified and authorized for specific purposes by the City's authorized representative by the Council (City Manager) and for other purposes that cannot be classified as restricted or committed,
- 5. *Unassigned* fund balance is the residual classification for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

### **Committed Fund Balance Policy**

Fund balances are committed by the City Council under specific resolutions or ordinances which were adopted to restrict the utilization of special revenue sources. Once the resolutions or ordinances are adopted, the limitation imposed remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution or ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Fund balance reporting as a result of resolutions and ordinances passed by City Council:

- General Donations or contributions to the City that do not have specific goals designated by the donor are committed by council resolution to keep the original general intent for which they were received.
- Drainage Utility Fees are to be utilized for the infrastructure or debt service for such infrastructure.
- Gas Development funds are used for specific projects for various reasons such as deemed necessary by city management.

### **Assigned Fund Balance Policy**

Approved by the fund balance policy, the City's Assigned Fund Balance is under the direction of the City Manager, (as authorized by the City Council).

- Capital projects are proceeds assigned by management through budget appropriations to fund special capital projects not funded through bond proceeds,
- Recreation Centre assignment is net operations for the program for future infrastructure maintenance and operational needs,
- Encumbrances are purchases procured in the current fiscal year, but will not be delivered or services accomplished until the next fiscal year. This assignment of prior year encumbrances insures resources are available to complete the purchases.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

### **Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

## D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Balance (continued)

### **Fund Balance Flow Assumptions**

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purposes, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

### **Minimum Fund Balance**

At the end of each fiscal year, the General Fund should maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance that is no less than 15% of the subsequent year's General Fund Appropriated Expenditure budget. This target amount has been established in order to provide a reasonable level of assurance that the City's day-to-day operations will be able to continue even if circumstances occur where revenues are insufficient to cover expenditures.

#### Note II - Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Governmental Fund Financial Statements

## A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance – total governmental funds and net position – governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

One element of that reconciliation explains that "capital assets used in governmental activities (excluding internal service capital assets) are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds." The details of the difference are as follows:

Capital assets, net of depreciation (internal service funds excluded)	\$ 320,523,084
Construction in progress (internal funds excluded)	 9,360,688
Net adjustment to increase fund balance - total governmental funds	_
to arrive at net position - governmental activities	\$ 329,883,772
to arrive at net position - governmental activities	\$ 329,883,772

Γhe

second element of that reconciliation explains that "certain receivables are not available to pay current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds." The details of the difference are as follows:

Unavailable revenue	\$ 712,727
Net adjustment to increase fund balance - total governmental funds	
to arrive at the position - governmental activities	\$ 712,727

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

### Note II - Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Governmental Fund Financial Statements (continued)

### A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position (continued)

Another element of that reconciliation explains that "the assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included with governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position but are not included at the fund level." The details of the difference are as follows:

Net position, internal service funds combined	\$ 18,835,044
Amount allocated to business-type activities	(7,812,457)
Net adjustment to increase fund balance - total governmental funds	
to arrive at net positions - governmental activities	\$ 11,022,587

The last element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities (excluding internal service funds), including bonds payable and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds." The details of the difference are as follows:

Bonds payable	\$ (99,895,000)
Unamortized premiums/discounts on bonds payable	(5,722,054)
Deferred gain on refunding	(45,385)
Deferred loss on refunding	415,150
Accrued interest payable	(449,313)
Special assessment bonds payable	(11,580,000)
Compensated absences	(3,185,990)
Net OPEB liability	(28,104,467)
Deferred outflows - OPEB	1,230,225
Deferred inflows - OPEB	(7,916,659)
Net pension liability	(16,745,200)
Deferred outflows - pension	5,208,142
Deferred inflows - pension	(7,151,190)
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance - total governmental funds	
to arrive at net position - governmental activities	\$ (173,941,741)

### B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balance – total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities.

One element of that reconciliation explains that "governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of the difference are as follows:

Capital outlay in excess of capitalization threshold	\$12	2,965,492
Depreciation expense	_(12	2,930,733)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds		
to arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities	\$	34,759

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

### Note II - Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Governmental Fund Financial Statements (continued)

### B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance and the government-wide statement of activities (continued)

The next element of that reconciliation explains that "the net effects of various transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position." The details of the difference are as follows:

Asset retirements and impairments, net of proceeds	\$ (172,866)
Capital contributions from developers	 1,821,098
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balance - total governmental	
funds to arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,648,232

The next element of that reconciliation explains that "certain revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds. These differences are the net change in deferred inflows of resources." The current year difference is \$4,032,757.

The next element of that reconciliation explains that "certain long-term liabilities are accrued at the government-wide level but not at the fund level." The details of the difference are as follows: (Excludes Internal Service Funds)

Changes m:	
Accrued interest/interest expense	\$ (102,674)
OPEB expense	(371,860)
Pension expense	(105,319)
Compensated absences	(152,295)
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balance - total governmental funds	
to arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ (732,148)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the difference between repayments and proceeds received." The details of the difference are as follows: (Excludes Internal Service Funds)

Debt issued or incurred:	
Refunding bonds	\$ (3,795,000)
Certificates of obligation bonds	(8,425,000)
Special assessment bonds	(11,580,000)
Principal repayments on debt	10,595,000
Payments to refunding agent	4,182,132
Premium on bond sale	(1,082,100)
Current year amortization of bond premium, discount,	
deferred inflows and outflows (gain and loss)	500,899
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	
to arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ (9,604,069)

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

### Note II - Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Governmental Fund Financial Statements (continued)

### B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance and the government-wide statement of activities (continued)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "the net revenue (expense) of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities." The details of the difference are as follows:

Change in net position - internal service funds combined	\$ 5,200,894
Income (Expenses) reflected in business-type activities	(1,993,103)
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	
to arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ 3,207,791

#### Note III - Detailed Notes on all Funds

### A. Deposits and investments

Deposits - The City maintains an entity wide cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of the pool is displayed on the statement of net position as "Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments".

The investment policy of the City is governed by State statute and a Council adopted City Investment Policy. Major controls stipulated in the Investment Policy include: depository limitations require Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance or full 100 percent collateralization; depositories are limited to Texas banking institutions; all collateral for repurchase agreements and deposits held by independent third party trustees; all settlement is delivery versus payment; all authorized investments are defined; and diversification guidelines are set as are maximum maturity and maximum weighted average maturity. State statutes require all time and demand deposits to be fully insured or collateralized. At September 30, 2020, the bank balances of the City's demand deposits were \$8,682,859. Accounts with under \$250,000 balance of either an interest-bearing account or non-interest-bearing account are covered by FDIC deposit insurance. The total cash held in demand deposits has been materially collateralized and meets statutes' requirements.

As of September 30, 2020, the City's investment pool portfolio (excluding bank deposits) are held by the City's custodian in the City's name under written agreements. The City's custodian is JP Morgan Chase. The City's investment portfolio, excluding the fiduciary fund, held the following cash, cash equivalents, and investments as of September 30, 2020:

Cash on hand (petty cash, cashier tills)	\$ 21,402
Demand Deposit Accounts	18,980,864
Investment Pools	50,749,881
Commercial Paper	1,399,009
U.S. Treasury Notes	21,211,942
U.S. Agencies and Governmental	
Sponsored Agencies	32,784,634
Total deposits and investments	\$ 125,147,732

Legal provisions generally permit the City to invest in certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, public funds investment pools, direct obligations of the United States of America or its subdivisions, and state and local government securities. Because the City is responsible for the investment portfolio of its blended component units, the City's investment practices and policies disclosed herein apply equally to its component units. During the year ended September 30, 2020, the City did not own any types of securities other than those permitted by statute.

#### **Note III - Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)**

# A. Deposits and investments (continued)

TexPool falls under the purview of the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts ("Comptroller") who is responsible for oversight of TexPool operations. TexasTERM is directed by an Advisory Board of experienced local government officials, finance directors and treasurers and is managed by a team of industry leaders that are focused on providing professional investment services to investors. Duties of the governing boards include oversight responsibility. The Comptroller and the governing boards exercise oversight of the pools' activities via daily, weekly, and monthly reporting requirements. Additionally, per the requirements of the Public Funds Investment Act ("PFIA"), all pools will maintain an AAA or equivalent rating from at least one nationally recognized rating agency. The PFIA also requires an annual examination of the financial statements of the pools by an independent certified public accounting firm. TexPool is carried at amortized cost and TexasTERM is carried at net asset value.

Investments - Weighted average maturity ("WAM") of the portfolio by investment type categories reflected in the following table is stated in days. Investment type acronyms displayed in the following table are defined as follows: FHLB - Federal Home Loan Bank, FHLMC - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, FNMA - Federal National Mortgage Association, and USTR - U.S. Treasury Notes. The rating agency acronym is defined as follows: S&P - Standard and Poor's Ratings Services, a division of the McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. Additional information about the rating agency or the significance of the ratings provided may be obtained from the agency's web site. As of September 30, 2020, the City held the following investments:

			Rating	Carrying
Investment Type	WAM	Rating	Agency	<u>Value</u>
Investment Pools:				
TexPool	38	AAAm	S&P	\$ 45,273,318
Texas TERM	57	AAAm	S&P	5,476,563
Total Investment Pools				50,749,881
Commercial Paper	114	A-1	S&P	1,399,009
U.S. Treasuries	568	AA+	S&P	21,211,942
U.S. Agencies and Governmental				
Sponsored Agencies:				
FHLB	769	AA+	S&P	3,028,188
FHLMC	835	AA+	S&P	14,446,702
FNMA	825	AA+	S&P	9,570,215
FFCB	541		S&P	4,532,293
Municipal Bond	332	AA	S&P	1,207,236
Total U.S. Agencies and Governmental				
Sponsored Entities				32,784,634
Total Portfolio	371			\$ 106,145,466

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application," the City records investments at fair value. However, for participating interest-earning investments contracts with maturities of one year or less at time of purchase, the City reports these investments at amortized cost.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### **Note III - Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)**

#### A. Deposits and investments (continued)

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the potential for a decline in market value due to rising interest rates. In accordance with its formally adopted investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair market value by limiting the portfolio's weighted average maturity to a maximum of 730 days. The City also employs an investment maturity laddering structure to stagger investment maturities at various monthly rungs on the ladder. This laddering structure provides the City with the ability to reinvest the proceeds from the maturities in higher-yielding securities given the proceeds are not required to meet immediate cash flow needs.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that a government will not be able to recover (a) deposits if the depository financial institution fails or (b) the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party if the counterparty to the investment or deposit transaction fails. To minimize such risk, the City requires collateralization of most deposits in excess of coverage, utilizes the delivery vs. payment method for investment purchases, and contracts with a third-party safekeeping agent. In conjunction with JP Morgan Chase, the City has exercised the option to accept a Federal Home Loan Bank Irrevocable Standby Letter of Credit, as the first \$9,600,000 of collateral.

Per the terms of its depository agreement, for bank deposits in excess of the coverage provided by the FDIC, the City requires the depository bank to pledge to the City securities (collateral) equal to the following percentages, as applicable, to the largest balances the City maintains in the Bank.

Maturity of Collateral	U.S. Treasuries	Other Securities
1 year or less	101%	102%
1 year to 5 years	102%	105%
Over 5 years	103%	110%

The percentages as shown reflect the requirement based on fair value of the pledged securities.

The City's depository bank also acts as its safekeeping agent per the terms of the depository contract. City policy dictates that all securities rendered for payment will be sent delivery vs. payment meaning that the funds required for purchase of a security will not be released until the safekeeping agent has received the security purchased in the City's name. No broker holds City funds. The City does not purchase securities from its depository bank or any subsidiary banks of the same bank holding company.

#### **Credit Risk**

The Credit Risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. In order to minimize credit risk, the City limits investments to those rated as to investment quality of not less than "A" or its equivalent by a nationally recognized rating firm. Diversification of the portfolio is also employed to manage credit risk. The investment policy limits the percentage of the portfolio that may be invested in any specific type of security. Ratings for the City's investments and the percentage of the total portfolio of each investment type held at the end of year can be found on the first table in this section.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### **Note III - Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)**

#### A. Deposits and investments (continued)

#### Other Post-Employment Benefit ("OPEB") Trust Fund Investments

The City has contracted with Public Agency Retirement Services ("PARS") for trust administration and Union Bank serves as the trustee for all investments of the OPEB Trust Fund. The OPEB Plan does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. As of September 30, 2020 all investments are registered in the name of the OPEB Plan's custodian established through a master trust custodial agreement. The OPEB Trust Fund investments are carried at fair value of \$2,428,318 as of September 30, 2020. The investment in master trust is classified in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy using quoted market prices of the mutual funds owned by the trust, allocated among members. The Trust's funds are invested in a mutual fund that is invested in equity, money market and fixed income mutual funds. The investment strategy of the OPEB Trust Fund is to provide current income with capital appreciation. The credit rating and weighted average maturity is not available for the pool.

- Interest Rate Risk Interest rate risk is the potential for a decline in market value due to rising interest rates. In accordance with its formally adopted investment policy, the Trust committee has chosen to use moderate risk levels. Exposure to market fluctuations can occur, and the investment strategy is reviewed annually to ensure that exposure to these market fluctuations is appropriate.
- Custodial Credit Risk Custodial credit risk is the risk that a government will not be able to recover (a) deposits if the depository financial institution fails or (b) the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party if the counterparty to the investment or deposit transaction fails. The Trust is not covered by any collateral agreement or FDIC insurance.
- Credit Risk The Credit Risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill
  its obligations. The risk tolerance chosen by the Trust is moderate. The mutual fund investment is not rated.

#### Fair Value of Assets

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value measurements must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. There is a hierarchy of three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs supported by little or no market activity and are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or independent asset pricing services and pricing models, the inputs of which are market-based or independently sourced market parameters, including, but not limited to, yield curves, interest rates, volatilities, prepayments, defaults, cumulative loss projections and cash flows. Such securities are classified in Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. In certain cases where Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available, securities are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### **Note III - Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)**

#### A. Deposits and investments (continued)

#### **Recurring Measurements**

The following table presents the fair value measurements of assets recognized in the accompanying financial statements measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at September 30, 2020:

Fair Value	Lev	el 1	Level 2	]	Level 3
\$ 21,211,942	\$	-	\$ 21,211,942	\$	-
32,784,634		-	32,784,634		-
2,428,318		-	-		2,428,318
1,399,009			1,399,009		
57,823,903	\$		\$ 55,395,585	\$	2,428,318
	\$ 21,211,942 32,784,634 2,428,318 1,399,009	\$ 21,211,942 \$ 32,784,634 2,428,318 1,399,009	\$ 21,211,942 \$ - 32,784,634 - 2,428,318 - 1,399,009 -	\$ 21,211,942 \$ - \$ 21,211,942 32,784,634 - 32,784,634 2,428,318 1,399,009 - 1,399,009	\$ 21,211,942 \$ - \$ 21,211,942 \$ 32,784,634 - 32,784,634 - 1,399,009 - 1,399,009

Investments measured at net asset value - Texas TERM

5,476,563

Investments measured at amortized cost -

TexPool

45,273,318

Total investments

\$ 108,573,784

Certain investments that are measured using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) practical expedient or amortized cost have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts included above approximate net asset value for all related external investment pool balances.

## **Investments in State Investment Pools**

During the year, the City invested in multiple public investment pools, including TexPool and TexasTerm. TexasTerm is measured at net asset value and are designed to approximate the share value, while TexPool is measured at amortized cost. Each pool's governing body is comprised of individuals who are employees, officers, or elected officials of participants in the funds or who do not have a business relationship with the fund and are qualified to advise. Investment objective and strategies of the pools are to seek preservation of principal, liquidity and current income through investment in a diversified portfolio of short-term marketable securities. Pools offer same day access to investment funds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

# **Note III - Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)**

## **B.** Receivables

Governmental and Business-type funds' receivables as of year-end for the City's major funds and non-major in the aggregate, net of the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

#### **Governmental Funds:**

	General Fund	General Capital Projects	General Debt Service	Parks and Recreation Development	TIF #2 Capital Projects Fund	TIF #2 Debt Service Fund	Non-major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Accounts	\$ 433,554	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 188,768	\$ 622,322
Property taxes	919,939	-	-	-	-	-	-	919,939
Other taxes	2,150,751	-	-	979,932	-	-	1,047,338	4,178,021
Interest	3,572	1,820	219	746	1,878	2,204	2,331	12,770
Special assessments	-	132,657	-	-	-	-	-	132,657
Intergovernmental	359,074	-	-	-	-	-	914,918	1,273,992
Other	107,318	6,075,000		32,481			1,529,144	7,743,943
Total	3,974,208	6,209,477	219	1,013,159	1,878	2,204	3,682,499	14,883,644
Allowance	(666,221)	-	-	-			(4,905)	(671,126)
Total (net of allowance)	\$ 3,307,987	\$ 6,209,477	\$ 219	\$ 1,013,159	\$ 1,878	\$ 2,204	\$ 3,677,594	\$ 14,212,518

#### **Proprietary Funds:**

	Utility	quatic Park	 Golf	 Total Enterprise Funds	nternal Service
Accounts	\$ 5,266,782	\$ 3,387	\$ 17,815	\$ 5,287,984	\$ 30,464
Interest	3,844	309	140	4,293	3,827
Intergovernmental	266,729	-	-	266,729	-
Total	5,537,355	3,696	17,955	5,559,006	34,291
Allowance	(200,915)	_	-	(200,915)	-
Total (net of allowance)	\$ 5,336,440	\$ 3,696	\$ 17,955	\$ 5,358,091	\$ 34,291

#### **Unearned Revenue**

At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unearned revenue were as follows:

	Revenue			
General Fund:				
Escrow deposits	\$	19,173		
LEOSE Public Safety proceeds		75,956		
Total General Fund		95,129		
Parks and Recreation Development:				
Centre and event deposits for future services		128,942		
Non-major Governmental Funds:				
Gas development		1,456,591		
Enterprise Funds:				
Advanced Payments, Gift Certificates, Store Credit		394,379		
Internal Service Funds:				
Information technology advance payments		2,662		
Total Unearned Revenue	\$	2,077,703		

# **Note III - Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)**

# C. Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the primary government for the year ended September 30, 2020, was as follows:

Governmental activities:	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Capital assets, nondepreciable:					
Land	\$ 78,484,139	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 78,484,139
Works of art	310,208	-	_	_	310,208
Assets held for sale	14,612	-	_	_	14,612
Construction in progress	4,991,142	9,643,770	(139,868)	(5,134,356)	9,360,688
Total nondepreciable	83,800,101	9,643,770	(139,868)	(5,134,356)	88,169,647
Capital assets, depreciable:					
Buildings	125,136,695	-	_	1,315,130	126,451,825
Other improvements	252,145,689	2,011,398	_	1,905,594	256,062,681
Machinery and equipment	33,545,747	3,601,850	(1,735,496)	1,913,632	37,325,733
Total depreciable	410,828,131	5,613,248	(1,735,496)	5,134,356	419,840,239
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	(29,971,891)	(4,264,953)	-	_	(34,236,844)
Other improvements	(115,985,215)	(7,161,802)	-	_	(123,147,017)
Machinery and equipment	(17,747,439)	(2,086,190)	1,702,498	_	(18,131,131)
Total accumulated depreciation	(163,704,545)	(13,512,945)	1,702,498		(175,514,992)
Total depreciable - net	247,123,586	(7,899,697)	(32,998)	5,134,356	244,325,247
Governmental activities - net	\$ 330,923,687	\$ 1,744,073	\$ (172,866)	\$ -	\$ 332,494,894
	Beginning	_	_		Ending
Business-type activities:	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Capital assets, nondepreciable:	Balance				Balance
Capital assets, nondepreciable:  Land	<b>Balance</b> \$ 2,579,137	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<b>Balance</b> \$ 2,579,137
Capital assets, nondepreciable: Land Construction in progress	\$ 2,579,137 1,572,320	\$ - 6,524,785	\$ - (40,675)	\$ - (3,612,624)	\$ 2,579,137 4,443,806
Capital assets, nondepreciable:  Land	<b>Balance</b> \$ 2,579,137	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<b>Balance</b> \$ 2,579,137
Capital assets, nondepreciable: Land Construction in progress Total nondepreciable Capital assets, depreciable:	\$ 2,579,137 1,572,320 4,151,457	\$ - 6,524,785	\$ - (40,675)	\$ - (3,612,624)	\$ 2,579,137 4,443,806 7,022,943
Capital assets, nondepreciable: Land Construction in progress Total nondepreciable  Capital assets, depreciable: Buildings	\$ 2,579,137 1,572,320 4,151,457 3,268,726	\$ - 6,524,785	\$ - (40,675)	\$ - (3,612,624) (3,612,624)	\$ 2,579,137 4,443,806 7,022,943 3,268,726
Capital assets, nondepreciable: Land Construction in progress Total nondepreciable  Capital assets, depreciable: Buildings Utility plant	\$ 2,579,137 1,572,320 4,151,457 3,268,726 144,908,231	\$ - 6,524,785	\$ - (40,675)	\$ - (3,612,624)	\$ 2,579,137 4,443,806 7,022,943 3,268,726 146,451,415
Capital assets, nondepreciable: Land Construction in progress Total nondepreciable  Capital assets, depreciable: Buildings Utility plant Other improvements	\$ 2,579,137 1,572,320 4,151,457 3,268,726 144,908,231 28,653,417	\$ - 6,524,785 6,524,785	\$ - (40,675) (40,675)	\$ - (3,612,624) (3,612,624)	\$ 2,579,137 4,443,806 7,022,943 3,268,726 146,451,415 32,069,497
Capital assets, nondepreciable: Land Construction in progress Total nondepreciable  Capital assets, depreciable: Buildings Utility plant Other improvements Machinery and equipment	\$ 2,579,137 1,572,320 4,151,457 3,268,726 144,908,231 28,653,417 5,735,071	\$ - 6,524,785 6,524,785	\$ - (40,675) (40,675)	\$ - (3,612,624) (3,612,624) - 196,544 3,416,080	\$ 2,579,137 4,443,806 7,022,943 3,268,726 146,451,415 32,069,497 6,119,856
Capital assets, nondepreciable: Land Construction in progress Total nondepreciable  Capital assets, depreciable: Buildings Utility plant Other improvements	\$ 2,579,137 1,572,320 4,151,457 3,268,726 144,908,231 28,653,417	\$ - 6,524,785 6,524,785 - 1,346,640	\$ - (40,675) (40,675)	\$ - (3,612,624) (3,612,624)	\$ 2,579,137 4,443,806 7,022,943 3,268,726 146,451,415 32,069,497
Capital assets, nondepreciable: Land Construction in progress Total nondepreciable  Capital assets, depreciable: Buildings Utility plant Other improvements Machinery and equipment	\$ 2,579,137 1,572,320 4,151,457 3,268,726 144,908,231 28,653,417 5,735,071	\$ - 6,524,785 6,524,785 - 1,346,640 - 453,225	\$ - (40,675) (40,675)	\$ - (3,612,624) (3,612,624) - 196,544 3,416,080	\$ 2,579,137 4,443,806 7,022,943 3,268,726 146,451,415 32,069,497 6,119,856
Capital assets, nondepreciable: Land Construction in progress Total nondepreciable  Capital assets, depreciable: Buildings Utility plant Other improvements Machinery and equipment Total depreciable	\$ 2,579,137 1,572,320 4,151,457 3,268,726 144,908,231 28,653,417 5,735,071	\$ - 6,524,785 6,524,785 - 1,346,640 - 453,225	\$ - (40,675) (40,675)	\$ - (3,612,624) (3,612,624) - 196,544 3,416,080	\$ 2,579,137 4,443,806 7,022,943 3,268,726 146,451,415 32,069,497 6,119,856
Capital assets, nondepreciable: Land Construction in progress Total nondepreciable  Capital assets, depreciable: Buildings Utility plant Other improvements Machinery and equipment Total depreciable  Less accumulated depreciation for:	\$ 2,579,137 1,572,320 4,151,457 3,268,726 144,908,231 28,653,417 5,735,071 182,565,445	\$ - 6,524,785 6,524,785 - 1,346,640 - 453,225 1,799,865	\$ - (40,675) (40,675)	\$ - (3,612,624) (3,612,624) - 196,544 3,416,080	\$ 2,579,137 4,443,806 7,022,943 3,268,726 146,451,415 32,069,497 6,119,856 187,909,494
Capital assets, nondepreciable: Land Construction in progress Total nondepreciable  Capital assets, depreciable: Buildings Utility plant Other improvements Machinery and equipment Total depreciable  Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings	\$ 2,579,137 1,572,320 4,151,457 3,268,726 144,908,231 28,653,417 5,735,071 182,565,445	\$ - 6,524,785 6,524,785 - 1,346,640 - 453,225 1,799,865	\$ - (40,675) (40,675) (68,440) (68,440)	\$ - (3,612,624) (3,612,624) - 196,544 3,416,080	\$ 2,579,137 4,443,806 7,022,943 3,268,726 146,451,415 32,069,497 6,119,856 187,909,494 (2,818,905)
Capital assets, nondepreciable: Land Construction in progress Total nondepreciable  Capital assets, depreciable: Buildings Utility plant Other improvements Machinery and equipment Total depreciable  Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Utility plant Other improvements Machinery and equipment	\$ 2,579,137 1,572,320 4,151,457 3,268,726 144,908,231 28,653,417 5,735,071 182,565,445 (2,802,434) (76,153,509)	\$ - 6,524,785 6,524,785 - 1,346,640 - 453,225 1,799,865 (16,471) (4,215,446)	\$ - (40,675) (40,675) (68,440) (68,440)	\$ - (3,612,624) (3,612,624) - 196,544 3,416,080	\$ 2,579,137 4,443,806 7,022,943 3,268,726 146,451,415 32,069,497 6,119,856 187,909,494 (2,818,905) (80,352,079)
Capital assets, nondepreciable: Land Construction in progress Total nondepreciable  Capital assets, depreciable: Buildings Utility plant Other improvements Machinery and equipment Total depreciable  Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Utility plant Other improvements	\$ 2,579,137 1,572,320 4,151,457 3,268,726 144,908,231 28,653,417 5,735,071 182,565,445 (2,802,434) (76,153,509) (16,022,341)	\$ - 6,524,785 6,524,785 - 1,346,640 - 453,225 1,799,865 (16,471) (4,215,446) (1,036,030)	\$ - (40,675) (40,675) - (68,440) (68,440)	\$ - (3,612,624) (3,612,624) - 196,544 3,416,080	\$ 2,579,137 4,443,806 7,022,943 3,268,726 146,451,415 32,069,497 6,119,856 187,909,494 (2,818,905) (80,352,079) (17,058,371)
Capital assets, nondepreciable: Land Construction in progress Total nondepreciable  Capital assets, depreciable: Buildings Utility plant Other improvements Machinery and equipment Total depreciable  Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Utility plant Other improvements Machinery and equipment	\$ 2,579,137 1,572,320 4,151,457 3,268,726 144,908,231 28,653,417 5,735,071 182,565,445 (2,802,434) (76,153,509) (16,022,341) (4,275,259)	\$ - 6,524,785 6,524,785 - 1,346,640 - 453,225 1,799,865 - (16,471) (4,215,446) (1,036,030) (409,280)	\$ - (40,675) (40,675) (68,440) (68,440) - 16,876 - 51,564	\$ - (3,612,624) (3,612,624) - 196,544 3,416,080	\$ 2,579,137 4,443,806 7,022,943 3,268,726 146,451,415 32,069,497 6,119,856 187,909,494 (2,818,905) (80,352,079) (17,058,371) (4,632,975)

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

## **Note III - Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)**

## C. Capital assets (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

	De	<b>De pre ciation</b>				
Governmental activities:	]	Expense				
General government	\$	3,180,308				
Public safety		1,442,844				
Culture and recreation		2,192,886				
Public works		6,114,695				
Facilities and construction		24,454				
Fleet services		493,096				
Information systems		64,662				
Total governmental activities	\$ 13,512,945					

	<b>De pre ciation</b>			
<b>Business-type activities:</b>	Expense			
Water and sewer	\$	4,386,960		
Aquatic park		930,595		
Golf course		359,672		
Total business-type activities	\$	5,677,227		

#### **Construction Commitments**

The City has active construction projects as of September 30, 2020. The projects include street construction, widening, and streetscaping, as well as construction of drainage facilities, parks and park improvements, and municipal facilities. At year-end the City's commitments with contractors were as follows:

	Stored and					
	Project Completed to Authorization Date			Remaining Commitment		
Streets, drainage, public safety, park						
improvements, municipal facilities, equipment,						
and utility improvements	\$	169,661,772	\$	13,804,494	\$	155,857,278

Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At year end the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next year were as follows:

	Encumbrance			
General fund	\$	15,952		
Capital projects fund		4,099,852		
Total	\$	4,115,804		

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### **Note III - Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)**

#### D. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

At September 30, 2020, current interfund balances consisted of the following:

	Interfund Receivable		te rfund Payable
Governmental:			
General Fund	\$	783,128	\$ -
Other governmental			 783,128
Total governmental funds	\$	783,128	\$ 783,128

In fiscal year 2018, the City approved a long-term interfund loan to be paid in future years payable from the Aquatic Park to the Self-Insurance fund. The original amount of the loan was \$500,000 and the amount outstanding as of September 30, 2020 was \$500,000.

Transfers In/Out amounts for Governmental and Proprietary Funds are as follows:

	Transfer in:									
		General	General	Parks and	Non-major			Internal		
	Ge ne ral	Capital	Debt	Recreation	Governmental	Aquatic		Service		
	Fund	Projects	Service	Development	Funds	Park	Golf	Funds	Total	
Transfers out:										
Governmental:										
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 1,050,000	\$ -	\$ 487,102	\$ 9,063	\$2,309,693	\$ -	\$238,029	\$ 4,093,887	
General Capital Projects	734,056	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	734,056	
Parks and Recreation Development	499,363	1,171,000	509,030	-	137,743	-	-	-	2,317,136	
TIF #2 Fund	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Non-major governmental	106,482	8,511,188	248,181		1,365,319		751,989		10,983,159	
Subtotal governmental funds	1,339,901	10,732,188	757,211	487,102	1,512,125	2,309,693	751,989	238,029	18,128,238	
Proprietary:										
Utility fund	4,194,851							175,000	4,369,851	
Subtotal enterprise funds	4,194,851							175,000	4,369,851	
Internal service funds	498,973	1,140,832							1,639,805	
Total	\$6,033,725	\$11,873,020	\$757,211	\$ 487,102	\$ 1,512,125	\$2,309,693	\$751,989	\$413,029	\$24,137,894	

#### Governmental

During fiscal year 2020, the General Fund received a total of \$6,033,725 from other funds. Transfers in of \$734,056 were received to offset operating and debt service impacts associated with the City Hall project from funds previously set aside for that purpose. Internal Service Funds transferred \$498,973 to offset debt service impacts associated with capital equipment and vehicle purchases. Parks and Recreation Development Corporation transferred \$499,363 for indirect cost and to cover its portion of a sales tax based economic development incentive. Other governmental funds provided a series of transfers totaling \$106,482, comprised of \$30,156 from the Crime Control District for its share of the sales tax based economic development incentive, \$46,326 from the Grant Fund to reimburse for administrative expenses associated with grants, and \$30,000 from the Donations Fund. The Utility fund transferred \$4,194,851 for payment for administration fees, payment in lieu of tax, and franchise fees.

During fiscal year 2020, the General Fund transferred out to other funds a total of \$4,093,887. Transfers to General Capital Funds included \$1,050,000 for Streets and Sidewalks and Information Services capital projects. An operational supplement transfer of \$487,102 to the Parks and Recreation Fund for NRH Centre and \$238,029 was transferred to Internal Service Funds, including \$209,154 to the Information Technology Fund and \$28,875 to the Fleet Maintenance Fund. A one-time transfer of \$2,309,693 to the Aquatic Park to offset losses due to the extraordinary shut down of operations resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic. An additional \$9,063 was transferred from the General Fund for local required funding for grants.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### **Note III - Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)**

#### D. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers (continued)

#### **Governmental (continued)**

General Capital Projects received \$1,050,000 from the General Fund for street and sidewalk maintenance, drainage, information services projects, neighborhood reinvestments and facility construction projects. Parks and Recreation Development transferred \$1,171,000 for capital projects associated with the Parks system. Other governmental funds transferred \$575,000 from the Drainage Utility Fund, \$5,646,188 from the Grants fund for reimbursements for grant funded projects, and \$2,290,000 from the Gas Development Fund for related capital projects. Internal Service funds transferred \$1,140,832 for the purchase of machinery and equipment and related debt service.

General Debt Service received transfers from self-supporting debt repayment sources each year. Parks and Recreation Development Corporation and Other Governmental transferred \$509,030 and \$248,181 respectively.

Parks and Recreation Development Corporation received a transfer for the General Fund's annual contribution for Recreation Centre operations in the amount of \$487,102.

Non-Major Governmental funds received additional funding for economic development projects from the Parks and Recreation Development Fund in the amount of \$137,743. Funding of \$9,063 was received from the General Fund for matches on grants and to support the Crime Control District fund. Transfers between individual non-major governmental funds totaled \$1,365,319 which included \$1,338,089 from the City Point Development Fund to the City Point Development Bond Fund to pay for debt service on special assessment bonds.

#### **Proprietary**

Internal Service Funds received additional funding to help offset non-capital project related costs above normal operations. Specifically, these transfers went to the Information Technology Fund and were respectively \$238,029 (General Fund) and \$175,000 (Utility Fund).

A transfer from the Gas Development fund to the Golf Course of \$751,989 was made to offset operational losses incurred due to the reconstruction project of the Iron Horse Golf Course. A transfer to the Aquatic Park of \$2,309,693 from the General Fund was made to offset losses incurred due to the extraordinary COVID-19 pandemic that required the park to cease operations during the summer operating season.

#### E. Long-term debt

### **General Obligation Bonds**

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital assets such as streets, drainage structures, and municipal facilities, as well as for the purpose of refunding a portion of its outstanding debt.

In prior year, the government defeased certificate of obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of the new bonds in an irrevocable trust account to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the government's financial statements. At September 30, 2020, the City did not have any defeased bonds outstanding.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

# **Note III - Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)**

# E. Long-term debt (continued)

General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest	Principal
Purpose	Rates	 Amount
Governmental activities	2.00 - 5.50%	\$ 53,150,000
Business-type activities	2.00 - 5.00%	 3,590,000
		\$ 56,740,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligations bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	Government	vernmental Activities		Business-type Activities			
September 30,	 Principal		Interest	Principal		]	Interest
2021	\$ 5,785,000	\$	1,632,337	\$	530,000	\$	117,975
2022	5,140,000		1,462,997		520,000		99,975
2023	4,965,000		1,302,496		515,000		83,100
2024	4,710,000		1,154,483		395,000		69,325
2025	4,450,000		1,016,551		395,000		56,775
2026	4,435,000		878,287		385,000		43,238
2027	3,840,000		741,465		330,000		29,300
2028	3,745,000		609,399		295,000		15,675
2029	3,540,000		481,990		210,000		5,025
2030	3,265,000		362,335		15,000		375
2031	2,895,000		256,616		-		-
2032	2,800,000		161,231		-		-
2033	1,505,000		87,669		-		-
2034	1,015,000		42,219		-		-
2035	185,000		21,100		-		-
2036	185,000		16,900		-		-
2037	185,000		12,700		-		-
2038	185,000		8,500		-		-
2039	160,000		4,800		-		-
2040	 160,000		1,600				
	\$ 53,150,000	\$	10,255,673	\$	3,590,000	\$	520,763

Private placement general obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest		rincipal
Purpos e	Rates	A	Amount
Governmental activities	2.00 - 5.50%	\$	835,000
Business-type activities	2.00 - 5.00%		140,000
		\$	975,000

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

## **Note III - Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)**

# E. Long-term debt (continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for private placement general obligations bonds are as follows:

Year Ending		Governmental Activities			-	Business-ty	pe Activities					
September 30,	P	rincipal	Interest		Interest		Interest		P	rincipal	In	terest
2021	\$	270,000	\$	16,030	\$	20,000	\$	2,977				
2022		265,000		9,904		20,000		2,519				
2023		65,000		6,126		20,000		2,061				
2024		60,000		4,695		20,000		1,603				
2025		60,000		3,321		20,000		1,145				
2026		60,000		1,947		20,000		687				
2027		55,000		630		20,000		229				
	\$	835,000	\$	42,653	\$	140,000	\$	11,221				

# **Certificates of Obligation**

The City also issues certificates of obligation ("CO's") to finance the acquisition and construction of capital assets including certain capital improvement projects, municipal facilities, and machinery and equipment. The bonds are generally issued as 20-year serial bonds with equal amounts of principal maturing each year.

Certificates of Obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest	Principal
<b>Purpose</b>	Rates	 Amount
Governmental activities	1.25 - 5.00%	\$ 45,910,000
Business-type activities	1.25 - 5.00%	 20,095,000
		\$ 66,005,000

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### **Note III - Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)**

# E. Long-term debt (continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for certificates of obligation of the primary government are as follows:

<b>Year Ending</b>	Governmen	Governmental Activities		pe Activities
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2021	\$ 4,870,000	\$ 1,751,804	\$ 1,345,000	\$ 677,484
2022	4,385,000	1,587,377	1,345,000	633,953
2023	4,380,000	1,417,525	1,305,000	590,154
2024	4,040,000	1,253,304	1,305,000	546,459
2025	3,985,000	1,092,997	1,245,000	501,298
2026	3,935,000	930,453	1,240,000	455,107
2027	3,860,000	766,530	1,240,000	407,167
2028	2,565,000	624,730	1,240,000	357,383
2029	2,135,000	518,780	1,240,000	309,449
2030	2,025,000	428,354	1,240,000	266,420
2031	2,020,000	341,213	1,225,000	226,250
2032	1,875,000	258,475	1,120,000	187,938
2033	1,875,000	179,891	860,000	155,307
2034	1,870,000	101,097	860,000	126,306
2035	565,000	53,125	825,000	97,569
2036	565,000	35,772	820,000	69,247
2037	515,000	19,181	650,000	44,097
2038	230,000	7,903	640,000	22,025
2039	115,000	3,225	350,000	5,469
2040	100,000	1,000		
	\$ 45,910,000	\$ 11,372,736	\$ 20,095,000	\$ 5,679,080

#### Special Assessment Bonds – City Point Improvement District (TIF #3)

In fiscal year 2020, the City issued Special Assessment Revenue Bonds, Series 2019 (City Point Public Improvement District Improvement Zone A Project) in the amount of \$2,615,000 and Special Assessment Revenue Bonds, Series 2019 (City Point Public Improvement District Improvement Zone B Project) in the amount of \$8,965,000. The City Point Public Improvement District (the "District" was created for the purpose of undertaking and financing certain public improvements within the district as authorized by the PID Act and approved by the City Council. The City will pay the project costs for the improvement within Zone A and Zone B from proceeds of the corresponding bonds.

Special assessment bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest	Principal				
Purpose	Rates		Amount			
Governmental activities	4.50 - 5.63%	\$	11,580,000			

#### **Note III - Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)**

# E. Long-term debt (continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for special assessment bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities				
September 30,		Principal		Interest	
2021	\$	205,000	\$	609,375	
2022		225,000		599,888	
2023		230,000		589,463	
2024		245,000		578,813	
2025		250,000		567,469	
2026		265,000		555,900	
2027		275,000		542,625	
2028		295,000		528,844	
2029		310,000		514,069	
2030		320,000		498,525	
2031		340,000		482,494	
2032		350,000		464,175	
2033		375,000		445,313	
2034		395,000		425,101	
2035		420,000		403,800	
2036		440,000		381,150	
2037		460,000		357,413	
2038		490,000		332,588	
2039		520,000		306,132	
2040		550,000		278,044	
2041		355,000		248,325	
2042		380,000		229,244	
2043		395,000		208,819	
2044		420,000		187,588	
2045		440,000		165,013	
2046		470,000		141,363	
2047		495,000		116,100	
2048		525,000		89,494	
2049		555,000		61,275	
2050		585,000		31,444	
	\$	11,580,000	\$	10,939,846	

#### **Capital Leases**

The Golf Fund entered into a lease agreement as lessee in fiscal year 2020 for the financing the acquisition of golf cart equipment originally valued at \$312,851. The equipment has a five year estimated useful life with a remaining net book value of \$307,509. This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2020 was \$307,509.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### **Note III - Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)**

# E. Long-term debt (continued)

Annual lease payments for the capital lease are as follows:

Year Ending	
September 30,	
2021	\$ 74,725
2022	77,267
2023	79,895
2024	 75,622
Total Minimum	
Lease Payments	\$ 307,509

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2020, is reflected in the following tables.

	Beginning Balance	Additions Reductions				Ending Reductions Balance		_		ne Within one Year					
Governmental Activities:															
Bonds payable:															
General obligation bonds	\$ 53,885,000	\$	7,545,000	\$	(8,280,000)	\$	53,150,000	\$	5,785,000						
General obligation bonds -															
Private placement	1,115,000		-		(280,000)		835,000		270,000						
Certificates of obligation	47,385,000		4,675,000	(	(6,150,000)		45,910,000		4,870,000						
Special assessment bonds	-		11,580,000		-		11,580,000		205,000						
Premium on bond issues	5,140,853		1,082,100		(500,899)		5,722,054		-						
Compensated absences	3,272,439		684,988	(473,175)		(473,175)		(473,175)		(473,175)		(473,175) 3,4			585,591
Total Governmental Activities	\$110,798,292	\$	25,567,088	\$ (15,684,074)		\$ (15,684,074) \$ 120,681,306		\$1	1,715,591						
Business-type Activities: Bonds payable:															
General obligation bonds	\$ 3,910,000	\$	190,000	\$	(510,000)	\$	3,590,000	\$	530,000						
General obligation bonds -															
Private placement	160,000		-		(20,000)		140,000		20,000						
Certificates of obligation	14,685,000		6,840,000	(	(1,430,000)		20,095,000		1,345,000						
Capital lease	77,182		312,851		(82,524)		307,509		74,725						
Premium on bond issues	693,849		263,064		(60,463)		896,450		-						
Compensated absences	435,232		46,395		(28,625)		453,002		92,563						
<b>Total Business-type Activities</b>	\$ 19,961,263	\$	7,652,310	\$	(2,131,612)	\$	25,481,961	\$	2,062,288						

#### **Current Year Debt Issuances**

In December 2019, the City issued Series 2019 General Obligation Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$3,985,000. The bonds were issued at a premium of \$485,647 and mature in fiscal year 2030 with interest rates ranging from 2.5% to 5.0%. The proceeds from the sale were used for (i) refunding a portion of the City's outstanding debt and (ii) payment of the costs of issuance of the bonds. The refunding transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$391,853.

#### **Note III - Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)**

#### E. Long-term debt (continued)

In December 2019, the City issued Series 2019A Tax and Waterworks and Sewer System (Limited Pledge) Revenue Certificates of Obligation in the amount of \$6,040,000. The certificates were issued at a premium of \$488,498 and mature in fiscal year 2037 with interest rates ranging from 2.125% to 5.0%. The proceeds from the sale are being used for (i) constructing, renovating, equipping, and improving various City streets, including drainage, landscaping, curbs, gutters, sidewalks, entryways, signage, lighting and traffic signalization incidental thereto and the acquisition of land and rights-of-way therefor, (ii) acquiring fleet vehicles and equipment for various City departments, including fire/emergency services department and public works department, (iii) constructing, renovating and improving City facilities, (iv) constructing, acquiring, purchasing, renovating, enlarging, equipping, and improving the City's water and sewer system facilities, including the acquisition of land and rights-of-way therefor and (v) professional services rendered in relation to such projects and the financing thereof.

In December 2019, the City issued Series 2019B Tax and Waterworks and Sewer System (Limited Pledge) Revenue Certificates of Obligation in the amount of \$3,335,000. The certificates were issued at a premium of \$24,089 and mature in fiscal year 2036 with interest rates ranging from 2.69% to 3.125%. The proceeds from the sale are being used for (i) constructing, improving and equipping the City's golf course and related infrastructure and facilities; and (ii) professional services rendered in relation to such projects and the financing thereof.

In September 2020, the City issued Series 2020 Tax and Waterworks and Sewer System (Limited Pledge) Revenue Certificates of Obligation in the amount of \$2,140,000. The certificates were issued at a premium of \$147,571 and mature in fiscal year 2031 with interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 3.0%. The proceeds from the sale will be used for (i) constructing, renovating, equipping and improving various City streets, including drainage, landscaping, curbs, gutters, sidewalks, entryways, signage, lighting and traffic signalization incidental thereto and the acquisition of land and rights-of-way therefor, and (ii) professional services rendered in relation to such projects and the financing thereof. The proceeds were not received until subsequent to the fiscal year-end and the funds are therefore recorded as a receivable as of September 30, 2020.

In September 2020, the City issued Series 2020 General Obligation Bonds in the amount of \$3,750,000. The bonds were issued at a premium of \$199,360 and mature in fiscal year 2030 with interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 3.0%. The proceeds from the sale will be used for (i) street improvements, including traffic signalization, drainage incidental thereto and the acquisition of land and rights-of-way, (ii) drainage improvements,, and (iii) professional services rendered in relation to such projects and the financing thereof. The proceeds were not received until subsequent to the fiscal year-end and the funds are therefore recorded as a receivable as of September 30, 2020.

In December 2019, the City issued Special Assessment Revenue Bonds, Series 2019 (City Point Public Improvement District Improvement Zone A Project) in the amount of \$2,615,000 and Special Assessment Revenue Bonds, Series 2019 (City Point Public Improvement District Improvement Zone B Project) in the amount of \$8,965,000. The proceeds from the sale will be used to pay a portion of the costs of the corresponding zone's public improvements, funding reserve accounts for future debt service payments, and paying for formation costs allocable to the corresponding zones.

#### **Note IV - Other Information**

# A. Risk Management

The government is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. While the City has historically retained a portion of these risks, coverage exists for: general, employment practice, law enforcement, and errors and omissions liability; excess workers' compensation; property damage; commercial crime coverage; and employee life insurance. Premiums are paid into the self-insurance internal service fund by all other participating funds and are available to pay claims, claim reserves, and administrative costs of the program.

Liabilities of the fund are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for health and dental as well as workers' compensation claims that have been incurred but not reported ("IBNR"). The result of the process to estimate the claims liability is not an exact amount as it depends on many complex factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards. Accordingly, claims are reevaluated periodically to consider the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends (including frequency and amount of pay-outs), and other economic and social factors. An excess coverage medical insurance policy covers individual claims in excess of \$175,000 and/or \$10,386,756 in the aggregate for a 12-month period beginning on January 1, 2020. Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past two years are as follows:

	2020	 2019
Unpaid claims, beginning of year	\$ 1,258,714	\$ 1,249,026
Incurred claims (including IBNR)	9,205,107	10,861,626
Claim expense	(9,377,696)	(10,851,938)
Unpaid claims, end of year	\$ 1,086,125	\$ 1,258,714

## **B.** Contingent Liabilities

The City is a defendant in certain lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City's counsel the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

#### C. Postemployment Benefits

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan (the "Plan") created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan is administered by Public Employees Benefit Services Corporation. In 1998, the City implemented the requirements of GASB No. 32, *Accounting and Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans*. In accordance with this statement and tax law, the City has amended its trust agreements which establish that all assets and income of the trust are for the exclusive benefit of eligible employees and their beneficiaries. Due to the implementation of these changes, the City does not have any fiduciary responsibility or administrative duties relating to the deferred compensation plan other than remitting employees' contributions to the trustees. Accordingly, the City has not presented the assets and liabilities of the Plan in these basic financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### **Note IV - Other Information (continued)**

#### C. Postemployment Benefits (continued)

#### **Retiree Healthcare Plan**

Plan Description - The City of North Richland Hills Retired Employees Healthcare Plan ("NRHREHP") is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan and is self-administered through an internal oversight committee (appointed by the City Manager through conveyed authority from City Council). NRHREHP provides medical, prescription, and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. City council is the authoritative body granting health care benefits for both active and retired employees. The City provides postretirement health and dental care benefits for retirees and their dependents. The City does not have a separate audited generally accepted accounting principles financial report for the retiree health plan.

Benefits Provided – Full-time employees of the City who meet the City's requirements are eligible to participate in the retiree health care plan. Upon terminating from active service, employees must have separated in "good standing", be eligible to retire under the Texas Municipal Retirement System (age 60 with 5 years of service or 20 years of service at any age) with the declared intent to begin to receive an annuity check from TMRS, and must have been covered under the City's health plan on the retiree's last day of active employment. Reduced premium rates for medical and dental coverage are offered to eligible retirees that have attained age 55 at retirement and meet one of the following plan rules:

Plan Rule	Multiplier
90 Plan	1.00
85 Plan	1.25
80 Plan	1.50
Access Plan	1.75

To be eligible for the 90 Plan, 85 Plan or 80 Plan, retirees must have attained the applicable combined number of years of service plus age at time of retirement. To be eligible for the Access Plan, retirees must have attained age 60 with at least 10 years of service. Service requirements are based on continuous service with the City of North Richland Hills. Pre-65 medical premiums for 90 Plan retirees will be set to 20% of the total cost. Dental premiums for 90 Plan retirees are also reduced. For retirees that meet one of the other Plan Rules, applicable multiplier is applied to the premium rates for 90 Plan retirees. Medical coverage through the City's pre-65 health plan ceases when retirees/spouses become eligible for Medicare benefits. Vision benefits are available to retirees through a fully insured plan in which retirees pay 100% of the vision premiums. The City does not provide life insurance coverage for retirees or their dependents.

At December 31, 2019, valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Membership	
Retirees and beneficiaries	190
Inactive, nonretired members	-
Active members	559
Total	749

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### **Note IV - Other Information (continued)**

#### C. Postemployment Benefits (continued)

Contributions - The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the City Council members. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with an additional amount to prefund. For plan year 2019, the City contributed a total of \$1,477,599 to the plan for benefit payments, which was for health insurance benefit payments.

Net OPEB Liability - The City's net OPEB liability ("NOL") was measured as of December 31, 2019 and the total OPEB liability ("TOL") used to calculate the NOL was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions - The TOL in the actuarial valuation was based on an actuarial valuation performed as of December 31, 2019. And a measurement date of December 31, 2019. The following are the actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date: December 31, 2019

Methods and Assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry-Age

Single Discount Rate 3.28% as of December 31, 2019

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.50% to 11.50%, including inflation

Demographic Assumptions Based on the experience study covering the four-year period ending December 31, 2018 as

conducted for the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS)

Mortality For healthy retirees, the gender-distinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality

tables are used. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis using the ultimate mortality improvement rates in the MP tables to account for future

mortality improvements.

Health Care Trend Rates Pre-65: Initial rate of 7.00% declining to an ultimate rate of 4.50% after 15 years;

Post-65: Initial rate of 5.50% declining to an ultimate rate of 4.15% after 14 years

Participation Rates 85% for retirees meeting eligibility requirements for the 90 Plan;

75% for retirees meeting eligibility requirements for the 85 Plan; 60% for retirees meeting eligibility requirements for the 80 Plan; 60% for retirees meeting eligibility requirements for the Access Plan; 0% for retirees who are not eligible for any of the Plan Rules

Other Information: The Single Discount Rate changed from 4.08% as of December 31, 2018 to 3.28% as of

December 31, 2019. Additionally, the long-term expected rate of investment return was lowered from 6.50% to 6.25%, the demographic assumptions were updated to reflect the 2019 TMRS Experience Study and the health care trend rates were

updated to reflect the plan's anticipated experience and the repeal of the "Cadillac Tax".

Discount Rate - Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present values using a Single Discount Rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met). For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments is 6.25%; the municipal bond rate is 2.75%; and the resulting Single Discount Rate is 3.28%.

Basis of Allocation - OPEB items are allocated between governmental activities and business-type activities on the basis of employee payroll funding. For the year ended September 30, 2020, those percentages were 90% and 10%, respectively, which approximated the prior year's allocations.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### **Note IV - Other Information (continued)**

# **C.** Postemployment Benefits (continued)

# **Changes in Net OPEB Liability**

	otal OPEB iability (a)	 an Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a)-(b)
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$ 42,839,458	\$ 1,836,309	\$ 41,003,149
Service cost	1,415,009	-	1,415,009
Interest	1,748,613	-	1,748,613
Difference between expected and actual experience	(9,119,458)	-	(9,119,458)
Changes of assumptions	471,134	-	471,134
Contributions - employer	-	1,477,599	(1,477,599)
Net investment income	-	333,159	(333,159)
Benefits payments, including refunds of			
employee contributions	(1,377,599)	(1,377,599)	-
Administrative expense		(11,962)	11,962
Net changes	(6,862,301)	421,197	(7,283,498)
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$ 35,977,157	\$ 2,257,506	\$ 33,719,651

Changes of assumptions reflect a change in the Single Discount Rate from 4.08% as of December 31, 2018 to 3.28% as of December 31, 2019, lowering the long-term expected rate of investment return from 6.50% to 6.25%, revised TMRS demographic and salary increase assumptions, and updates to the health care trend assumption to better reflect the plan's anticipated experience and the repeal of the "Cadillac Tax" on high-.

Consistent with the requirements of GASB Statements No. 74 and No. 75, employer contributions include "amounts for OPEB as the benefits come due that will not be reimbursed to the employer using OPEB plan assets." The employer contributions of \$1,477,599 consists of a trust contribution of \$100,000 and benefit payments of \$1,377,599, which were paid by the City using its own assets.

#### Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 3.28%, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculate using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease		1% Increase
	in Discount	<b>Discount Rate</b>	in Discount
	Rate (2.28%)	(3.28%)	Rate (4.28%)
City's Net OPEB Liability	\$ 37,249,923	\$ 33,719,651	\$ 30,627,139

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### **Note IV - Other Information (continued)**

#### C. Postemployment Benefits (continued)

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculate using a trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage higher:

		Current Healthcare	
		<b>Cost Trend Rate</b>	
	1% Decrease	Assumption	1% Increase
City's Net OPEB Liability	\$ 30,111,047	\$ 33,719,651	\$ 38,054,075

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information about the OPEB's plan Fiduciary Net Position is available in the basic financial statements section of the City of North Richland Hills Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year-ended September 30, 2020.

## OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2020, the City recognized an OPEB expense of \$1,732,299.

At September 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
\$ 819,590	\$	(1,085,507)	
-		(8,325,444)	
 959,980			
\$ 1,779,570	\$	(9,410,951)	
of]	959,980	of Resources         R           \$ 819,590         \$           -         959,980	

\$959,980 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability for the year ending September 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	
September 30,	Amount
2021	\$ (1,321,064)
2022	(1,321,062)
2023	(1,299,027)
2024	(1,339,314)
2025	(1,333,316)
Thereafter	 (1,977,578)
	\$ (8,591,361)

#### **Note IV - Other Information (continued)**

#### D. Employee Retirement System and Pension Plan

#### **Plan Description**

The City of North Richland Hills participates as one of 887 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System ("TMRS"). TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the "TMRS Act") as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issue a comprehensive annual financial report ("CAFR") available to the public that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.tmrs.org">www.tmrs.org</a>.

All eligible employees of the city are required to participate in TMRS.

#### **Benefits Provided**

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions, with interest, and the city-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payments options.

Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of member's deposits and interest.

Benefits depend upon the sum of the employees' contributions to the plan, with interest, and the City-financed monetary credits, with interest. At the date the plan began, the City granted monetary credits for service rendered before the plan began of a theoretical amount equal to two times what would have been contributed by the employee, with interest, prior to establishment of the plan. Monetary credits for service since the plan began are a percent (100%, 150% and 200%) of the employee's accumulated contributions. In addition, the City can grant, as often as annually, another type of monetary credit referred to as an updated service credit. An updated service credit is a theoretical amount which, when added to the employee's accumulated contributions and the monetary credits for service since the plan began, would be the total monetary credits and employee contributions accumulated with interest if the current employee contribution rate and City matching percent had always been in existence and if the employee's salary had always been the average of his salary in the last three years that are one year before the effective date.

Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 5 or more years of service or with 20 years of service regardless of age. A member is vested after 5 years. The plan provisions are adopted by the City Council, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS and within the actuarial constraints also in the statutes.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### **Note IV - Other Information (continued)**

# D. Employee Retirement System and Pension Plan (continued)

As the December 31, 2019, valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	407
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	306
Active employees	559
	1,272

#### **Contributions**

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the city matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the city. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal ("EAN") actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the City were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City were 16.15% and 16.34% in calendar years 2019 and 2020, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2020 were \$6,318,501, and were equal to the required contributions.

#### **Net Pension Liability**

The City's net pension liability ("NPL") was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total pension liability ("TPL") used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

#### Actuarial assumptions:

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period 25 Years

Asset Valuation Method 10 Years smoothed market; 12% soft corridor

Inflation 2.50%

Overall payroll growth 3.50% to 11.50% including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables with Blue Collar Adjustment, with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103%. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the gender-distinct RP2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables with Blue Collar Adjustment are used with males rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% with a 3-year set-forward for both males and females.

#### **Note IV - Other Information (continued)**

# D. Employee Retirement System and Pension Plan (continued)

In addition, a 3% minimum mortality rate is applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements subject to the 3% floor.

Actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019, valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The experience study in TMRS was for the period December 31, 2014 through December 31, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investment was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expend future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. In determining their best estimate of a recommended investment return assumption under the various alternative asset allocation portfolios, GRS focused on the area between (1) arithmetic mean (aggressive) without an adjustment for time (conservative) and (2) the geometric mean (conservative) with an adjustment for time (aggressive). The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class in fiscal year 2020 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Global Equities	30.0%	5.30%
Core Fixed Income	10.0%	1.25%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.0%	4.14%
Real Return	10.0%	3.85%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.00%
Absolute Return	10.0%	3.48%
Private Equity	10.0%	7.75%
Total	100.0%	_

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### **Note IV - Other Information (continued)**

# D. Employee Retirement System and Pension Plan (continued)

#### **Basis of Allocation**

Pension items are allocated between governmental activities and business-type activities on the basis of employee payroll funding. For the year ended September 30, 2020, those percentages were 88% and 12%, respectively, which approximated the prior year's allocations.

# **Changes in Net Pension Liability**

	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)	
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$	257,463,014	\$	219,453,818	\$	38,009,196
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		6,689,567		-		6,689,567
Interest		17,239,979		-		17,239,979
Difference between expected and						
actual experience		767,788		-		767,788
Changes of assumptions		409,737		-		409,737
Contributions - employer		-		6,008,691		(6,008,691)
Contributions - employee		-		2,604,392		(2,604,392)
Net investment income		-		33,921,847		(33,921,847)
Benefits payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(10,801,408)		(10,801,408)		-
Administrative expense		-		(191,704)		191,704
Other changes				(5,759)		5,759
Net changes		14,305,663		31,536,059		(17,230,396)
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$	271,768,677	\$	250,989,877	\$	20,778,800

### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculate using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease in			1%	6 Increase in	
		Discount Rate (5.75%)		Discount Rate (6.75%)		Discount Rate (7.75%)	
				(	_		
City's Net Pension Liability	\$	59,720,214	\$	20,778,800	\$	(11,133,236)	

#### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately- issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the internet at www.tmrs.com.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### Note IV - Other Information (continued)

#### D. Employee Retirement System and Pension Plan (continued)

#### Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$6,510,050.

At September 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Net difference between projected and		_		_	
actual investment earnings	\$	-	\$	(7,621,496)	
Difference in assumption changes		318,482		(903)	
Differences between expected and					
actual experience		797,034		(629,899)	
Contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		4,612,752		_	
	\$	5,728,268	\$	(8,252,298)	

\$4,612,752 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year	 Amount					
2021	\$ (2,326,084)					
2022	(1,985,795)					
2023	868,334					
2024	 (3,693,237)					
	\$ (7,136,782)					

#### E. Tax Incentive Rebates

The City of North Richland Hills has five (5) active Commercial Development and Job-Related Incentive Rebates that develop or redevelop a particular property attracting business that generates incremental tax revenues. One of the agreements reached the end of its term and was closed out in December 2019. The agreements are subject to Chapter 380 of the Texas Local Government Code that promotes local economic development, commercial activity and business stimulation. City Council approves the agreements via resolution.

As part of the agreement, the City agrees to rebate the tax valorem tax increment and the local sales tax after confirmation of payment. If the businesses do not meet the obligations as set forth in the agreement, a clawback provision for default on agreement is included in the agreement and the business agrees return a percentage of the rebate back to the City. Total rebate of taxes for Fiscal Year 2020 was \$202,275.06.

#### **Note IV - Other Information (continued)**

#### F. Current and Future GASB Pronouncements

The following GASB pronouncements have been implemented by the City in the current fiscal year:

GASB Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*. This Statements was issued was in March 2020. The primary objective of this Statement is to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. That objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later. The requirements of this Statement are effective immediately.

The effective dates of the following pronouncements are postponed by 12 months:

- Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations
- Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities
- Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements
- Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period
- Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests
- Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations
- Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020
- Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates
- Implementation Guide No. 2017-3, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (and Certain Issues Related to OPEB Plan Reporting)
- Implementation Guide No. 2018-1, Implementation Guidance Update—2018
- Implementation Guide No. 2019-1, Implementation Guidance Update—2019
- Implementation Guide No. 2019-2, Fiduciary Activities.

The effective dates of the following pronouncements are postponed by 18 months:

- Statement No. 87, *Leases*
- Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, *Leases*.

The City implemented GASB No. 83 Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, GASB No. 88 Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements, and Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period in fiscal year 2019. The City plans on implementing GASB No. 84 Fiduciary Activities in fiscal year 2021 and GASB No. 87 Leases in fiscal year 2022.

The following GASB pronouncements have been issued but not yet implemented by the City:

GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. It was issued in June 2020, but the requirements in (1) paragraph 4 of this Statement as it applies to defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, and other employee benefit plans and (2) paragraph 5 of this Statement are effective immediately. The requirements in paragraphs 6–9 of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021. Implementation of this Statement is planned for fiscal year 2022.

#### **Note IV - Other Information (continued)**

#### F. Current and Future GASB Pronouncements (continued)

GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This statement was issued in May 2020 and provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. This statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. Implementation of this Statement is planned for fiscal year 2023.

#### H. Subsequent Events

On January 31, 2020, the Secretary of the United States Health and Human Services Department declared a public health emergency for the United States and on March 13, 2020, the President of the United States declared the outbreak of COVID-19 in the United States a national emergency. On March 13, 2020, the Governor of Texas (the "Governor") declared a state of disaster for all counties in Texas in response to the COVID-19, which disaster declaration he has subsequently extended. In addition, certain local officials, including the County Judge of Tarrant County, also declared a local state of disaster.

The full extent of the ongoing impact of COVID-19 on the City's fiscal year 2021 and longer-term operational and financial performance will depend on future developments, many of which are outside of its control, including the effectiveness of the mitigation strategies related to COVID-19, the duration and spread of COVID-19, and future governmental actions, all of which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted



# **Required Supplementary Information**





NRH Public Works street division crews replace a section along a residential street. In 2020, the Street Division resurfaced approximately 7 miles of residential streets. Additionally, the Street Division excavated and patched over 66,859 square feet of asphalt pavement and sealed approximately 29 miles of pavement.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM PLAN
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS
For the Last Six Measurement Years

	Measurement Year December 31,							
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014		
Total Pension Liability								
Service cost	\$ 6,689,567	\$ 6,406,497	\$ 6,191,617	\$ 5,991,326	\$ 5,732,122	\$ 5,572,383		
Interest (on the total pension liability)	17,239,979	16,482,949	15,687,433	14,990,680	14,861,355	14,176,755		
Difference between expected and actual experience	767,788	(455,398)	523,226	(1,803,452)	(1,819,900)	(1,880,743)		
Change of assumptions	409,737	-	-	-	(452,493)	-		
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(10,801,408)	(11,919,243)	(9,529,337)	(8,383,529)	(8,959,709)	(7,376,810)		
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	14,305,663	10,514,805	12,872,939	10,795,025	9,361,375	10,491,585		
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	257,463,014	246,948,209	234,075,270	223,280,245	213,918,870	203,427,285		
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 271,768,677	\$ 257,463,014	\$ 246,948,209	\$ 234,075,270	\$ 223,280,245	\$ 213,918,870		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Contributions - employer	\$ 6,008,691	\$ 5,737,359	\$ 5,623,410	\$ 5,409,161	\$ 5,468,306	\$ 5,636,415		
Contributions - employee	2,604,392	2,491,416	2,410,529	2,328,666	2,280,541	2,236,673		
Net investment income	33,921,847	(6,894,711)	28,219,967	12,939,363	284,162	10,400,524		
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(10,801,408)	(11,919,243)	(9,529,337)	(8,383,529)	(8,959,709)	(7,376,810)		
Administrative expense	(191,704)	(133,257)	(146,245)	(146,139)	(173,081)	(108,580)		
Other	(5,759)	(6,962)	(7,411)	(7,874)	(8,547)	(8,929)		
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	31,536,059	(10,725,398)	26,570,913	12,139,648	(1,108,328)	10,779,293		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	219,453,818	230,179,216	203,608,303	191,468,655	192,576,983	181,797,690		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 250,989,877	\$ 219,453,818	\$ 230,179,216	\$ 203,608,303	\$ 191,468,655	\$ 192,576,983		
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 20,778,800	\$ 38,009,196	\$ 16,768,993	\$ 30,466,967	\$ 31,811,590	\$ 21,341,887		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	92.35%	85.24%	93.21%	86.98%	85.75%	90.02%		
Covered Payroll	\$ 37,205,542	\$ 35,591,651	\$ 34,436,087	\$ 33,266,663	\$ 32,568,873	\$ 31,952,469		
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	55.85%	106.79%	48.70%	91.58%	97.67%	66.79%		

Changes in assumptions: In the 2015 valuation, the investment rate of return decreased from 7.0% to 6.75%, the discount rate decreased from 7.0% to 6.75%, and the inflation rate decreased from 3.0% to 2.5%

The information in this schedule has been determined as of the measurement date (December 31) of the City's net pension liability and is intended to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled in accordance with the provisions of GASB 68, only periods of which such information is available are presented.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM PLAN SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS For the Last Six Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year										
		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016	2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	6,318,501	\$	5,905,942	\$	5,727,471	\$	5,559,812	\$	5,417,111	\$ 5,528,987
Contributions in relation to the actuarially											
determined contribution		6,318,501		5,905,942		5,727,471		5,559,812		5,417,111	5,528,987
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$	38,791,732	\$	36,587,770	\$	35,403,126	\$	34,086,933	\$	33,017,098	\$ 32,471,592
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		16.29%		16.14%		16.18%		16.31%		16.41%	17.03%

Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, and become effective in January 13 months later.

#### Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rate:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period 25 Years

Asset Valuation Method 10 Year Smoothed Market; 12% soft corridor

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.50% to 11.50% including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan of benefits. Last updated

for the 2019 valuation pursuantto an experience study of the period 2014 - 2018.

Mortality Post-retirement: 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are projected

on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.

Pre-retirement: PUB(10) mortality tables, with Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. Rates projected on fully generational basis with scale UMP.

**Other Information:** There were no benefit changes during the year.

The information in this schedule has been determined as of the measurement date (December 31) of the City's net pension liability and is intended to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled in accordance with the provisions of GASB 68, only periods of which such information is available are presented.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
NORTH RICHLAND HILLS RETIRED EMPLOYEES HEALTHCARE PLAN
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS
For the Last Three Measurement Years

	Measure	ember 31,	
	2019	2018	2017
Total OPEB Liability			
Service cost	\$ 1,415,009	\$ 1,380,982	\$ 3,033,865
Interest on the total OPEB liability	1,748,613	1,612,101	2,939,073
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	(36,006,639)
Difference between expected and actual experience	(9,119,458)	(424,223)	-
Change of assumptions	471,134	(1,473,549)	678,308
Benefit payments	(1,377,599)	(2,036,450)	(2,192,748)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(6,862,301)	(941,139)	(31,548,141)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	42,839,458	43,780,597	75,328,738
Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 35,977,157	\$ 42,839,458	\$ 43,780,597
Plan Fiduciary Net Position			
Contributions - employer	\$ 1,477,599	\$ 2,136,450	\$ 2,292,748
Net investment income	333,159	(79,800)	212,194
Benefit payments	(1,377,599)	(2,036,450)	(2,192,748)
Administrative expense	(11,962)	(10,939)	(8,770)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	421,197	9,261	303,424
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	1,836,309	1,827,048	1,523,624
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 2,257,506	\$ 1,836,309	\$ 1,827,048
Net OPEB Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 33,719,651	\$ 41,003,149	\$ 41,953,549
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of			
Total OPEB Liability	6.27%	4.29%	4.17%
Covered Payroll	\$ 37,205,602	\$ 34,555,433	\$ 33,455,733
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of			
Covered Payroll	90.63%	118.66%	125.40%

Changes of assumptions reflect a change in the Single Discount Rate from 4.08% as of December 31, 2018 to 3.28% as of December 31, 2019.

Consistent with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74, the employer contributions include "amounts for OPEB as the benefits come due that will not be reimbursed to the employer using OPEB plan assets." The employer contributions shown above include trust contributions of \$100,000 and benefit payments of \$1,377,599, which were paid by the City using its own assets.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Budgetary Basis Actual	Bud	ce with Final get Positive legative)
Revenues	 						
Taxes							
Property taxes (penalties & interest included)	\$ 19,847,315	\$	19,847,315	\$	19,676,894	\$	(170,421)
City sales taxes	10,398,713		10,568,043		11,019,420		451,377
Mixed beverage taxes	151,000		118,200		125,456		7,256
Franchise taxes	4,945,065		4,819,618		4,813,490		(6,128)
Sub-total taxes	35,342,093		35,353,176		35,635,260		282,084
Fines and forfeitures	2,110,367		1,725,604		1,840,749		115,145
Licenses and permits	2,440,521		2,586,291		2,875,705		289,414
Charges for services	2,842,585		2,582,460		2,549,854		(32,606)
Intergovernmental (includes CARES Act funding)	5,325,176		5,256,140		9,013,707		3,757,567
Miscellaneous	2,141,661		2,188,423		2,382,080		193,657
Sub-total non-tax revenues	14,860,310		14,338,918		18,662,095		4,323,177
Other appropriations							
Court technology funds	59,800		64,376		64,376		-
PEG Fees	45,000		89,075		89,075		-
Previous Year Encumbrances	_		173,005		173,005		-
General Fund Reserves	-		1,912,678		21,987		(1,890,691)
Sub-total other appropriations	 104,800		2,239,134		348,443		(1,890,691)
Total Revenues	 50,307,203		51,931,228		54,645,798		2,714,570
Expenditures							
City council	133,893		96,789		57,657		39,132
City manager	734,957		755,763		755,361		402
Communications	394,874		388,599		387,739		860
City secretary	475,819		466,292		442,427		23,865
Legal	429,510		428,034		423,461		4,573
Human resources	141,545		140,204		131,486		8,718
Finance	771,524		758,454		757,538		916
Budget & research	427,236		418,602		417,821		781
Municipal court	1,394,917		1,323,166		1,275,721		47,445
Planning & inspections	1,318,419		1,334,307		1,332,368		1,939
Economic development	350,958		346,546		340,886		5,660
Library	2,282,980		2,234,535		2,094,826		139,709
Neighborhood services	2,105,253		2,055,038		1,996,052		58,986
Public works	3,411,978		3,323,604		3,278,402		45,202
Parks & recreation	1,670,973		1,613,386		1,543,592		69,794
Police	15,879,537		15,833,912		15,652,134		181,778
Fire	14,317,885		14,047,272		13,788,614		258,658
Building services	812,101		812,101		812,101		-
Non-departmental	1,095,643		1,061,919		1,012,996		48,923
Sub-total departments	 48,150,002		47,438,523		46,501,182		937,341
Other & Reserves							
Reserves	148,684		130,420		130,420		-
Transfers out	1,387,423		3,741,191		4,084,824		(343,633)
Economic development incentives	133,992		133,992		190,472		(56,480)
Sub-total other & reserves	1,670,099		4,005,603		4,405,716		(400,113)
Total Expenditures	49,820,101		51,444,126		50,906,898		537,228
Adjustment for CARES Act funds received	-		-		(3,738,900)		3,738,900
Net Increase (Decrease)	\$ 487,102	\$	487,102		-	\$	5,916,242
Reconciliation between budgetary basis actual an Increase (decrease) in fair value of investments Appropriations of fund balance Amounts prepaid for expenditures occuring in futu CARES Act funding received  Net change in fund balance (deficit) - GAAP				\$	176,690 (278,334) 10,791 3,738,900 3,648,047		

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL -

PARKS AND RECREATION DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Budgetary Basis Actual	Buc	nce with Final Iget Positive Negative)
Revenues	•					
Sales tax	\$	5,199,346	\$ 5,284,095	\$ 5,509,712	\$	225,617
Interest income		69,653	73,631	70,771		(2,860)
Youth assn. maintenance fees		39,000	39,000	27,270		(11,730)
Tennis center revenue		420,600	293,593	371,366		77,773
Park impact fees		95,000	200,000	255,834		55,834
Other income		1,500	500	5,693		5,193
Appropriation of fund balance		224,057	 622,899	 -		(622,899)
Subtotal PARD revenues (excluding NRH Centre)		6,049,156	 6,513,718	 6,240,646		(273,072)
NRH Centre:						
Memberships/drop-in passes		1,420,000	889,536	891,315		1,779
Fitness		453,000	326,719	212,928		(113,791)
Recreation/sports		324,000	161,327	234,626		73,299
Grand hall rental		402,150	316,000	275,943		(40,057)
Catering & event fees		28,275	24,000	20,705		(3,295)
Aquatic programs		255,000	148,217	105,556		(42,661)
Pool rental		3,000	2,055	3,645		1,590
Gym rental		12,000	9,900	12,020		2,120
Concessions/merchandise		27,000	17,360	16,177		(1,183)
Special events		9,000	4,655	8,680		4,025
Other		10,000	-	4,709		4,709
General fund		487,102	487,102	487,102		-
Subtotal NRH Centre revenues (only)		3,430,527	 2,386,871	 2,273,406		(113,465)
Total Revenues	\$	9,479,683	\$ 8,900,589	\$ 8,514,052	\$	(386,537)
Operating: Park facilities development administration Parks & public grounds Tennis center operations Sub-total operating NRH Centre: Center management Fitness Building operations	\$	956,834 2,129,790 627,934 3,714,558 825,518 513,399 223,910	\$ 945,945 2,015,150 528,488 3,489,583 762,924 414,756 258,160	\$ 942,388 1,959,715 521,171 3,423,274 691,784 405,534 289,717	\$	3,557 55,435 7,317 66,309 71,140 9,222 (31,557)
Aquatic		659,956	566,097	581,277		(15,180)
Recreation sports		313,492	247,730	178,438		69,292
Event center		377,310	320,294	293,768		26,526
Building services		277,788	277,788	277,788		-
Sub-total NRH Centre		3,191,373	2,847,749	2,718,306		129,443
Other & Reserves Debt service Indirect costs		509,030 497,541	509,030 497,541	509,030 499,363		(1,822)
Non-department		57,043	53,590	47,917		5,673
Reserve for capital		1,046,000	1,171,000	1,171,000		-
Reserve for economic development		129,984	132,096	137,743		(5,647)
Reserve for impact fees		95,000	200,000	255,834		(55,834)
Reserve for NRH Centre		239,154	_	_		-
Sub-total other & reserves		2,573,752	 2,563,257	 2,620,887		(57,630)
Total Expenditures	\$	9,479,683	\$ 8,900,589	 8,762,467	\$	138,122
Net Increase (Decrease) - NRH Centre only Net Increase (Decrease) - Parks Net Increase (Decrease) - Total				 (444,900) 196,485 (248,415)		
Reconciliation between budgetary basis actual and GAAI Increase (decrease) in fair value of investments Reserves which are not actual revenues Net change in fund balance (deficit) - GAAP				\$ 26,191 255,834 33,610		

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

#### **Note A - Budgetary Information**

Annual budgets are adopted on a modified cash basis for the following: General, General Debt Service, Promotional, Donations, Special Investigations, Drainage Utility, Parks and Recreation Development, Crime Control District, Gas Development, Traffic Safety, Utility, Aquatic Park, Golf, Facilities and Construction, Fleet Services, Self-Insurance, and Information Technology. The General Capital Projects Fund and Grants Fund adopt project-length budgets.

Prior to September 1, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments. Prior to September 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, department, and division. The City Manager is authorized to make inter-departmental and inter-fund transfers during the fiscal year as deemed necessary in order to avoid over-expenditure of particular accounts. After the budget is adopted, the City Manager is not allowed to authorize any expenditure that exceeds total funds in the overall budget without amending the budget through City Council action. There are instances where transfers on the financial statements may not tie directly to the transfers as presented in supplemental information. As a result of management directive, city practice, or efforts to more specifically identify transfers by purpose, it is possible for individual transfers to be referenced by another title consistent with how the budget was developed by staff and adopted by Council. During the fiscal year City budget appropriations were increased by \$1,433,097.

CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

## **Note A - Budgetary Information (continued)**

Legally			Increase	
Adopted Fund	Original	Final	(Decrease)	Explanation
General Fund	\$ 49,820,101	\$ 51,444,126	\$ 1,624,025	The budgeted increase was for an interfund loan to the Aquatic Park fund to offset anticipated losses in FY 19/20 based on the parks truncated operating season due to the COVID-19 pandemic (\$2.3 M). Partially offsetting the increase was a reduction in operational expenses in the fund – 2.5% salary reduction (April 25-Sept 30), 3% operational budget reduction, training freeze, vacant position freeze
General Debt Service	12,211,310	11,993,596	(217,714)	The decrease was due to a lower than anticipated debt service payment in FY $19/20$ .
Parks and Recreation	9,479,683	8,900,589	(579,094)	The decrease was due to temporary facility closures, program reductions, and reductions made in operational expenses in the fund – 2.5% salary reduction (April 25-Sept 30), 3% operational budget reduction, training freeze, vacant position freeze.
Promotional	290,000	260,077	(29,923)	The reduction is due to the elimination of a planned contribution to reserves and a reduction in operational expenses in the fund – 2.5% salary reduction (April 25-Sept 30), 3% operational budget reduction, training freeze, vacant position freeze.
Donations	264,388	266,828	2,440	The slight increase is due to additional police program expenditures related to the victim's assistance program.
Special Investigations	262,300	262,300	-	No change.
Drainage Utility Fund	1,657,000	1,657,000	-	No change.
Crime Control District	5,727,125	5,828,583	101,458	The increase was due to an anticipated contribution to reserves in FY 19/20 based on the performance of sales tax collections. Partially offsetting the increase was a reduction in operational expenses in the fund — 2.5% salary reduction (April 25-Sept 30), 3% operational budget reduction, training freeze, vacant position freeze.
Traffic Safety	86,726	134,294	47,568	The increase was due to an anticipated contribution to reserves in FY $19/20$ and for the annual encumbrance roll.
Gas Development	1,487,479	3,041,989	1,554,510	The increase was due to an increase in funding requirements for the construction costs associated with the 820 Redevelopment Project (\$1.5 M). In addition there was an increase in the funding required at the Golf Course to help offset losses associated with the temporary closure of the course related to the major course renovation project completed in September 2020.

CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

## **Note A - Budgetary Information (continued)**

Legally			Increase	
Adopted Fund	Original	Final	(Decrease)	Explanation
Utility	\$ 38,233,116	\$ 37,823,529	\$ (409,587)	The bulk of the decrease is related to an anticipated decrease in water purchase expenses based anticipated water demand for the remainder of the fiscal year. In addition reductions were made in operational expenses in the fund $-2.5\%$ salary reduction (April 25-Sept 30), 3% operational budget reduction, training freeze, vacant position freeze.
Aquatic Park	4,506,323	2,904,088	(1,602,235)	Significant operational reductions were made in FY 19/20 from the significant reduction of the facilities operating season (reduced to 16 operating days from 102 days planned) due to the COVID-19 pandemic.
Golf	1,651,547	1,864,090	212,543	The increase is due to the first year of debt service being owed related to the issuance of debt for the Iron Horse Golf Course Improvements Project and the addition of funding to the project from reserves for other grounds improvements.
Facilities and Construction	2,982,718	2,988,118	5,400	The increase was due to the addition of funding for exterior improvements to the clubhouse at Iron Horse Golf Course which was almost entirely offset by a reduction in the planned contribution to reserves.
Fleet Services	4,511,499	5,001,728	490,229	The increase was due to the early replacement of an ambulance that encountered significant service issues and the annual encumbrance roll.
Self Insurance	15,788,103	15,788,154	51	Slight increase based on the performance of the fund.
				The increase is due to the inclusion of funding to improve network security and from the annual encumbrance roll.
Information Technology	3,941,622	4,175,048	233,426	•
Total	\$ 152,901,040	\$ 154,334,137	\$ 1,433,097	•

# **Other Supplementary Information**





The NRH Centre is North Richland Hills premier fitness, aquatics and activity center and is designed to be the Centre of your active, healthy and connected world. As Tarrant County's first LEED certified recreation center, the NRH Centre is built and operated using sustainable features to minimize its impact on the environment. The Centre includes indoor aquatics, fitness, gymnasium, a senior center, and the Grand Hall for events

#### NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The Promotional Fund accounts for the operations and expenditures for which hotel/motel occupancy taxes are used. Occupancy tax revenues are primarily to attract tourist and new businesses to the City.

The Donations Fund holds funds contributed (donated) to the City for special projects earmarked by requests or nonrecurring expenditures. It primarily collects and holds funds that are voluntarily given by the citizens via adding \$1.50 to their water utility billing which is then distributed to support the activities of the library and neighborhood services departments.

The Special Investigations Fund is mandated by state statute to account for various legal seizure and forfeiture deposits and expenditures.

The Drainage Utility Fund accounts for the establishment of drainage facilities within the municipal boundaries of the City and the subsequent billing and collection of fees so established.

The Crime Control and Prevention District Fund accounts for the accumulation and use of half-cent sales tax proceeds dedicated for crime prevention and reduction programs.

The Grants Fund is a centralized fund accounting for all private, local, state, and federal grant proceeds.

The Economic Development Fund accounts for the accumulation and expenditure of resources designed to stimulate the local economy through development and redevelopment.

The Traffic Safety Fund accounts for funds collected from various red-light traffic safety cameras. These resources assist with funding of various traffic safety projects.

The Gas Development Fund accounts for the accumulation and expenditures of resources from gas drilling and exploration on City owned property.

#### CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Tax Increment Financing District #1 (TIF #1) Fund accounts for funds held for drainage improvements that alleviate flooding problems, reduce property damage associated with the flooding, and stimulate development for the benefit of citizens within TIF #1.

The City Point Development Project Fund accounts for public improvements funded by special assessment debt for the benefit of citizens within TIF #3.

#### **DEBT SERVICE FUNDS**

The City Point Development Bond Fund is used to accumulate monies for the payment of principal, interest, and related charges on the special assessment bonds of TIF #3.

The Sales Tax Revenue Debt Service Fund is used to accumulate monies for the payment of principal, interest, and related charges on sales tax revenue bonds.

CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2020

Special	Revenue
---------	---------

A 4-	Pro	omotional	De	onations	Special Investigations		Drainage Utility	
Assets	¢	264 227	\$	245 000	\$	212 510	¢	050.074
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	364,327	Э	345,990	Þ	213,518	\$	950,864
Investments		370,956		353,291		211,975		871,452
Receivables, net of allowance:								102 062
Accounts Other toyon receivable		- - 65 200		-		-		183,863
Other taxes receivable Interest receivable		65,399		125		75		200
		132		123		75		309
Intergovernmental receivables Other receivables		-		-		9.006		-
		-		-		8,096		-
Prepaid items		-		-		-		-
Assets limited to use:								
Cash and cash equivalents		-		-		-		-
Investments	-	000.014	Ф.	(00.40(	Ф.	422.664	-	2.007.400
Total assets	\$	800,814	\$	699,406	\$	433,664	\$	2,006,488
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	5,000	\$	_	\$	_
Accrued liabilities	Ψ	1,457	Ψ	-	Ψ	900	Ψ	_
Deposits and other liabilities		1,137		39		-		_
Due to other funds		_		_		_		_
Unearned revenue		_		_		_		_
Total liabilities		1,457		5,039		900		
1 otta manines		1,137		3,037		700		
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenue - grants		-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		-
Fund Balances								
Restricted:								
Crime control district		-		-		-		-
Debt service		-		-		-		-
Grants		-		-		-		-
Promotional & economic development		799,357		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		432,764		-
Capital projects (bond funded)		-		-		-		-
Committed:								
Donations		-		694,367		-		<b>-</b>
Drainage Utility		-		-		-		2,006,488
Gas development								<u>-</u>
Total fund balances		799,357		694,367		432,764		2,006,488
Total liabilities, deferred inflows								
and fund balances	\$	800,814	\$	699,406	\$	433,664	\$	2,006,488

# CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2020

	Special Revenue									
	Crime Control District		Grants Fund		Economic Development		Traffic Safety		De	Gas velopment
Assets							•	101000		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	404,860	\$	202.001
Investments		-		-		-		400,397		302,891
Receivables, net of allowance:										
Accounts		001.020		-		-		-		-
Other taxes receivable		981,939		015		- 02		1.42		106
Interest receivable		-		915		92		142		196
Intergovernmental receivables		-		914,918		-		-		1 521 040
Other receivables		-		12 227		-		-		1,521,048
Prepaid items		-		13,327		-		-		-
Assets limited to use:		126.026				259.027				
Cash and cash equivalents		136,936		-		258,037		-		-
Investments	Ф.	1 110 075	Ф.	020.160	Ф.	254,914	•	005 200	ф.	1 024 125
Total assets	\$	1,118,875	\$	929,160	\$	513,043	\$	805,399	\$	1,824,135
Liabilitie s										
Accounts payable	\$	7,190	\$	63,231	\$		\$		\$	_
Accrued liabilities	Ф	40,349	Ф	3,394	Ф	-	Φ	270	Φ	-
Deposits and other liabilities		40,343		3,374		-		314		-
Due to other funds		_		590,364		192,764		J1 <del>4</del>		_
Unearned revenue		-		370,304		192,704		-		1,456,591
Total liabilities		47,539		656,989		192,764		584		1,456,591
										, ,
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Unavailable revenue - grants		-		5,000		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		5,000				-		-
Fund Balances										
Restricted:										
Crime control district		1,071,336		_		_		_		_
Debt service		-		_		_		_		_
Grants		_		267,171		_		_		_
Promotional & economic development		_				320,279		_		_
Public safety		_		_		-		804,815		_
Capital projects (bond funded)		_		_		_		-		_
Committed:										
Donations		_		_		_		_		_
Drainage Utility		_		_		_		_		_
Gas development						_				367,544
Total fund balances		1,071,336		267,171		320,279		804,815		367,544
Total liabilities, deferred inflows	_	_			_	_	_			
and fund balances	\$	1,118,875	\$	929,160	\$	513,043	\$	805,399	\$	1,824,135

# CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2020

	Capital Projects			<b>Debt Service</b>						
	TIF :		City Point Development Project Fund		Dev	City Point Development Bond Fund		Sales Tax Revenue Bond		Total Ion-major vernmental Funds
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,279,559
Investments		-		-		-		-		2,510,962
Receivables, net of allowance:										
Accounts		-		-		-		-		183,863
Other taxes receivable		-		-		-		-		1,047,338
Interest receivable		297		-		-		48		2,331
Intergovernmental receivables		-		-		-		-		914,918
Other receivables		-		-		-		-		1,529,144
Prepaid items		-		-		-		-		13,327
Assets limited to use:										
Cash and cash equivalents		-		7,328,438		916,141		140,642		8,780,194
Investments		307,061		-		-		135,429		697,404
Total assets	\$	307,358	\$	7,328,438	\$	916,141	\$	276,119	\$	17,959,040
Liabilities										
	Ф		¢.		d.		¢.		ф	75 401
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	75,421
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-		-		46,370
Deposits and other liabilities		-		-		-		-		353
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		783,128
Unearned revenue										1,456,591
Total liabilities					-	-				2,361,863
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Unavailable revenue - grants		_		_		_		_		5,000
Total deferred inflows of resources		_		-		-		-		5,000
Fund Balances										
Restricted:										1.071.007
Crime control district		-		-		016141		276110		1,071,336
Debt service		-		-		916,141		276,119		1,192,260
Grants		-		-		-		-		267,171
Promotional & economic development		-		-		-		-		1,119,636
Public safety		207.250		7.220.420		-		-		1,237,579
Capital projects (bond funded)		307,358		7,328,438		-		-		7,635,796
Committed:										(04267
Donations		-		-		-		-		694,367
Drainage Utility		-		-		-		-		2,006,488
Gas development				-		-				367,544
Total fund balances		307,358		7,328,438	. ——	916,141		276,119		15,592,177
Total liabilities, deferred inflows										
and fund balances	\$	307,358	\$	7,328,438	\$	916,141	\$	276,119	\$	17,959,040

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Special Revenue

Promotional Donation	Special Drainage
Revenues Promotional Donations	s Investigations Utility
Taxes \$ 254,203 \$	- \$ - \$
Charges for services -	- 1,703,926
Gas utility leases and royalties -	
Contributions - 217,4	
Investment income 14,631 13,7	
Intergovernmental -	- 14,500 -
Forfeitures -	- 56,939 -
Miscellaneous -	5 3 -
<b>Total revenues</b> 268,834 231,1	79,525 1,732,317
Expanditures	
Expenditures General government 137,792 17,2	250
_	
Public safety - 10,5 Culture and recreation 104,928 101,6	
Public works	33,070
Capital outlay:	33,070
	228
Public safety -	- 4,597 -
Public works -	- 4,397 -
Debt service:	
Interest and fiscal charges -	
Bond issuance costs -	
Total expenditures 242,720 136,1	- 132 57,165 33,070
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	37,103 33,070
over expenditures 26,114 95,0	043 22,360 1,699,247
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	
Issuance of special assessment bonds -	
Transfers in -	
Transfers out (30,0	
Total other financing sources (uses) (30,0	000) - (823,181)
Net change in fund balances 26,114 65,0	22,360 876,066
Fund balances - beginning of year 773,243 629,3	324 410,404 1,130,422
Fund balances - end of year \$ 799,357 \$ 694,3	\$ 432,764 \$ 2,006,488

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

					Special R	le ve nue				
		me Control District	Grants Fund		Economic Development		Traffic Safety		De	Gas velopment
Revenues										
Taxes	\$	5,577,519	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Charges for services		-		-		-		34,250		-
Gas utility leases and royalties		-		-		-		-		407,632
Contributions		-		-		-		-		-
Investment income		5,788	46,	626	:	10,195		15,373		28,119
Intergovernmental		297,186	6,325,	116		-		-		-
Forfeitures		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		1,703								_
Total revenues		5,882,196	6,371,	742		10,195		49,623		435,751
Expenditures										
General government		-	118.	751		_		-		_
Public safety		5,467,898	974.	992		-		17,247		_
Culture and recreation		_	3.	566		-		-		_
Public works		_		-		-		28,491		_
Capital outlay:										
General government		_	900.	000		_		-		_
Public safety		_	383.	864		_		_		_
Public works		_	353,			_		_		_
Debt service:										
Interest and fiscal charges		_		_		_		_		_
Bond issuance costs		_		_		_		_		_
Total expenditures		5,467,898	2,734.	664				45,738		_
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								/		
over expenditures		414,298	3,637,	078		10,195		3,885		435,751
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Issuance of special assessment bonds		-		_		_		-		_
Transfers in		_	36.	293	13	37,743		-		_
Transfers out		(50,910)	(5,698,			_		-		(3,041,989)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(50,910)	(5,662,		13	37,743				(3,041,989)
Net change in fund balances		363,388	(2,025,	619)	14	47,938		3,885		(2,606,238)
Fund balances - beginning of year		707,948	2,292,	790	1	72,341		800,930	_	2,973,782
Fund balances - end of year	\$	1,071,336	\$ 267,	171	\$ 32	20,279	\$	804,815	\$	367,544

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Capital	Projects	Debt S		
	TIF#1 Fund	City Point Development Project Fund	City Point Development Bond Fund	Sales Tax Revenue Bond	Total Non-major Governmental Funds
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,831,722
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	1,738,176
Gas utility leases and royalties	-	-	-	-	407,632
Contributions	-	-	-	-	217,435
Investment income	38,043	28,525	2,922	5,430	245,861
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	6,636,802
Forfeitures	-	-	-	-	56,939
Miscellaneous					1,711
Total revenues	38,043	28,525	2,922	5,430	15,136,278
Expenditures					
General government	-	-	-	-	273,802
Public safety	-	-	-	-	6,523,696
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	210,148
Public works	-	1,968,808	-	-	2,030,369
Capital outlay:					
General government	-	-	-	-	906,228
Public safety	-	-	-	-	388,461
Public works	-	-	-	-	353,491
Debt service:					
Interest and fiscal charges	158	5,000	424,870	-	430,028
Bond issuance costs		968,190			968,190
Total expenditures	158	2,941,998	424,870	_	12,084,413
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	37,885	(2,913,473)	(421,948)	5,430	3,051,865
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Issuance of special assessment bonds	-	11,580,000	-	-	11,580,000
Transfers in	_	· · · · -	1,338,089	-	1,512,125
Transfers out	-	(1,338,089)	-	-	(10,983,159)
Total other financing sources (uses)		10,241,911	1,338,089	-	2,108,966
Net change in fund balances	37,885	7,328,438	916,141	5,430	5,160,831
Fund balances - beginning of year	269,473			270,689	10,431,346
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 307,358	\$ 7,328,438	\$ 916,141	\$ 276,119	\$ 15,592,177

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - GENERAL DEBT SERVICE FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Budgetary Basis Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				,
Taxes:				
Property taxes (including				
penalties & interest)	\$ 11,200,798	\$ 11,200,798	\$ 11,200,798	\$ -
Transfers in:				
Drainage utility	278,599	248,181	248,181	-
Parks & recreation facilities				
development corp.	509,030	509,030	509,030	-
Fleet services fund	130,911			
Sub-total transfers in	918,540	757,211	757,211	_
Other:				
Bond issuance and premium	-	-	4,258,990	4,258,990
Interest income	9,119	6,716	28,004	21,288
City of Watauga, CIP				
participation	82,853	82,853	82,853	-
Sub-total other	91,972	89,569	4,369,847	4,280,278
<b>Total Revenues</b>	12,211,310	12,047,578	16,327,856	4,280,278
Expenditures				
Existing bonds & co's	12,202,610	11,984,896	12,034,330	(49,434)
Issuance costs/paying agent fees	8,700	8,700	7,185	1,515
Bond defeasance/refunding	-	-	4,182,132	(4,182,132)
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	12,211,310	11,993,596	16,223,647	(4,230,051)
Net Increase (Decrease)	\$ -	\$ 53,982	104,209	\$ 50,227
Reconciliation between budgetary	v basis actual and C	GAAP		
Increase (decrease) in fair value of	•	-	8,228	
Net change in fund balance (defic			\$ 112,437	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - PROMOTIONAL FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Original Budget			Final Budget	В	Budgetary Basis Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues									
Occupancy tax proceeds	\$	280,000	\$	192,924	\$	254,203	\$	61,279	
Appropriation of Fund Balance		-		58,823		-		(58,823)	
Interest revenue		10,000		8,330		9,897		1,567	
<b>Total Revenues</b>		290,000		260,077		264,100		4,023	
Expenditures									
Operating expenses									
Economic development		150,212		145,311		137,569		7,742	
Culture & leisure		122,901		114,278		104,929		9,349	
Non-departmental		533		488		222		266	
Sub-total operating expenses		273,646		260,077		242,720		17,357	
Other & Reserves							•		
Contribution to reserves		16,354		-		-		-	
Total Expenditures		290,000		260,077		242,720		17,357	
Net Increase (Decrease)	\$		\$			21,380	\$	21,380	
Reconciliation between budgetar	v basis	actual and C	GAAF	•					
Increase (decrease) in fair value of						4,734			
Net change in fund balance (defic					\$	26,114			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - DONATIONS FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Budgetary Basis Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues					
Contributions					
NRH water bills	\$ 60,200	0 \$ 58,800	\$ 61,096	\$ 2,296	
Donations					
Spay/neuter	8,500	12,000	28,119	16,119	
Shelter fund	10,800	0 22,934	24,980	2,046	
Duncan	15,000	0 15,000	15,007	7	
Santa cops	2,500	02,500	1,600	(900)	
Sub-total donations	36,800	52,434	69,706	17,272	
Proceeds					
Library book sales	9,000	0 6,500	6,799	299	
Other					
Interest revenue	9,07	5,949	9,177	3,228	
Other income	124,150	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	79,837	(33,948)	
Appropriation of fund balance:	,	,	,	, , ,	
Teen court	400	2,000	-	(2,000)	
Neighborhood services	9,92	3 10,523	-	(10,523)	
Library	18,81:	5 18,760	-	(18,760)	
Parks and Recreation	29,700	0 25,323	-	(25,323)	
Police	3,100	02,200		(2,200)	
Sub-total Other	195,164	178,540	89,014	(89,526)	
<b>Total Revenues</b>	301,164	296,274	226,615	(69,659)	
Expenditures					
Library - book collections	68,86	5 68,865	57,033	11,832	
Neighborhood services					
Animal services	19,810	0 19,810	4,613	15,197	
Keep NRH Beautiful	17,013	3 17,013	12,129	4,884	
Municipal court - teen court	5,000		4,500	(500)	
Parks special events and arts	114,500		46,864	66,136	
Public safety	9,200		10,991	3,149	
Transfer out	30,000	30,000	30,000		
Total Expenditures	264,38	8 266,828	166,130	100,698	
Net Increase (Decrease)	\$ 36,770	5 29,446	60,485	\$ 31,039	
Reconciliation between budgetary		d GAAP	4.550		
Increase (decrease) in fair value of			4,558 \$ 65,043		
Net change in fund balance (defic	ii) - GAAP		\$ 65,043		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL INVESTIGATIONS FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	1	Original Budget		Final Budget	I	Budgetary Basis Actual	Fin	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues								
Forfeited funds	\$	141,000	\$	71,000	\$	56,940	\$	(14,060)
AFIS reimbursements		13,500		13,500		14,500		1,000
Interest income		-		-		5,544		5,544
Other income		-		-		2		2
Appropriations of fund balance		107,800		177,800				(177,800)
<b>Total Revenues</b>		262,300		262,300		76,986		(185,314)
Expenditures								
Federal forfeited funds		145,000		145,000		35,171		109,829
State forfeited funds		105,000		105,000		14,400		90,600
Local forfeited funds		1,000		1,000		-		1,000
AFIS maintenance & equipment		4,300		4,300		7,594		(3,294)
LEOSE contributions		7,000		7,000		-		7,000
<b>Total Expenditures</b>		262,300		262,300		57,165		205,135
<b>Net Increase (Decrease)</b>	\$	-	\$	-		19,821	\$	19,821
Reconciliation between budgetary	y basis	s actual and C	GAA	P				
Increase (decrease) in fair value of	of inve	stments				2,539		
Net change in fund balance (defic	eit) - G	SAAP			\$	22,360		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - DRAINAGE UTILITY FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Original Budget		Final Budget	В	Budgetary Basis Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues		_		_					
Drainage fees	\$	1,647,000	\$	1,647,000	\$	1,703,926	\$	56,926	
Interest income		10,000		10,000		14,938		4,938	
<b>Total Revenues</b>		1,657,000		1,657,000		1,718,864		61,864	
Expenditures									
Debt service		278,599		248,181		248,181		-	
Other expenditures		605,000		605,000		608,070		(3,070)	
Contribution to reserves		773,401		803,819				803,819	
Total Expenditures		1,657,000		1,657,000		856,251		800,749	
Net Increase (decrease)	\$		\$			862,613	\$	862,613	
Reconciliation between budgetary	y basis	s actual and (	GAAF						
Increase (decrease) in fair value of	f inve	stments				13,453			
Net change in fund balance (defic	eit) - G	SAAP			\$	876,066			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - CRIME CONTROL DISTRICT For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Original Budget		Final Budget	F	Budgetary Basis Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues									
Sales tax	\$	5,160,426	\$	5,244,541	\$	5,484,940	\$	240,399	
Franchise tax		96,127		92,579		92,579		-	
Interest income		15,400		11,000		5,787		(5,213)	
SRO Reimbursement (BISD)		240,826		240,826		240,826		-	
Miscellaneous revenue		70,877		70,877		58,063		(12,814)	
Appropriation of fund balance		143,469		143,469		-		(143,469)	
Transfers in		-		25,291		_		(25,291)	
<b>Total Revenues</b>		5,727,125		5,828,583		5,882,195		53,612	
Expenditures									
Operating									
Administration		16,000		8,133		8,055		78	
Community Resources		1,195,721		1,060,184		1,011,646		48,538	
Investigations		527,912		646,766		537,158		109,608	
Uniform patrol		3,005,620		2,996,705		3,008,598		(11,893)	
Technical services		573,686		561,072		523,131		37,941	
Property Evidence		222,668		232,749		231,250		1,499	
Sub-total operating		5,541,607		5,505,609		5,319,838		185,771	
Other & reserves									
Partner agency funding		44,426		43,426		43,009		417	
Other		112,758		115,402		105,052		10,350	
Indirect Costs		28,334		28,334		30,156		(1,822)	
Reserves		_		135,812				135,812	
Sub-total other & reserves		185,518		322,974		178,217		144,757	
<b>Total Expenditures</b>		5,727,125		5,828,583		5,498,055		330,528	
Net Increase (Decrease)	\$		\$			384,140	\$	384,140	
Reconciliation between budgetar Reserves which are not actual ex Net change in fund balance (defi	pendit	ures	GAAF		-\$	(20,752) 363,388			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - TRAFFIC SAFETY FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Original Final Budget Budget			idgetary Basis Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues		·						
Gross fine revenue	\$	-	\$	34,250	\$ 34,250	\$	-	
Interest income		-		8,330	11,185		2,855	
Appropriations of fund balance		86,726		86,726	302		(86,424)	
Prior year encumbrances				4,988			(4,988)	
<b>Total Revenues</b>		86,726		134,294	 45,737		(88,557)	
Expenditures								
Traffic enforcement		70,145		75,133	33,478		41,655	
Pedestrian safety		16,581		16,581	12,259		4,322	
Contribution to reserves				42,580	_		42,580	
Total Expenditures		86,726		134,294	45,737	,	88,557	
<b>Net Increase (Decrease)</b>	\$		\$		-	\$		
Reconciliation between budgetar Increase (decrease) in fair value of Appropriations of fund balance	•		GAAP		4,187 (302)			
Net change in fund balance (defic	cit) - GA	AAP			\$ 3,885			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - GAS DEVELOPMENT FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

9	Original Budget		E	Budgetary Basis Actual	Fin:	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
Revenues				_		
Royalties/overrides						
General fund purposes \$ 500	,000 \$	320,000	\$	407,632	\$	87,632
Interest income 16	,800	19,599		27,076		7,477
Appropriations of fund balance 970	,679	2,702,390		2,607,281		(95,109)
Total Revenues 1,487	,479	3,041,989	_	3,041,989		
Expenditures						
Operating						
Interfund Loan 697	,479	751,989		751,989		-
Transfer to capital projects 790	,000_	2,290,000		2,290,000		
<b>Total Expenditures</b> 1,487	,479	3,041,989		3,041,989		-
Net Increase (Decrease)	- \$	-	=	-	\$	
Reconciliation between budgetary basis actual	and GA	AΡ				
Increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	and Gri			1,043		
Appropriations of fund balance				(2,607,281)		
Net change in fund balance (deficit) - GAAP			\$	(2,606,238)		



NRH<sub>2</sub>O Family Water Park is North Texas' favorite family water park, conveniently located between Dallas and Fort Worth. The park features 8 water slides, a kiddie area, a large wave pool, a large lagoon-like play area, a lazy river and is open from May through September. Since NRH<sub>2</sub>O opened in 1995, it has consistently ranked amongst the top water parks in the nation





#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

#### **ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

Utility Fund – To account for the distribution of water, transportation of wastewater, and solid waste removal services provided to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in the fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and debt service, and billing and collections. All activities of the fund are supported by the customers of the utility.

Aquatic Park Fund - To account for the operation of NRH<sub>2</sub>O, the City's public water park. All activities necessary to operate the park are accounted for in the fund, including, but not limited to, administration, park operations, park maintenance, and financing and debt service. All activities of the fund are supported by the patrons of the water park.

Golf Course Fund – To account for the operations of Iron Horse Golf Course, the City's public golf course. All activities necessary to operate the course are accounted for in the fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, course maintenance, and financing and debt service. The Golf Course in the only non-major proprietary fund. All activities of the fund are supported by the patrons of the golf course.

#### **INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS**

Facility and Construction Services Fund – To account for building maintenance and repair services provided to numerous departments located at various sites throughout the City. Facility and Construction Services Fund operations are financed by charges to user departments.

Fleet Services Fund – To account for the maintenance, repair service, and replacement of vehicles and equipment provided to numerous departments responsible for the operation of City vehicles and equipment. Fleet Services Fund operations are financed by charges to user departments.

Self-Insurance Fund – To account for the payment of substantially all claims except for fire insurance coverage and employee life insurance coverage. Self-Insurance Fund operations are financed by charges to user departments and employee contributions.

Information Technology Fund – To account for the acquisition, maintenance, and support of computer and telephone hardware and software. Information Technology Fund operations are financed by charges to user departments.

## CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS September 30, 2020

				Fleet		Self	In	ıformation		Total Internal
		Services		Services	I	nsurance	T	echnology	Seı	vice Funds
Assets										
Current Assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,658,374	\$	1,195,802	\$	4,092,122	\$	911,834	\$	7,858,132
Investments		1,678,134		1,607,476		4,008,883		1,030,434		8,324,927
Accounts receivable, net of allowances:										
Other		882		-		20,596		8,986		30,464
Interest receivable		595		570		2,296		366		3,827
Prepaid items		5,057		-		216,682		178,350		400,089
Inventories, at cost		30,553		105,576				_		136,129
Total current assets		3,373,595		2,909,424		8,340,579		2,129,970		16,753,568
Noncurrent assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents		-		90,947		2,491,218		17,049		2,599,214
Investments		-		-		2,462,238		-		2,462,238
Interfund loan receivable		-		-		500,000		-		500,000
Capital assets, net:										
Buildings and improvements		53,976		-		_		-		53,976
Other improvements		-		-		-		602,769		602,769
Machinery and equipment		386,341		7,435,475		13,312		2,287,673		10,122,801
Accumulated depreciation		(381,897)		(5,411,561)		(13,312)		(2,361,654)		(8,168,424)
Net capital assets		58,420		2,023,914		_		528,788		2,611,122
Total noncurrent assets		58,420		2,114,861		5,453,456		545,837		8,172,574
Total assets		3,432,015		5,024,285		13,794,035		2,675,807		24,926,142
Deferred Outflows of Resources										
Deferred outflows - OPEB		57,327		52,195		31,426		77,230		218,178
Deferred outflows - Pension		98,444		62,425		49,810		10,763		221,442
Total deferred outflows of resources		155,771		114,620		81,236		87,993		439,620
Liabilities										
Current Liabilities:										
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	74,219	\$	16,704	\$	1,110,827	\$	76,565	\$	1,278,315
Other current liabilities	Ψ	277	Ψ	541	Ψ	12,558	Ψ	11	Ψ	13,387
Compensated absences		2,873		27,623		14,791		17,384		62,671
Unearned revenue		_,,,,,						2,662		2,662
Total current liabilities		77,369		44,868	_	1,138,176		96,622		1,357,035
Noncurrent Liabilities:										
Compensated absences		39,531		20,125		60,868		115,067		235,591
Net OPEB liability		598,485		657,180		327,903		791,667		2,375,235
Net pension liability		409,914		429,556		256,654		457,144		1,553,268
Total noncurrent liabilities	-	1,047,930		1,106,861		645,425		1,363,878		4,164,094
Total liabilities		1,125,299		1,151,729		1,783,601		1,460,500		5,521,129
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Deferred inflows - OPEB		152,092		103,949		83,433		209,384		548,858
Deferred inflows - OFEB  Deferred inflows - pension		108,988		167,761		57,410		126,572		460,731
Total deferred inflows of resources		261,080		271,710	_	140,843	_	335,956	_	1,009,589
Not Position										
Net Position		E0 400		2.022.01.4				<b>53</b> 0 <b>5</b> 00		2 (11 122
Investment in capital assets		58,420		2,023,914		11.050.025		528,788		2,611,122
Unrestricted (deficit)	•	2,142,987	•	1,691,552	•	11,950,827	•	438,556	•	16,223,922
Total net position	\$	2,201,407	\$	3,715,466	\$	11,950,827	\$	967,344	\$	18,835,044

## CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN **NET POSITION - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS**

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Facilities and Construction Services	Fleet Services	Self Insurance	Information Technology	Total Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues					
Internal service revenues:					
Risk management	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,014,007	\$ -	\$ 14,014,007
Facilities and fleet management	2,912,818	4,012,486	-	-	6,925,304
Information systems management	-	-	-	3,066,441	3,066,441
Miscellaneous revenues	41,270	566	40,476	235,587	317,899
Total operating revenues	2,954,088	4,013,052	14,054,483	3,302,028	24,323,651
Operating Expenses					
Claims	-	-	8,508,702	-	8,508,702
Contractual services	803,459	128,605	412,059	488,099	1,832,222
Personnel services	998,770	1,003,412	538,486	1,251,585	3,792,253
Repairs and maintenance	654,536	1,051,789	-	1,410,686	3,117,011
Supplies	86,117	782,105	4,503	162,241	1,034,966
Depreciation	24,454	493,096		64,662	582,212
Total operating expenses	2,567,336	3,459,007	9,463,750	3,377,273	18,867,366
Operating income (loss)	386,752	554,045	4,590,733	(75,245)	5,456,285
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)					
Investment income	65,174	63,649	239,695	37,350	405,868
Other income	-	34,237	177,757	-	211,994
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets		350,932		2,591	353,523
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	65,174	448,818	417,452	39,941	971,385
Income (loss) before transfers	451,926	1,002,863	5,008,185	(35,304)	6,427,670
Transfers					
Transfers in	-	28,875	-	384,154	413,029
Transfers out	(96,500)	(1,057,795)		(485,510)	(1,639,805)
Total transfers - net	(96,500)	(1,028,920)		(101,356)	(1,226,776)
Change in net position	355,426	(26,057)	5,008,185	(136,660)	5,200,894
Net position - beginning of year	1,845,981	3,741,523	6,942,642	1,104,004	13,634,150
Net position - end of year	\$ 2,201,407	\$ 3,715,466	\$ 11,950,827	\$ 967,344	\$ 18,835,044

# CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Co	cilities and nstruction Services	•	Fleet Services	ī	Self nsurance		formation echnology	То	tal Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:	_				_			9,		
Receipts from interfund services provided	\$	2,905,627	\$	4,016,394	\$	13,993,671	\$	3,055,227	\$	23,970,919
Other operating revenue	-	41,270	•	566	-	40,476	-	235,587	-	317,899
Payments to suppliers		(1,572,004)		(2,003,339)		(9,517,283)		(2,156,274)		(15,248,900)
Payments to employees		(996,393)		(983,879)		(504,208)		(1,200,471)		(3,684,951)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		378,500		1,029,742		4,012,656		(65,931)		5,354,967
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		e , e ,e e e		-,,		.,,		(00,000)		-,,
Transfers from other funds		_		28,875		_		384,154		413,029
Transfers to other funds		(96,500)		(1,057,795)		_		(485,510)		(1,639,805)
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing		(96,500)		(1,028,920)	_	_	_	(101,356)	_	(1,226,776)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:										
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		-		(297,234)		-		(15,497)		(312,731)
Insurance recovery proceeds		_		34,237		177,757		-		211,994
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		_		193,235		· -		2,591		195,826
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related										
financing activities		_		(69,762)		177,757		(12,906)		95,089
Cash flows from investing activities:										
Sale (purchase) of investments		178,054		213,244		(1,434,584)		299,638		(743,648)
Interest and dividends received		67,327		65,774		244,855		38,953		416,909
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		245,381		279,018		(1,189,729)		338,591		(326,739)
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •										<u> </u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		527,381		210,078		3,000,684		158,398		3,896,541
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		1,130,993		1,076,671		3,582,656		770,485		6,560,805
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	1,658,374	\$	1,286,749	\$	6,583,340	\$	928,883	\$	
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to Combining Statement of Net Position - Internal Service Funds Cash and cash equivalents - current Cash and cash equivalents - noncurrent	\$	1,658,374	\$	1,195,802 90,947	\$	4,092,122 2,491,218	\$	911,834 17,049	\$	7,858,132 2,599,214
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,658,374	\$	1,286,749	\$	6,583,340	\$	928,883	\$	10,457,346
Total cash and cash equivalents	Ψ	1,030,377	Ψ	1,200,747	Ψ	0,303,340	Ψ	720,003	Ψ	10,437,340
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:  Operating income (loss)	\$	386,752	\$	554,045	\$	4,590,733	\$	(75,245)	\$	5,456,285
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net						.,		(10,210)	_	
cash provided by (used for) operating activities:										
Depreciation expense		24,454		493,096		-		64,662		582,212
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(882)		-		(20,336)		1,678		(19,540)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		(5,057)		4,618		(216,682)		(24,041)		(241,162)
(Increase) decrease in inventories		(6,309)		3,908		-		-		(2,401)
(Increase) decrease in OPEB deferred outflows		(12,146)		(8,260)		(6,662)		(16,728)		(43,796)
(Increase) decrease in pension deferred outflows		341,499		232,219		187,336		470,294		1,231,348
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(22,739)		(45,569)		(375,337)		(70,903)		(514,548)
Increase (decrease) in other current liabilities		(96)		111		-		(304)		(289)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		(10,876)		10,524		27,006		32,864		59,518
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenues		-		_		=		(12,892)		(12,892)
Increase (decrease) in other post employment benefits		(127,461)		(86,674)		(69,922)		(175,532)		(459,589)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		(301,532)		(205,042)		(165,411)		(415,253)		(1,087,238)
Increase (decrease) in OPEB deferred inflows		144,086		97,978		79,042		198,427		519,533
Increase (decrease) in pension deferred inflows		(31,193)		(21,212)		(17,111)		(42,958)		(112,474)
Total adjustments		(8,252)		475,697		(578,077)		9,314		(101,318)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	378,500	\$	1,029,742	\$	4,012,656	\$	(65,931)	\$	5,354,967
			_		_		_		_	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - UTILITY FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	В	Budgetary Basis Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues	 <u> </u>					
Water sales & charges						
Water sales	\$ 24,556,883	\$ 24,485,197	\$	24,506,261	\$	21,064
Water taps	44,200	44,200		49,900		5,700
Water inspection fees	24,000	24,000		47,857		23,857
Sub-total	 24,625,083	24,553,397		24,604,018		50,621
Sewer sales & charges						
Sewer sales	12,660,706	12,448,676		12,088,789		(359,887)
Sewer taps	12,600	12,600		14,700		2,100
Sewer inspection fees	24,000	19,000		19,315		315
Sub-total	12,697,306	12,480,276		12,122,804		(357,472)
Miscellaneous						
Interest income	144,000	103,769		187,815		84,046
Service charges	153,500	133,388		112,746		(20,642)
Late charges	420,000	318,111		347,698		29,587
Miscellaneous	36,034	55,550		63,152		7,602
Joint use reimb. (Watauga)	93,000	102,925		102,925		-
Subdivision meter revenue	64,193	60,193		62,109		1,916
Developer CIP participation	_	-		1,266,005		1,266,005
Sub-total	910,727	773,936	•	2,142,450		1,368,514
Appropriation of fund balance		 <u> </u>				
Previous year encumbrances	_	15,920		15,920		_
Total Revenues	\$ 38,233,116	\$ 37,823,529	\$	38,885,192	\$	1,061,663
Expenses						
Operating						
Administration	\$ 356,793	\$ 354,171	\$	358,998	\$	(4,827)
Development	946,578	945,842		912,495		33,347
Right of way maintenance	352,976	352,570		288,706		63,864
Sub-total	 1,656,347	 1,652,583		1,560,199		92,384
Water services						
Water operations	4,799,523	4,766,117		4,693,705		72,412
Purchase of water FTW	4,294,242	3,274,554		2,726,909		547,645
Purchase of water TRA	6,197,623	6,763,657		7,448,048		(684,391)
Sub-total	15,291,388	14,804,328		14,868,662		(64,334)
Sewer services						
Sewer operations	1,499,013	1,463,974		1,309,758		154,216
Sewer treatment FTW	1,522,893	1,463,829		1,415,527		48,302
Sewer treatment TRA	5,073,378	5,349,157		5,392,857		(43,700)
Sub-total	8,095,284	8,276,960		8,118,142		158,818
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CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - UTILITY FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Expenses (continued)				
Finance/Utility Collections:				
Meter reading	\$ 571,258	\$ 571,392	\$ 566,430	\$ 4,962
Utility billing/customer service	1,051,214	1,040,074	982,323	57,751
Utility collection services	249,273	248,098	241,454	6,644
Accounting services	444,255	437,717	408,603	29,114
Budget & research	236,339	232,820	232,038	782
Sub-total	2,552,339	2,530,101	2,430,848	99,253
Building services	1,822,929	1,822,929	1,822,929	-
Non-departmental	317,120	338,091	290,037	48,054
Sub-total Departments	29,735,407	29,424,992	29,090,817	334,175
Other & Reserves				
Debt service	1,673,546	1,658,969	1,666,986	(8,017)
Bond refunding	-	-	208,323	(208,323)
Franchise fee	1,116,527	1,097,397	1,087,873	9,524
Indirect costs	2,182,170	2,182,170	2,182,170	· _
Payment in lieu of taxes	405,201	405,201	405,201	_
Transfer from CIP reserve to				
information services fund	175,000	175,000	175,000	-
Transfer to capital	901,657	901,657	901,657	-
Reserve for capital	2,043,608	1,978,143	-	1,978,143
Total other & reserves	8,497,709	8,398,537	6,627,210	1,771,327
<b>Total expenses</b>	38,233,116	37,823,529	35,718,027	2,105,502
Net Increase (Decrease)	\$ -	\$ -	3,167,165	\$ 3,167,165
Non-cash revenue (contributions	from developers)		1,266,005	
Net increase (decrease) - adjusted		enue above	1,901,160	
, ,			3,167,165	
Reconciliation between budgetary	basis actual and	GAAP		
Depreciation expense			(4,386,960)	
Amounts paid for long-term liabil	ities		1,227,501	
Capital outlay			(1,270,316)	
Increase (decrease) in fair value o	f investments		244,369	
Gain/(loss) on disposal of assets			46,815	
Inflows of resources that represen	t unearned revenue	;	1,049,023	
Transfers in			901,657	
Net change in fund balance (defic	it) - GAAP		\$ 979,254	
(	-			

CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - AQUATIC PARK For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Original Budget		Final Budget	F	Budgetary Basis Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues								
Operating:								
Admissions	\$	3,259,118	\$	500,000	\$	206,779	\$	(293,221)
Food and beverage		848,881		66,200		60,771		(5,429)
Merchandise		150,087		8,400		8,564		164
Rentals		180,105		6,000		11,103		5,103
Sub-total		4,438,191		580,600		287,217		(293,383)
Other revenues:								
Interest income		20,632		13,695		19,774		6,079
Transfers from other funds		-		2,309,693		2,309,693		-
Other		47,500		100		1,420		1,320
Sub-total		68,132		2,323,488		2,330,887		7,399
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$	4,506,323	\$	2,904,088	\$	2,618,104	\$	(285,984)
Expenses								
Operating:								
General services & utilities	\$	673,365	\$	552,299	\$	534,199	\$	18,100
Public grounds, aquatics,	*	0,0,000	4		-		*	,
and maintenance		1,130,995		783,994		828,326		(44,332)
Business & office admin.		516,070		225,292		233,377		(8,085)
Gift shop & concessions		600,103		232,582		232,312		270
Sales, special events, and		,						
admissions		318,519		202,612		212,390		(9,778)
Sub-total		3,239,052		1,996,779		2,040,604		(43,825)
Other and Reserves:		- ) )		<u></u>			-	( - ) )
Debt service		753,029		753,029		753,691		(662)
Bond refunding		1,250		1,250		755,071		1,250
Transfer for capital projects		100,000		100,000		100,000		1,230
Reserve for:		100,000		100,000		100,000		_
Infrastructure & major								
repairs		357,669		_		_		_
Non-departmental		55,323		53,030		54,875		(1,845)
Total Other & reserves		1,267,271	-	907,309		908,566		(1,257)
Total expenses		4,506,323		2,904,088		2,949,170	-	(45,082)
Net Increase (Decrease)	\$	-	\$	-		(331,066)	\$	(331,066)
` ,						, , ,		
Reconciliation between budgetar	y dasi	s actual and (	JAAl	r		(020 505)		
Depreciation expense	1:4:					(930,595)		
Amounts paid for long-term liabi	iities					568,806		
Capital outlay	c:	44				7,758		
Increase (decrease) in fair value of	or inve	stments				18,464		
Transfers in	ع من	SAAD			Φ.	100,000		
Net change in fund balance (defic	:it) - G	JAAP			\$	(566,633)		

CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - GOLF For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Original Budget		Final Budget	I	Budgetary Basis Actual	Fin	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues								
Green fees	\$	295,900	\$	318,000	\$	330,437	\$	12,437
Pro shop		110,700		121,000		132,168		11,168
Driving range		34,500		34,500		39,974		5,474
Carts		133,900		114,000		114,147		147
Food & beverage		339,300		390,773		420,822		30,049
Interfund loan		697,479		751,989		751,989		-
Other revenues		39,768		36,307		178,009		141,702
Appropriation of fund balance				97,521				(97,521)
<b>Total Revenues</b>		1,651,547		1,864,090		1,967,546		103,456
Expenses								
Operating		72 110		107.722		116 206		(0.574)
Pro shop		73,110		107,722		116,296		(8,574)
Pro shop (cost of goods sold)		59,000		63,500		64,651		(1,151)
Driving range		16,500		12,135		13,446		(1,311)
Golf carts		156,604		169,464		178,899		(9,435)
Course maintenance		552,181		540,800		617,473		(76,673)
Food & beverage		163,090		160,900		171,591		(10,691)
Food & beverage (cost of		90.290		00.400		90 719		692
goods sold) General & administrative		80,280		90,400		89,718		(25.206)
Clubhouse		278,775		296,798		322,094		(25,296)
		90,100 130,033		74,430		99,469		(25,039)
Management fees Sub-total		1,599,673		130,033 1,646,182		141,127		(11,094) (168,582)
Other and Reserves		1,399,073	-	1,040,162		1,014,704		(100,302)
Debt service		51,874		117,908		190,563		(72,655)
Reserve for Equipment/CIP		-		100,000		100,000		(72,000)
Total Other & reserves	-	51,874		217,908		290,563		(72,655)
<b>Total expenses</b>		1,651,547		1,864,090		2,105,327		(241,237)
Net Increase (Decrease)	\$	-	\$	-		(137,781)	\$	(137,781)
Reconciliation between budgetar Depreciation expense Amounts paid for long-term liable Appropriations from fund balance Capital outlay Increase (decrease) in fair value of Net change in fund balance (define	llities e of inves	stments	SAAP	,	\$	(359,672) 35,904 3,317,668 (3,135,124) 4,931 (274,074)		

CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - FACILITIES AND CONSTRUCTION For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Original Budget		Final Budget	F	Budgetary Basis Actual	Fin I	iance with al Budget Positive (egative)
Revenues								
Charges for service								
Transfer from								
General fund	\$	812,101	\$	812,101	\$	812,101	\$	-
Parks development fund		277,788		277,788		277,788		-
Utility fund		1,822,929		1,822,929		1,822,929		
Sub-total		2,912,818		2,912,818		2,912,818		-
Other revenues								
Interest income		33,000		33,000		43,233		10,233
Rent from rental properties		36,900		42,300		41,270		(1,030)
Sub-total		69,900		75,300		84,503		9,203
Sub-total revenues		2,982,718		2,988,118		2,997,321		9,203
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$	2,982,718	\$	2,988,118	\$	2,997,321	\$	9,203
Expenses								
Operating:								
General services	\$	265,629	\$	264,057	\$	263,396	\$	661
Building services	Ψ	2,474,383	Ψ	2,514,731	Ψ	2,241,723	Ψ	273,008
Rental property program		36,120		36,120		21,208		14,912
Transfer to capital budget		53,000		96,500		96,500		
Sub-total		2,829,132		2,911,408		2,622,827	-	288,581
Other and Reserves:								
Other		22,762		21,686		19,232		2,454
Facility reserves		130,824		55,024		-		55,024
Total Other & reserves		153,586		76,710		19,232		57,478
Total expenses		2,982,718		2,988,118		2,642,059		346,059
Net Increase (Decrease)	\$	-	\$	-		355,262	\$	355,262
Reconciliation between budgeta	ry hosi	e actual and C						
Depreciation expense	i y Dasi	s actual allu (	JAAI	L		(24,454)		
Amounts paid for long-term liab	ilities					(24,434) $(2,377)$		
	Increase (decrease) in fair value of investments					26,995		
*	Net change in fund balance (deficit) - GAAP					355,426		
The change in fund balance (uci	icit) - C	7/ A/ AI			\$	333,720		

CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - FLEET SERVICES For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Budgetary Basis Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues								
Charges for service:								
Transfer from:								
General fund	\$	1,389,677	\$	1,389,677	\$	1,389,677	\$	-
Utility fund		1,967,647		1,967,647		1,967,647		-
Utility CIP/customers		288,678		288,678		288,678		-
Crime control district		170,426		170,426		170,426		-
Parks development fund		171,939		171,939		171,939		-
Other funds		24,119		24,119		24,119		_
Sub-total		4,012,486		4,012,486		4,012,486		-
Other revenues:								
Interest income		42,000		30,000		42,856		12,856
Sale of city property		20,000		20,000		191,836		171,836
Other income		-		23,564		34,803		11,239
Transfer from general fund				28,875		28,875		
Sub-total		62,000		102,439		298,370		195,931
Sub-total revenues		4,074,486		4,114,925		4,310,856		195,931
Appropriation of fund balance:								
Equipment services		437,013		801,424		80,245		(721,179)
Prior year encumbrances		_		85,379		85,379		
Total Revenues	\$	4,511,499	\$	5,001,728	\$	4,476,480	\$	(525,248)
Expenses								
General services	\$	292,713	\$	288,953	\$	288,411	\$	542
Equipment services/operation		1,574,364		1,664,249		1,565,753		98,496
Fire fleet maintenance		323,461		366,935		349,944		16,991
Equipment purchases		746,830		600,748		583,567		17,181
Fire vehicles/equipment		107,280		77,280		93,118		(15,838)
Police vehicles/equipment		553,000		536,000		519,383		16,617
Sub-total		3,597,648		3,534,165		3,400,176		133,989
Other and Reserves:		620.004		400.053		400.050		
Debt service		629,884		498,973		498,973		-
Other		183,967		579,142		577,331		1,811
Equipment services reserves		100,000		389,448		1.076.204		389,448
Total Other & reserves		913,851		1,467,563		1,076,304		391,259
Total expenses	Ф.	4,511,499	Ф.	5,001,728		4,476,480	Φ.	525,248
Net Increase (Decrease)	\$		\$			-	\$	
Reconciliation between budgetar	y basi	s actual and (	GAAI	2				
Depreciation expense						(493,096)		
Amounts paid for long-term liabi	lities					(19,537)		
Capital outlay						476,931		
Increase (decrease) in fair value of	of inve	estments				20,791		
Gain/(loss) on disposal of assets						159,096		
Outflows of resources for prepaid	_	nses				(4,618)		
Appropriations from fund balance						(165,624)		
Net change in fund balance (defic	eit) - (	GAAP			\$	(26,057)		

CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - SELF INSURANCE FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Original Budget		Final Budget	]	Budgetary Basis Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues								
Allocations								
Health/medical	\$	13,148,568	\$	13,148,568	\$	13,086,683	\$	(61,885)
Worker's compensation		589,500		589,500		589,500		-
Administration allocation		517,637		517,637		519,012		1,375
Other insurance		813,925		813,925		819,608		5,683
Sub-total		15,069,630		15,069,630		15,014,803		(54,827)
Other revenues								
Interest income		81,473		81,524		143,731		62,207
Other income		137,000		137,000		215,554		78,554
Expenditure reimbursement		400,000		400,000		107,717		(292,283)
Sub-total		618,473		618,524		467,002		(151,522)
Sub-total revenues		15,688,103		15,688,154		15,481,805		(206,349)
Appropriation of fund balance		100,000		100,000		-		(100,000)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$	15,788,103	\$	15,788,154	\$	15,481,805	\$	(306,349)
Expenses								
Health/medical	\$	13,259,089	\$	11,262,557	\$	8,687,168	\$	2,575,389
Worker's compensation	_	589,500	7	589,500	_	375,971	7	213,529
Personnel expenses		508,784		497,881		476,372		21,509
Other insurance		678,926		848,336		791,224		57,112
Other expenses		137,000		198,500		207,310		(8,810)
Life insurance premium		135,000		135,000		116,620		18,380
Sub-total		15,308,299		13,531,774		10,654,665		2,877,109
Other and Reserves								
Retiree health care reserve		100,000		100,000		100,000		-
Contribution to reserves		379,804		2,156,380				2,156,380
<b>Total expenses</b>		15,788,103		15,788,154		10,754,665		5,033,489
<b>Net Increase (Decrease)</b>	\$	-	\$	-		4,727,140	\$	4,727,140
Reconciliation between budgetar Amounts paid for long-term liab	-	is actual and (	GAA]	P		(34,277)		
Increase (decrease) in fair value		estments				95,962		
Gain/(loss) on disposal of assets	O1 111 VV					2,678		
Outflows of resources for prepai	d expe	nses				216,682		
Net change in fund balance (defi	_				\$	5,008,185		
	- /				-	- ,		

CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Original Budget		Final Budget	В	Budgetary Basis Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues		Duuget		Duaget		retuar		(egative)
Telecom (transfers in)								
General fund	\$	369,544	\$	369,544	\$	369,544	\$	_
Park fund	Ψ	37,493	Ψ	37,493	Ψ	37,493	Ψ	_
Crime control district		39,739		39,739		39,739		_
Utility fund		93,965		93,965		93,965		_
Other funds		67,487		67,487		67,487		_
Sub-total		608,228		608,228		608,228		_
Computers (transfers in)						/		
General fund		1,093,677		1,035,727		1,035,727		_
Park fund		118,506		118,506		118,506		_
Crime control district		210,252		210,252		210,252		_
Utility fund		771,562		771,562		771,562		_
Other funds		322,166		322,166		322,166		_
Sub-total		2,516,163		2,458,213		2,458,213		
Other revenues:						, ,		
Interest income		29,167		21,000		24,896		3,896
Transmitter lease		152,958		170,000		176,960		6,960
Other income		_		57,952		61,217		3,265
Transfer from general fund		193,954		209,154		209,154		_
Transfer from utility fund		175,000		175,000		175,000		_
Sub-total		551,079		633,106		647,227		14,121
Sub-total revenues		3,675,470		3,699,547		3,713,668		14,121
Appropriation of fund balance								
Prior year encumbrances		-		153,301		-		(153,301)
Information systems reserves		266,152		322,200		-		(322,200)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$	3,941,622	\$	4,175,048	\$	3,713,668	\$	(461,380)
Expenses								
General services	\$	266,283	\$	264,779	\$	278,069	\$	(13,290)
Major computer systems		346,426		349,047		315,917		33,130
Microcomputer systems		776,217		791,700		825,548		(33,848)
Telecommunications		500,599		495,949		474,742		21,207
Data network		938,810		936,739		629,630		307,109
GIS system		183,145		182,139		181,397		742
Public safety		642,645		657,336		548,317		109,019
Sub-total Sub-total		3,654,125		3,677,689		3,253,620		424,069
Other and Reserves								
Other		14,497		11,849		47,410		(35,561)
System improvements		273,000		485,510		-		485,510
Total Other & reserves		287,497		497,359		47,410		449,949
Total expenses		3,941,622		4,175,048		3,301,030		874,018
Net Increase (Decrease)	\$	-	\$	-		412,638	\$	412,638
Reconciliation between budgetar	v basi	s actual and (	GAAP	•				
Depreciation expense	,					(64,662)		
Amounts paid for long-term liab	ilities					(51,116)		
Capital outlay						(470,013)		
Increase (decrease) in fair value	of inve	stments				12,452		
Outflows of resources for prepai						24,041		
Net change in fund balance (defi					\$	(136,660)		

## **Statistical Section**





The NRH water and sewer utility provides services to over 21,000 residential and business customers. The water provided by the city consistently meets or exceeds all state and federal drinking water requirements. The City of North Richland Hills purchases its drinking water, as well as sewer treatment services, from the City of Fort Worth and the Trinity River Authority as a wholesale customer. The Public Works Department Utility Division is responsible for maintenance of the city's water and sewer infrastructure.

#### **Statistical Section**

#### **Financial Trends**

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

#### **Revenue Capacity**

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

#### **Debt Capacity**

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current level of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

#### **Demographic and Economic Information**

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.

#### **Operating Information**

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

# CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

Last Ten Fiscal Years Amounts in (000's) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Governmental Activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 250,864,326	\$ 221,090,589	\$ 214,081,749	\$ 208,508,926	\$ 199,625,197
Restricted	23,228,613	20,825,594	16,138,949	11,257,910	4,005,996
Unrestricted	(18,239,276)	1,428,088	(4,852,295)	15,716,225	28,160,118
Total governmental activities					
net position	\$ 255,853,663	\$ 243,344,271	\$ 225,368,403	\$ 235,483,061	\$231,791,311
<b>Business-type Activities</b>					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 71,094,790	\$ 73,399,637	\$ 74,787,942	\$ 52,999,815	\$ 54,387,271
Restricted	6,188,722	5,119,704	4,260,462	3,764,244	3,507,899
Unrestricted	12,239,489	8,872,010	8,737,576	9,421,299	13,365,978
<b>Total business-type activities</b>					
net position	\$ 89,523,001	\$ 87,391,351	\$ 87,785,980	\$ 66,185,358	\$ 71,261,148
Primary Government					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 321,959,116	\$ 294,490,226	\$ 288,869,691	\$ 261,508,741	\$ 254,012,468
Restricted	29,417,335	25,945,298	20,399,411	15,022,154	7,513,895
Unrestricted	(5,999,787)	10,300,098	3,885,281	25,137,524	41,526,096
Total primary government					
net position	\$ 345,376,664	\$ 330,735,622	\$ 313,154,383	\$ 301,668,419	\$ 303,052,459

# CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

Last Ten Fiscal Years Amounts in (000's) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Governmental Activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 196,388,094	\$ 196,926,762	\$ 205,397,867	\$ 205,162,006	\$ 178,349,544
Restricted	3,451,280	4,115,704	4,634,803	4,253,430	3,368,190
Unrestricted	30,601,993	39,299,589	26,228,262	23,572,411	37,099,102
Total governmental activities					
net position	\$ 230,441,367	\$ 240,342,055	\$ 236,260,932	\$ 232,987,847	\$ 218,816,836
<b>Business-type Activities</b>					
* <del>*</del>	Φ 57.225.770	Φ 50.275.065	Φ (2.044.064	Φ (2 (15 202	Φ 65.010.011
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 57,335,778	\$ 58,375,965	\$ 62,044,064	\$ 62,615,382	\$ 65,810,811
Restricted	4,153,891	3,788,127	3,762,460	2,710,553	2,600,187
Unrestricted	17,209,164	22,414,369	20,753,387	22,957,383	21,455,781
Total business-type activities					
net position	\$ 78,698,833	\$ 84,578,461	\$ 86,559,911	\$ 88,283,318	\$ 89,866,779
Primary Government					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 253,723,872	\$ 255,302,727	\$ 267,441,931	\$ 267,777,388	\$ 244,160,355
Restricted	7,605,171	7,903,831	8,397,263	6,963,983	5,968,377
Unrestricted	47,811,157	61,713,958	46,981,649	46,529,794	58,554,883
Total primary government					
net position	\$ 309,140,200	\$ 324,920,516	\$ 322,820,843	\$ 321,271,165	\$ 308,683,615

# CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS $\it CHANGES\ IN\ NET\ POSITION$

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Expenses					
Governmental Activities:					
General government	\$ 18,402,693	\$ 14,795,971	\$ 7,726,396	\$ 10,056,228	\$ 17,381,050
Public safety	30,185,432	34,641,711	10,115,202	36,900,873	36,372,485
Culture and recreation	12,150,887	12,988,181	7,985,984	13,477,176	12,638,389
Public works	7,988,277	8,100,775	10,465,375	11,362,841	9,569,723
Interest and other fees	4,873,291	3,452,789	3,562,127	3,743,076	4,016,128
Total governmental activities expenses	73,600,580	73,979,427	39,855,084	75,540,194	79,977,775
Business-Type Activities:					
Utility	35,405,045	33,543,900	32,041,219	31,655,646	31,490,416
Aquatic park	3,215,995	4,556,251	4,044,801	4,863,609	5,006,324
Golf course	2,136,067	2,521,179	2,562,080	2,554,338	2,465,475
Total business-type activities expenses	40,757,107	40,621,330	38,648,100	39,073,593	38,962,215
Total primary government expenses	\$ 114,357,687	\$ 114,600,757	\$ 78,503,184	\$ 114,613,787	\$ 118,939,990
Program Revenues					
Governmental Activities:					
Charges for services:					
General government	\$ 5,099,784	\$ 5,311,802	\$ 4,835,477	\$ 5,904,994	\$ 4,158,829
Public safety	1,747,559	3,122,234	2,757,133	2,443,763	3,486,887
Culture and recreation	2,572,335	4,179,364	3,487,459	3,274,056	3,246,982
Public works	1,873,331	1,206,002	1,100,243	1,118,102	979,812
Operating grants and contributions	9,705,738	8,356,606	7,086,384	4,910,865	3,336,301
Capital grants and contributions	553,335	787,186	225,013	1,647,847	4,575,258
Total governmental activities					
program revenues	21,552,082	22,963,194	19,491,709	19,299,627	19,784,069
<b>Business-Type Activities</b>					
Charges for services:					
Utility	38,934,995	34,803,804	37,145,864	31,983,377	30,544,439
Aquatic park	287,217	4,072,406	3,759,312	4,117,435	4,005,048
Golf course	1,032,999	2,560,903	2,361,058	2,543,641	2,552,175
Operating grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	-
Capital grants and contributions					
Total business-type activities					
program revenues	40,255,211	41,437,113	43,266,234	38,644,453	37,101,662
Total primary government					
program revenues	\$ 61,807,293	\$ 64,400,307	\$ 62,757,943	\$ 57,944,080	\$ 56,885,731
Net (Expense) Revenue					
Governmental activities	\$ (52,048,498)	\$ (51,016,233)	\$ (20,363,375)	\$ (56,240,567)	\$ (60,193,706)
Business-type activities	(501,896)	815,783	4,618,134	(429,140)	(1,860,553)
Total primary government net expense	\$ (52,550,394)	\$ (50,200,450)	\$ (15,745,241)	\$ (56,669,707)	\$ (62,054,259)
P / 8	\$\(\(\pi_{2},550,551\)	\$ (50,200,150)	\$ (10,7 10,211)	\$ (50,000,101)	\$ (02,00 i,200)

# CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Expenses					
Governmental Activities:					
General government	\$ 11,393,967	\$ 11,226,130	\$ 10,656,322	\$ 10,399,845	\$ 9,886,731
Public safety	31,515,975	31,035,115	30,611,650	28,881,714	28,512,136
Culture and recreation	12,542,034	11,931,205	11,633,882	11,679,786	9,352,354
Public works	8,958,913	8,962,500	8,398,711	7,794,339	7,679,001
Interest and other fees	4,488,461	3,915,632	3,673,780	3,453,283	2,108,277
Total governmental activities expenses	68,899,350	67,070,582	64,974,345	62,208,967	57,538,499
Business-Type Activities:					
Utility	30,228,765	28,066,386	27,623,220	26,642,141	27,981,025
Aquatic park	4,354,652	4,542,966	4,749,688	4,753,949	4,507,561
Golf course	2,394,132	2,433,004	2,566,632	2,429,973	2,227,315
Total business-type activities expenses	36,977,549	35,042,356	34,939,540	33,826,063	34,715,901
Total primary government expenses	\$ 105,876,899	\$ 102,112,938	\$ 99,913,885	\$ 96,035,030	\$ 92,254,400
Program Revenues					
Governmental Activities:					
Charges for services:					
General government	\$ 5,145,175	\$ 5,521,811	\$ 5,497,050	\$ 5,490,245	\$ 5,466,876
Public safety	3,894,194	3,655,306	4,204,508	3,426,008	2,668,111
Culture and recreation	3,104,181	3,100,292	3,001,249	2,381,024	858,241
Public works	1,063,766	1,136,920	937,102	932,819	857,809
Operating grants and contributions	2,966,484	2,826,280	2,545,158	1,833,138	879,524
Capital grants and contributions	478,587	2,676,372	2,938,951	7,401,996	17,644,326
Total governmental activities					
program revenues	16,652,387	18,916,981	19,124,018	21,465,230	28,374,887
Business-Type Activities					
Charges for services:					
Utility	29,826,840	30,483,178	30,160,950	28,445,746	28,921,168
Aquatic park	4,237,734	4,019,970	4,377,388	4,548,828	4,587,899
Golf course	2,335,223	2,314,514	2,371,010	2,443,865	2,324,118
Operating grants and contributions	-	84,842	138,831	80,660	-
Capital grants and contributions			7,291	50,744	4,643,096
Total business-type activities	2 ( 200 505	2 < 202 52 4	25.055.450	25.500.42	40.456.004
program revenues	36,399,797	36,902,504	37,055,470	35,569,843	40,476,281
Total primary government	ф. <b>53.053.1</b> 04	Φ 55.010.405	A 56 170 400	Ф 55 025 052	Φ (0.051.160
program revenues	\$ 53,052,184	\$ 55,819,485	\$ 56,179,488	\$ 57,035,073	\$ 68,851,168
Net (Expense) Revenue					
Governmental activities	\$ (52,246,963)	\$ (48,153,601)	\$ (45,850,327)	\$ (40,743,737)	\$ (29,163,612)
Business-type activities	(577,752)	1,860,148	2,115,930	1,743,780	5,760,380
Total primary government net expense	\$ (52,824,715)	\$ (46,293,453)	\$ (43,734,397)	\$ (38,999,957)	\$ (23,403,232)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
General Revenues and Other Changes					
in Net Position					
Governmental Activities:					
Taxes:					
Property taxes	\$ 34,618,987	\$ 34,416,931	\$ 32,519,445	\$ 29,852,651	\$ 27,060,196
Sales tax	22,014,072	20,438,448	20,519,795	19,838,314	19,324,022
Mixed beverage	125,456	154,095	145,495	145,222	139,062
Franchise and other taxes	3,818,194	4,315,995	4,093,150	4,015,982	4,437,141
Occupancy	254,203	279,026	301,835	278,764	275,072
Unrestricted investment earnings	2,032,166	2,670,106	396,058	285,287	522,485
Miscellaneous	2,379,746	3,101,123	3,237,668	637,784	4,077,647
Transfers	(684,934)	3,616,377	2,685,453	4,878,313	5,708,025
Total governmental activities	64,557,890	68,992,101	63,898,899	59,932,317	61,543,650
<b>Business-Type Activities:</b>	·				
Unrestricted investment earnings	522,875	670,582	63,542	74,378	127,777
Miscellaneous	1,425,737	1,735,383	2,153,798	157,285	3,116
Transfers	684,934	(3,616,377)	(2,685,453)	(4,878,313)	(5,708,025)
Total business-type activities	2,633,546	(1,210,412)	(468,113)	(4,646,650)	(5,577,132)
Total primary government	\$ 67,191,436	\$ 67,781,689	\$ 63,430,786	\$ 55,285,667	\$ 55,966,518
Changes in Net Position:					
Governmental activities	\$ 12,509,392	\$ 17,975,868	\$ 43,535,524	\$ 3,691,750	\$ 1,349,944
Business-type activities	2,131,650	(394,629)	4,150,021	(5,075,790)	(7,437,685)
Total primary government	\$ 14,641,042	\$ 17,581,239	\$ 47,685,545	\$ (1,384,040)	\$ (6,087,741)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
General Revenues and Other Changes					
in Net Position					
Governmental Activities:					
Taxes:					
Property taxes	\$ 26,099,238	\$ 24,903,041	\$ 24,126,068	\$ 22,222,620	\$ 19,339,750
Sales tax	18,571,502	18,007,872	17,359,807	16,974,086	16,645,412
Mixed beverage	138,100	129,512	117,223	101,724	128,007
Franchise and other taxes	4,502,303	4,332,756	4,166,579	4,269,229	4,329,500
Occupancy	232,793	206,930	221,003	210,324	238,410
Unrestricted investment earnings	514,062	320,460	258,705	300,928	495,386
Miscellaneous	188,123	142,074	205,445	288,093	1,271,555
Transfers	3,973,821	 4,162,160	 3,674,512	 3,384,630	 1,590,704
Total governmental activities	54,219,942	52,204,805	50,129,342	 47,751,634	44,038,724
Business-Type Activities:					
Unrestricted investment earnings	119,568	20,007	80,950	50,479	171,125
Miscellaneous	35,052	300,555	5,380	6,909	30,703
Transfers	(3,973,821)	(4,162,160)	(3,674,512)	 (3,384,630)	(1,590,704)
Total business-type activities	(3,819,201)	(3,841,598)	(3,588,182)	(3,327,242)	(1,388,876)
Total primary government	\$ 50,400,741	\$ 48,363,207	\$ 46,541,160	\$ 44,424,392	\$ 42,649,848
Changes in Net Position:					
Governmental activities	\$ 1,972,979	\$ 4,051,204	\$ 4,279,015	\$ 7,007,897	\$ 14,875,112
Business-type activities	(4,396,953)	 (1,981,450)	(1,472,252)	(1,583,462)	4,371,504
Total primary government	\$ (2,423,974)	\$ 2,069,754	\$ 2,806,763	\$ 5,424,435	\$ 19,246,616

#### FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
General fund										
Nonspendable	\$ 112,620	\$ 155,829	\$ 155,629	\$ 235,578	\$ 134,812	\$ 341,273	\$ 450,459	\$ 669,275	\$ 707,569	\$ 926,707
Restricted	1,548,032	1,345,276	1,128,109	986,704	572,174	567,522	476,163	1,123,587	868,715	653,526
Assigned	283,618	282,553	285,135	114,058	705,694	929,092	3,811,011	3,963,333	3,759,566	1,848,329
Unassigned	17,386,675	13,899,240	11,959,306	10,683,474	8,117,775	9,457,571	9,070,595	9,186,072	8,992,908	9,838,310
Total General fund	19,330,945	15,682,898	13,528,179	12,019,814	9,530,455	11,295,458	13,808,228	14,942,267	14,328,758	13,266,872
All other governmental funds										
Nonspendable	25,694	90,038	15,408	35,791	51,958	33,195	50,288	27,002	47,202	30,308
Restricted	59,937,737	38,419,489	33,168,349	30,949,263	29,505,140	44,653,934	74,611,779	63,631,314	60,696,117	30,997,610
Committed	3,068,399	4,733,528	2,251,461	2,130,744	2,067,819	1,565,680	1,070,103	4,161,319	3,622,301	6,221,018
Assigned	5,813,543	7,262,781	8,318,816	19,884,686	22,476,772	19,075,193	10,674,838	17,280,746	16,333,423	6,480,459
Unassigned						(406,809)				
Total all other governmental										
funds	68,845,373	50,505,836	43,754,034	53,000,484	54,101,689	64,921,193	86,407,008	85,100,381	80,699,043	43,729,395
Total all governmental funds	\$88,176,318	\$66,188,734	\$57,282,213	\$65,020,298	\$63,632,144	\$76,216,651	\$ 100,215,236	\$ 100,042,648	\$95,027,801	\$56,996,267

Notes: GASB 54 Fund Balance reporting was implemented in 2011.

## CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	 2020	2019	2018	2017	 2016
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 60,849,339	\$ 59,608,600	\$ 57,455,121	\$ 54,092,627	\$ 51,253,936
Licenses and permits	2,581,001	2,550,598	2,150,745	2,326,087	2,534,768
Charges for services	6,214,339	7,446,486	7,086,865	6,120,805	6,027,624
Gas utility leases and royalties	407,632	519,830	555,185	454,264	263,932
Fines	1,840,751	2,088,401	1,973,660	2,212,430	1,892,511
Civil citations	-	-	-	1,088,773	1,322,940
Contributions	264,029	281,178	428,977	362,139	1,795,872
Special assessments	-	4,199	8,764	775	3,755
Investment income	1,626,298	2,203,691	385,620	304,456	475,680
Intergovernmental	13,660,474	5,195,951	6,892,700	6,194,623	6,121,987
Forfeitures	56,939	114,246	86,783	92,346	112,118
Developer contributions	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	652,030	1,858,022	333,603	354,955	366,569
<b>Total Revenues</b>	88,152,832	81,871,202	77,358,023	73,604,280	72,171,692
	-		-		
Expenditures					
General government	10,615,947	10,497,502	10,259,209	10,447,419	9,965,076
Public safety	35,964,977	35,480,280	34,610,632	33,044,578	31,277,423
Culture and recreation	9,898,855	10,514,871	10,335,379	10,186,032	9,634,940
Public works	5,308,773	3,258,397	3,193,928	3,153,832	3,088,996
Capital outlay	11,802,985	13,463,999	19,572,041	15,089,154	27,524,601
Debt Service:					
Principal retirement	10,595,000	10,630,000	10,745,000	10,515,000	11,187,728
Interest and fiscal charges	3,998,358	3,586,252	3,941,465	4,165,468	4,327,617
Bond issuance costs	1,273,158	216,920			
Total Expenditures	89,458,053	87,648,221	92,657,654	86,601,483	97,006,381
Excess of revenues over (under)					
expenditures	 (1,305,221)	 (5,777,019)	 (15,299,631)	 (12,997,203)	(24,834,689)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Issuance of debt	8,425,000	8,490,000	_	7,545,000	1,850,000
Issuance of refunding debt	3,795,000	4,865,000	_	1,695,000	2,006,810
Premium on issuance of debt	1,082,100	738,173	_	362,160	97,212
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(4,182,132)	(5,380,743)	_	(1,682,019)	(2,025,720)
Proceeds from sale of assets	57,892	484,003	2,712,686	505,650	3,977,054
Transfers in	20,663,183	14,220,231	12,180,950	14,617,046	19,233,421
Transfers (out)	(18,128,238)	(8,733,124)	(7,332,100)	(8,657,479)	(12,888,595)
Total other financing sources (uses)	11,712,805	14,683,540	7,561,536	14,385,358	12,250,182
Net change in fund balances	\$ 10,407,584	\$ 8,906,521	\$ (7,738,095)	\$ 1,388,155	\$ (12,584,507)
D.14					
Debt service as a percentage of	10 10/	10.50/	10.007	20.407	20.00/
noncapital expenditures	19.1%	19.5%	19.8%	20.4%	20.8%

#### CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 49,541,169	\$ 47,625,477	\$ 45,990,68	82 \$ 43,777,983	\$ 40,681,079
Licenses and permits	1,520,086	1,632,278	1,764,00	04 1,543,875	1,375,742
Charges for services	5,904,848	6,681,429	6,800,0	6,715,031	6,076,625
Gas utility leases and royalties	664,788	1,187,340			-
Fines	2,222,995	1,990,953	2,424,00	64 2,421,696	2,665,135
Civil citations	1,226,567	990,714	923,28	82 778,393	674,745
Contributions	277,972	199,825	140,38	85 176,740	187,813
Special assessments	12,095	-	10,1	16 200	8,748
Investment income	437,668	319,622	177,1	78 415,326	383,453
Intergovernmental	4,305,248	5,072,166	4,467,63	5,732,323	9,070,672
Forfeitures	67,598	107,275	323,28		183,295
Developer contributions	-	600,000			-
Miscellaneous	263,251	388,858	1,318,98	85 1,363,579	445,214
Total Revenues	66,444,285	66,795,937	64,339,66		61,752,521
					- / /-
Expenditures					
General government	9,299,236	10,155,142	10,673,5	11 10,829,793	10,311,297
Public safety	30,050,383	29,022,814	28,317,10	63 26,959,990	25,934,692
Culture and recreation	9,534,702	9,231,503	9,290,20	04 9,163,107	7,453,931
Public works	3,024,822	2,924,516	3,563,14	49 3,601,659	2,416,186
Capital outlay	55,831,018	30,729,875	10,208,74		15,475,441
Debt Service:					
Principal retirement	9,999,376	8,578,960	8,523,43	34 8,846,947	8,187,696
Interest and fiscal charges	4,506,910	3,924,385	3,659,34		2,194,444
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	, ,	-	-
Total Expenditures	122,246,447	94,567,195	74,235,55	78,438,739	71,973,687
Excess of revenues over (under)					
expenditures	(55,802,162)	(27,771,258)	(9,895,89	90) (15,374,989)	(10,221,166)
1	() , - ,	( 1)11 ) 1 1	(- ) )	( - ) )	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Issuance of debt	22,215,000	24,360,000	9,845,00	00 26,224,251	7,315,000
Issuance of refunding debt	10,416,576	3,936,985		- 3,699,388	-
Premium on issuance of debt	3,265,946	310,000	300,48	86 546,164	358,270
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(10,416,576)	(3,936,985)		- (3,809,076)	-
Proceeds from sale of assets	136,558	19,500	799,04	45 3,145,280	806,479
Transfers in	12,337,451	16,597,422	7,782,60	62 8,705,604	5,659,688
Transfers (out)	(6,151,378)	(13,343,076)	(3,816,4	56) (4,842,779)	(4,304,576)
Total other financing sources (uses)	31,803,577	27,943,846	14,910,73	33,668,832	9,834,861
Net change in fund balances	\$ (23,998,585)	\$ 172,588	\$ 5,014,84	<u>\$ 18,293,843</u>	\$ (386,305)
Debt service as a percentage of					
noncapital expenditures	20.9%	18.9%	19.0	0% 19.2%	18.4%
noncapital expenditures	20.9%	10.9%	19.0	17.2%	10.4%

#### APPRAISED AND TAXABLE VALUE OF PROPERTY

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Tax	Appraised Residential	Appraised Commercial	Appraised Industrial	Appraised Other	Personal	Estimate for ARB &	Less Tax Exempt	Estimated Net	Total Direct Tax
Year	Year	Property <sup>1</sup>	Property	<b>Property</b>	Property <sup>2</sup>	Property	Incomplete	<b>Property</b>	Taxable Value	Rate
2011	2010	\$ 2,761,524,503	\$ 1,290,764,397	\$ 23,749,165	\$ 13,867,550	\$ 302,449,010	\$ 89,691,395	\$ 879,728,309	\$ 3,602,317,711	0.57000
2012	2011	2,771,215,853	1,314,489,854	24,818,749	21,212,859	302,955,622	131,117,657	947,626,573	3,618,184,021	0.57000
2013	2012	2,785,739,578	1,381,473,075	24,346,385	47,706,246	312,039,668	84,494,809	903,068,001	3,732,731,760	0.61000
2014	2013	2,868,511,402	1,441,819,516	25,428,750	40,136,107	311,311,919	90,219,997	936,363,242	3,841,064,449	0.61000
2015	2014	3,051,185,373	1,493,156,269	27,110,792	49,727,661	324,807,300	66,663,269	956,622,434	4,056,028,230	0.61000
2016	2015	3,117,914,468	1,538,511,112	19,220,094	46,060,377	326,962,414	173,753,349	1,072,233,887	4,150,187,927	0.61000
2017	2016	3,540,397,856	1,721,550,137	26,729,937	27,615,504	312,681,455	263,198,321	1,292,478,020	4,599,695,190	0.61000
2018	2017	3,993,343,172	1,956,678,814	26,686,683	24,263,442	357,297,914	224,247,353	1,418,958,570	5,163,558,808	0.59000
2019	2018	4,355,697,880	2,116,508,756	27,218,496	35,225,850	392,810,455	138,916,899	1,415,773,177	5,650,605,159	0.58500
2020	2019	4,812,901,628	2,241,160,157	31,415,440	50,684,038	406,907,002	229,857,556	1,585,662,386	6,187,263,435	0.57200

Source: 2007-2015 - July 25th Tarrant Appraisal District Certified Tax Roll and City budget 2016 - December Tarrant Appraisal District Certified Tax Roll and City budget

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Due to a change in Tarrant Appraisal District, the structure of the information presented in the July Certified Tax Roll changed beginning in 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> This category includes properties under protest with the appraisal review board and properties classified as incomplete by Tarrant Appraisal District at the time NRH City Council approves the Tax Rolls for the budget year. The net taxable values are those approved by City Council by resolution.

## CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS

(per \$100 assessed value)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	City o	f North Richland	l Hills		Birdville			
Fiscal	General	Debt service		Junior	school			
Year	<b>fund</b> <sup>2</sup>	<b>fund</b> <sup>2</sup>	Total <sup>2</sup>	college1	district <sup>1</sup>	Hospital <sup>1</sup>	County <sup>1</sup>	Total
2011	0.37022	0.19978	0.57000	0.13764	1.42500	0.22790	0.26400	2.62454
2012	0.35642	0.21358	0.57000	0.14897	1.43500	0.22790	0.26400	2.64587
2013	0.35108	0.25892	0.61000	0.14897	1.43500	0.22790	0.26400	2.68587
2014	0.34904	0.26096	0.61000	0.14950	1.43500	0.22790	0.26400	2.68640
2015	0.35058	0.25942	0.61000	0.14950	1.43500	0.22790	0.26400	2.68640
2016	0.36473	0.24527	0.61000	0.14950	1.45390	0.22790	0.26400	2.70530
2017	0.34808	0.26192	0.61000	0.14473	1.45390	0.22790	0.25400	2.69053
2018	0.32864	0.26136	0.59000	0.14006	1.45390	0.22443	0.24400	2.65239
2019	0.32709	0.25791	0.58500	0.13607	1.45390	0.22443	0.23400	2.63340
2020	0.33494	0.23706	0.57200	0.13017	1.38390	0.22443	0.23400	2.54450

Sources: <sup>1</sup> Tarrant County

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> City records

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

#### Year ended September 30, 2020

Taxpayer	Type of Business	2019 Assessed Valuation*	% of Total Assessed Valuation
Star Delano LLC/Star Meadows LLC	Multi Family	\$ 82,071,920	1.33%
8500 Harwood Gardens LP	Multi Family	70,100,000	1.13%
Company One, LLC	Real Estate	69,286,440	1.12%
Dolce Living Hometown LLC	Multi Family	52,100,000	0.84%
Silver Creek II Norstar USA/Skyline Norstar	Multi Family	51,200,000	0.83%
Devon Square LLC	Multi Family	43,500,000	0.70%
Oncor Electric Delivery Co LLC	Utility Service Provider	39,029,150	0.63%
Rockport NRH LLC	Multi Family	37,781,052	0.61%
Wal-Mart Real Estate Bus Trust/Stores Tex	Retail	36,374,039	0.59%
Columbia N Hills Hosp Sub	Healthcare Provider	36,181,894	0.58%
		\$ 517,624,495	8.36%

## Year ended September 30, 2011

Taxpayer	Type of Business	2010 Assessed Valuation*	% of Total Assessed Valuation
Wal-Mart	Retail	\$ 61,785,850	1.72%
	Healthcare Provider	, ,	
Hospital Corporation of America	Healincare Provider	42,593,212	1.18%
Western RIM Investors 2001-3 LP/1997-2	Real Estate	36,924,798	1.03%
Oncor Electric Delivery Co	Utility Service Provider	26,808,838	0.74%
BGPC Equestrain	Real Estate	23,500,000	0.65%
Venue at Home Town LTD ETAL	Property Developer	18,265,850	0.51%
Bradbury Pointe LLC	Commercial Business	16,995,460	0.47%
Alliance PP2 FX3 LP	Commercial/Real Estate	16,273,834	0.45%
Company One, LLC	Real Estate	15,665,282	0.43%
Tyson Prepared Foods Inc	Food Manufacturer	15,623,026	0.43%
		\$ 274,436,150	7.61%

<sup>\*</sup> Source: Tarrant Appraisal District



The Maker Spot is a 4,500 sq. ft. makerspace on the second floor of the NRH Library. The Maker Spot is a community workspace where Library cardholders can come to create, explore, collaborate and innovate. The Maker Spot, opened in 2015, was funded by a Special Projects grant from the Texas State Library and Archives and the Institute for Museum and Library Services.



## PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Collections (Refunds) in Collected Within the Fiscal Year of the Levy Years			Total Collections to Date		
Fiscal Year	Tax Year	Tax Rate	tal Tax Levy Fiscal Year	Amount	Percent of Levy	 Amount	Amount	Percent of Levy	
2011	2010	0.57000	\$ 20,533,211	\$20,281,233	98.77%	\$ 225,450	\$20,506,683	99.87%	
2012	2011	0.57000	20,623,649	20,370,425	98.77%	227,165	20,597,590	99.87%	
2013	2012	0.61000	22,769,664	22,175,814	97.39%	545,618	22,721,432	99.79%	
2014	2013	0.61000	23,430,493	22,797,806	97.30%	581,300	23,379,106	99.78%	
2015	2014	0.61000	24,472,461	23,954,022	97.88%	473,771	24,427,793	99.82%	
2016	2015	0.61000	25,342,035	24,810,326	97.90%	473,039	25,283,365	99.77%	
2017	2016	0.61000	28,102,997	27,221,718	96.86%	834,632	28,056,350	99.83%	
2018	2017	0.59000	30,455,592	29,254,234	96.06%	1,123,646	30,377,880	99.74%	
2019	2018	0.58500	32,788,890	31,270,097	95.37%	253,717	31,523,815	96.14%	
2020	2019	0.57200	35,061,148	33,251,865	94.84%	-	33,251,865	94.84%	

#### RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands, except per capita)

#### General Bonded Debt

Fis cal Year	Estimated Population <sup>1</sup>	Net Taxable Value <sup>2</sup>	General Obligation Bonds	rtificates of oligation	Loan	as Payable	l General ded Debt	Percentage of Net Taxable Value	General Bonded Debt Per Capita <sup>1</sup>
2011	63,420	\$ 3,602,318	\$ 41,800	\$ 9,575	\$	1,242	\$ 52,617	1.46%	830
2012	63,420	3,618,184	65,283	33,330		840	99,453	2.75%	1,568
2013	63,420	3,732,732	70,179	30,910		311	101,400	2.72%	1,599
2014	65,690	3,841,064	81,512	36,050		-	117,562	3.06%	1,790
2015	66,300	4,056,028	83,354	50,105		-	133,459	3.29%	2,013
2016	69,204	4,150,188	77,625	46,330		-	123,955	2.99%	1,791
2017	69,768	4,599,695	71,478	49,485		-	120,963	2.63%	1,734
2018	69,600	5,163,559	64,925	44,825		-	109,750	2.13%	1,577
2019	71,269	5,650,605	60,131	47,395		-	107,526	1.90%	1,509
2020	71,508	6,187,263	56,130	49,487		-	105,617	1.71%	1,477

Other Gov't Activities Debt

**Business-Type Activities** 

Fis cal Year	Re	es Tax venue onds	Obl	eneral ligation onds	tificates bligation	npital as e s	Busi	Total ness-type tivities	P	Total Primary ernment <sup>3</sup>	Percentage of Net Taxable Value	Total Bonded Debt Per Capita <sup>1</sup>	Percentage of Per Capita Income 1
2011	\$	2,640	\$	1,432	\$ 12,610	\$ _	\$	14,042	\$	69,298	1.92%	\$ 1,093	3.46%
2012		1,645		2,346	16,415	388		19,149		120,246	3.32%	1,896	6.08%
2013		615		1,885	15,300	317		17,502		119,517	3.20%	1,885	5.87%
2014		210		1,815	15,280	245		17,340		135,112	3.52%	2,057	6.47%
2015		105		2,012	13,670	163		15,845		149,409	3.68%	2,254	7.00%
2016		-		3,452	14,980	92		18,524		142,479	3.43%	2,059	6.33%
2017		-		3,190	13,605	253		17,048		138,011	3.00%	1,978	5.73%
2018		-		2,737	12,455	175		15,367		125,117	2.42%	1,798	5.16%
2019		-		4,784	14,665	77		19,526		127,052	2.25%	1,783	4.91%
2020		-		3,949	20,772	308		25,029		130,647	2.11%	1,827	4.91%

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Table 13 for additional population statistics.

 $<sup>^{2}</sup>$  See Table 5 for additional information on net taxable value.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes general bonded debt, other governmental activities debt, and business-type activities debt, net of premiums and discounts.

DIRECT AND ESTIMATED OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Ove	e rlappi	ng
Taxing Juris diction		Net Bonded standing Debt	Percentage Applicable <sup>2</sup>	City Share of Overlapping Del	
City of North Richland Hills	\$	117,830,000	100.00%	\$	117,830,000
Birdville ISD		440,974,599	47.80%		210,785,858
Hurst-Euless-Bedford ISD		364,720,000	0.06%		218,832
Keller ISD		906,954,071	3.66%		33,194,519
Tarrant County		240,445,000	3.00%		7,213,350
Tarrant County Hospital District		16,135,000	3.00%		484,050
Tarrant County College District		264,175,000	3.00%		7,925,250
Total Overlapping Debt				\$	259,821,859
Total Direct	and C	Overlapping Deb	ot	\$	377,651,859

Source: Municipal Advisory Council of Texas

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes self-supporting governmental activities debt.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable assessed value that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable assessed value.



The North Richland Hills Parks & Recreation Facilities Development Corporation Capital Improvement Program is funded through a voter approved half-cent sales tax authorized to fund the development of parks and recreational facilities for the community. The Corporation was established following voter approval in January 1992.

Since its inception in 1992, many accomplishments have been achieved. 902 acres of park land have been acquired, offering the following parks and recreational services to our citizens:

- 20 miles of multi-use trails creating a complete network of trails throughout the City
- 7 community parks
- 13 neighborhood parks
- 9 linear parks
- Richland Tennis Center
- NRH<sub>2</sub>O Family Water Park
- Tipps Canine Hollow Dog Park
- Davis Emerald Pocket Park
- Stormy Plaza
- NRH Senior Center
- Common Ground NRH Community Garden

The 7-member Board of Directors is appointed by City Council and comprised of 4 City Council members and 3 citizen members.

Last Ten Fiscal Years

•	Fiscal Year	Estimated Net Taxable Value	Debt Limit	Total Debt Service	Legal Debt Margin	Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of the Debt Limit
	2011	\$ 3,602,317,712	\$54,034,766	\$9,263,791	\$44,770,975	17.14%
	2012	3,618,184,021	54,272,760	7,567,382	46,705,378	13.94%
	2013	3,732,731,760	55,990,976	8,768,411	47,222,565	15.66%
	2014	3,841,064,449	57,615,967	9,565,203	48,050,764	16.60%
	2015	4,056,028,230	60,840,423	11,196,142	49,644,281	18.40%
	2016	4,150,187,927	62,252,819	12,709,626	49,543,193	20.42%
	2017	4,599,695,190	68,995,428	11,668,135	57,327,293	16.91%
	2018	5,163,558,808	77,453,382	16,751,884	60,701,498	21.63%
	2019	5,650,605,159	84,759,077	16,849,964	67,909,113	19.88%
	2020	6,187,263,435	92,808,952	16,435,242	76,373,710	17.71%

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Park and Recreation Facilities Development Bonds

Fiscal			Less: Current		Net Revenue	I				
Year	Revenu	es	Expenditure s <sup>3</sup>		Available <sup>2</sup>	 Principal	I	nterest	Total 1	Coverage
2011	\$ 4,179	9,388	\$ (3,284,46	7)	\$ 894,921	\$ 995,000	\$	123,349	\$1,118,349	0.80
2012	4,241	,341	(5,580,06	1)	(1,338,720)	1,030,000		80,075	1,110,075	(1.21)
2013	4,343	3,358	(5,729,29	3)	(1,385,940)	405,000		31,315	436,315	(3.18)
2014	4,506	5,169	(5,559,71	3)	(1,053,544)	355,000		117,243	472,243	(2.23)
2015	4,648	3,841	(5,703,67	1)	(1,054,830)	455,000		109,153	564,153	(1.87)
2016	4,837	7,974	(5,896,98	4)	(1,059,010)	240,000		89,055	329,055	(3.22)
2017	4,964	1,710	(6,235,94	6)	(1,271,236)	240,000		80,393	320,393	(3.97)
2018	5,140	),554	(6,328,31	2)	(1,187,758)	430,000		197,685	627,685	(1.89)
2019	5,113	3,739	(6,502,08	9)	(1,388,350)	350,000		174,555	524,555	(2.65)
2020	5,509	9,712	(6,050,28	5)	(540,574)	345,000		164,030	509,030	(1.06)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes interest and fiscal agent charges.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Bond covenant for sales tax revenue bonds mandates sufficient fund balance to cover average debt service payments unpaid.

Negative coverage indicates that fund balance reserves are being used to cover debt service requirements. The City has sufficient fund balance coverage to pay all debt service due.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Excludes capital outlay.

#### **DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS**

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Estimated Population <sup>2</sup>	Median Income <sup>6</sup>	Per Capita Income 6	Median Age <sup>6</sup>	Education Level <sup>6, 7</sup>	School Enrollment 1, 5	Une mployment Rate 3
2011	63,420 4	\$ 63,594	\$ 31,615	38.0	91%	11,615	7.3%
2012	63,420	78,911	31,175	38.2	91%	10,843	6.3%
2013	63,420	82,051	32,079	38.4	91%	10,883	5.5%
2014	65,690	81,100	31,766	38.5	95%	10,795	4.9%
2015	66,300	66,475	32,176	38.6	92%	11,452	3.3%
2016	69,204	65,121	32,549	38.9	92%	11,206	3.8%
2017	69,768	66,884	34,520	39.1	92%	10,970	3.8%
2018	69,600	67,812	34,839	39.2	93%	10,917	3.4%
2019	71,269	71,338	36,296	39.5	92%	11,070	3.0%
2020	71,508	71,098	37,239	39.5	92%	10,723	3.0%

#### Data Sources:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Birdville Independent School District

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>City estimates

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Texas Employment Commission

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Population was adjusted based on census.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Includes North Richland Hills students only

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>ESRI Business Information Solutions, Inc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Reported as a percentage of residents with a high school diploma or greater



The annual NRH Holiday Magic Christmas Tree Lighting & Family Festival is held each December with activities including visits from Santa and Mrs. Claus, children's activities, craft vendors, performances on the community stage, and a holiday-themed firework show.

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

#### Year ended September 30, 2020

Percentage of **Total City** Employees <sup>3</sup> Rank Employment \* **Employer** Santander Consumer USA, Inc. 1 1,500 3.92% 2 Wal-Mart Supercenters 784 2.04% Birdville ISD<sup>1</sup> 3 1.97% 753 Medical City North Hills 4 1.61% 615 5 City of North Richland Hills 539 1.41% Tarrant County College - NE Campus<sup>2</sup> 491 6 1.28% Health Markets HQ 452 7 1.18% Stericycle 400 8 1.04% Tyson Prepared Foods 380 9 0.99% **XPO** Logistics 10 0.68% 260 6,174 16.12%

#### Year ended September 30, 2011

Employer	Employees <sup>3</sup>	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment *
Birdville ISD <sup>1</sup>	1,160	1	3.38%
Santander Consumer USA, Inc.	1,100	2	3.20%
Wal-Mart Supercenters	872	3	2.54%
North Hills Hospital	786	4	2.29%
Health Markets	650	5	1.89%
City of North Richland Hills	506	6	1.47%
Tarrant County College - NE Campus <sup>2</sup>	455	7	1.33%
ATI Career Training Center	419	8	1.22%
Tyson Prepared Foods	398	9	1.16%
Con-Way Freight, Inc.	293	10	0.85%
	6,639		19.33%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Number denotes employees working in schools in the City of North Richland Hills.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Split with Hurst.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Actual number of employees employed at time of reporting.

<sup>\*</sup> Source: City records

# CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
General government					
Administration	7.00	7.00	7.00	6.00	5.00
Public information	3.50	3.00	3.00	3.00	4.00
Judicial	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00
Finance	22.50	22.50	22.50	22.00	23.00
Nondepartmental	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Human resources	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Planning and inspections	12.30	12.30	12.30	12.30	10.30
Neighborhood services	21.78	21.78	21.78	19.73	19.73
Budget and research	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Public relations	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50
Total general government	90.58	90.08	90.08	86.53	85.53
Public safety					
Police	200.86	200.86	195.86	203.13	193.88
Fire	100.00	100.00	94.00	94.00	94.00
Total public safety	300.86	300.86	289.86	297.13	287.88
Culture and recreation					
Parks and recreation	149.87	150.24	148.25	161.95	163.48
Library	27.53	27.74	27.74	27.53	28.03
Economic development	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Total culture and recreation	180.40	180.98	178.99	192.48	194.51
Public works	79.70	79.70	79.70	69.43	79.18
Internal services					
Building services	17.25	16.38	13.88	13.63	15.63
Equipment services	12.00	12.00	13.00	13.00	13.00
Self-insurance	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Information services	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
Total internal services	46.25	45.38	43.88	43.63	45.63
Total full-time equivalents	697.79	697.00	682.51	689.20	692.73

Source: City operating budget

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Consolidated services with Haltom City, City of Richland Hills and City of Watauga for Communication and Detention Centers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Increase due to new staff members for the Recreations Center.

# CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
General government					
Administration	5.00	4.70	4.70	4.70	4.70
Public information	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Judicial	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00
Finance	23.00	23.00	22.00	23.00	23.00
Nondepartmental	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Human resources	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Planning and inspections	10.30	10.30	10.30	8.30	8.30
Neighborhood services	19.73	18.75	18.75	18.75	18.75
Budget and research	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Public relations	3.50	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.75
Total general government	85.53	84.50	83.50	82.50	82.50
Public safety					
Police	191.88	189.88	187.88	186.88	165.20
Fire	91.00	91.00	91.00	90.00	88.00
Total public safety	282.88	280.88	278.88	276.88	253.20
Culture and recreation					
Parks and recreation	162.10	162.70	160.25 2	145.55	121.53
Library	27.11	27.11	27.11	27.11	28.58
Economic development	3.00	3.00	4.00	3.00	3.00
Total culture and recreation	192.21	192.81	191.36	175.66	153.11
Public works	78.18	78.18	79.68	77.68	77.68
Internal services					
Building services	15.63	15.73	15.23	16.23	16.23
Equipment services	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00
Self-insurance	5.00	5.10	5.10	5.10	5.10
Information services	12.00	12.00	12.00	11.00	11.00
Total internal services	45.63	45.83	45.33	45.33	45.33
Total full-time equivalents	684.43	682.20	678.75	658.05	611.82

Source: City operating budget

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Consolidated services with Haltom City, City of Richland Hills and City of Watauga for Communication and Detention Centers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Increase due to new staff members for the Recreations Center.

# CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
General Government					
Planning and inspections					
Construction					
Commercial units	27	29	21	31	20
Commercial value	\$15,022,201	\$49,609,337	\$67,800,454	\$53,156,352	\$13,603,082
Residential units	253	211	234	233	238
Residential value	\$80,289,238	\$70,298,392	\$80,589,505	\$81,180,734	\$75,615,139
Public safety					
Police					
Law violations 1	1,931	2,333	2,697	2,772	2,595
Part one offenses	1,393	1,655	1,830	1,662	1,560
Traffic violations	17,245	17,953	7,721	18,404	17,566
Calls for service	40,070	39,448 12	123,112	120,098	111,984
Case clearance %	46%	54%	47%	52%	23%
Fire					
Total responses	8,025	8,234	8,354	8,205	7,932
Fire responses	2,494	2,549	2,691	2,567	2,402
EMS responses	5,531	5,685	5,663	5,638	5,530
% responses < 5 minutes (4)	-	67%	66%	56%	64%
% responses < 4 minutes (4)	55%	-	-	-	-
% responses < 8 minutes (4)	94%	-	-	-	-
Total inspections	1,711	2,958	3,201	2,549	3,143
Culture and recreation					
Parks and recreation					
Water park admissions	12,501	185,971	184,064	202,515	221,101
Golf rounds played	18,961	46,915	42,953	49,147	47,873
Library					
Number of volumes	146,928	162,460	164,482	179,303	174,156
Annual circulation	576,827	728,605	778,166	764,520	814,070
Annual loans per capita	8.07	10.72	11.18	10.96	11.76
Public Works					
Water					
Avg daily consumption <sup>2</sup>	1,201,993	1,101,439	1,247,915	1,153,565	1,160,247
Peak daily consumption <sup>2</sup>	2,649,332	2,345,187	2,614,572	2,096,524	2,614,973
Streets					
Street overlay - miles	7	4	7	6	4
Concrete pavement repair - sq. ft.	7,810	4,324	5,166	13,921	14,052
Pothole repair - sq. ft.	4,522	8,521	4,800	3,018	4,767
Street cut - sq. ft.	79,110	68,430	93,310	147,676	162,607
Sign fabrication	684	1,158	1,599	1,332	1,215

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Excludes traffic violations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Cubic feet.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Remodels included in error.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> New records system implemented for Fire.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Reported from the National Incident-Based Reporting System annual report.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Decline in response time is due to in-town traffic increasing because of the Hwy 820 expansion causing a longer drive time.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Reinspections are down due to corrected violations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Inspection numbers unavailable for the year due to changes in the computer record management system and procedures.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Conversion to new computer record management system incomplete therefore Company Inspections are unavailable.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 10}\,{\rm Decrease}$  due to the installation of the Fibre Crete this year.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Increase in inspections is due to it being the first year that the record keeping has been fully migrated/implemented/online and pushed out to the companies

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Decreased due to an inaccurate reflection in previous years.

# CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
General Government					
Planning and inspections					
Construction					
Commercial units	65	35	25	91 3	24
Commercial value	\$11,481,833	\$14,309,733	\$15,498,935	\$ 7,533,480 <sup>3</sup>	\$ 3,489,824
Residential units	122	321	189	168	122
Residential value	\$36,838,614	\$27,754,692	\$46,472,244	\$42,138,527	\$ 27,218,868
Public safety					
Police					
Law violations 1	3,144	3,014	3,215	3,463	3,574
Part one offenses	1,868	1,644	1,960	1,791	2,075
Traffic violations	21,305	17,052	22,215	22,155	20,733
Calls for service	112,313	107,393	114,269	115,644	137,243
Case clearance %	28%	23%	58%	26%	42%
Fire					
Total responses	7,475	7,276	7,189	7,064	6,850
Fire responses	2,221	2,412	2,275	2,235	1,762
EMS responses	5,254	4,864	4,914	4,829	5,088
% responses < 5 minutes (4)	74%	70%	58%	70%	51%
% responses < 4 minutes (4)	-	-	-	-	-
% responses < 8 minutes (4)	-	-	-	-	-
Total inspections	1,232	1,201 9	768 9	- 8	2,005
Culture and recreation					
Parks and recreation					
Water park admissions	227,525	219,077	242,490	272,336	270,845
Golf rounds played	43,250	45,339	48,229	50,524	51,264
Library					
Number of volumes	214,867	202,103	204,302	206,840	200,982
Annual circulation	939,022	854,452	771,994	947,883	840,667
Annual loans per capita	14.16	13.01	12.17	14.95	13.26
Public Works					
Water					
Avg daily consumption <sup>2</sup>	1,165,254	1,219,696	1,278,326	1,306,524	1,521,220
Peak daily consumption <sup>2</sup>	2,582,620	2,441,043	2,624,198	2,938,102	3,091,043
Streets					
Street overlay - miles	4	4	1	4	6
Concrete pavement repair - sq. ft.	3,113	6,258	6,488	5,322	9,372
Pothole repair - sq. ft.	4,467	2,677	2,152	4,577	3,974
Street cut - sq. ft.	153,559	163,910 10	86,160 10	176,844	162,577
Sign fabrication	1,179	850	973	852	935

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Excludes traffic violations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Cubic feet.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Remodels included in error.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> New records system implemented for Fire.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Reported from the National Incident-Based Reporting System annual report.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Decline in response time is due to in-town traffic increasing because of the Hwy 820 expansion causing a longer drive time.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Reinspections are down due to corrected violations.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Decrease due to the installation of the Fibre Crete this year.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Increase in inspections is due to it being the first year that the record keeping has been fully migrated/implemented/online and pushed out to the companies

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Decreased due to an inaccurate reflection in previous years.

Table 17

## CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS CAPITAL ASSETS STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Public safety					
Police Stations	1	1	1	1	1
Fire Stations	5	5	5	5	5
Fire hydrants	2,318	2,304	2,279	2,256	2,251
Culture and recreation					
Parks and recreation					
Parks and recreation	39	39	39	39	34
Park acreage	899	899	899	899	735
Playgrounds	22	22	22	22	22
Trails - miles	31	31	31	31	31
Golf courses	1	1	1	1	1
Recreations centers	1	1	1	1	1
Athletic fields	53	53	53	53	53
Senior centers	1	1	1	1	1
Library					
Libraries	1	1	1	1	1
Public Works					
Water mains - miles	374	372	372	371	370
Water connections	22,990	22,707	22,492	22,233	21,988
Wastewater lines - miles	257	255	257	256	255
Wastewater connections	21,237	20,958	20,711	20,430	20,212
Storm drain - miles	141	140	139	139	139
Streets - miles	247	246	244	241	241
Street lights	2,980	2,977	2,948	2,550	2,545

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> New Senior Center in NRH Centre combined/closed Dan Echols and Bursey Road Senior Citizens Centers

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Department's system inventory report was calculated by outside source.

Function	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Public safety					
Police Stations	1	1	1	1	1
Fire Stations	4	4	4	4	4
Fire hydrants	2,219	2,202	2,162	2,127	2,125
Culture and recreation					
Parks and recreation					
Parks and recreation	33	33	33	33	33
Park acreage	734	734	709	709	709
Playgrounds	22	22	20	20	20
Trails - miles	30	30	21	21	21
Golf courses	1	1	1	1	1
Recreations centers	1	1	1	1	1
Athletic fields	53	53	53	53	53
Senior centers	1	1	1	1 1	2
Library					
Libraries	1	1	1	1	1
Public Works					
Water mains - miles	367	356	355	351	346
Water connections	21,329	21,141	20,936	20,792	20,522
Wastewater lines - miles	252 2	293	292	290	288
Wastewater connections	19,919	19,761	19,603	19,469	19,240
Storm drain - miles	139	139	139	139	139
Streets - miles	238	238	238	238	238
Street lights	2,545	2,545	2,545	2,545	2,540

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> New Senior Center in NRH Centre combined/closed Dan Echols and Bursey Road Senior Citizens Centers

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Department's system inventory report was calculated by outside source.



The North Richland Hills City Hall opened in May 2016. The 182,000 square foot for the new facility includes about 89,000 square feet for Public Safety operations, about 78,500 square feet for City Hall and about 14,500 square feet for Municipal Court. Prior to the opening of City Hall, city services were housed in six buildings on three different campuses.

## Glossary



The Smithfield TEXRail station is one of two stations in North Richland Hills offering commuter-rail service to Fort Worth and the Dallas-Fort Worth International Airport.



Alamo Drafthouse Cinema opened in April 2019 providing the area with entertainment options galore.

## CITY OF NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS GLOSSARY

#### **ACCOUNT**

A term used to identify an individual asset, liability, expenditure control, revenue control, encumbrance control, or fund balance.

#### **ACCOUNT PAYABLE**

A short-term liability account reflecting amounts owed to private persons or organizations for goods and services received by a government.

#### **ACCOUNT RECEIVABLE**

An asset account reflecting amounts due from private persons or organizations for goods and services furnished by a government.

#### **ACCOUNTING SYSTEM**

The total set of records and procedures, which are used to record, classify, and report information on the financial status and operations of an entity.

#### **ACCRUAL ACCOUNTING**

A basis of accounting in which revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned and become measurable, and expenses are recognized in the period incurred instead of when cash is actually received or spent.

#### **ACCRUED INTEREST**

Interest that has been earned and recorded, but has not been received.

#### **ACTUARIAL**

Relating to actuaries or their work of compiling and analyzing statistical calculations to assess risk in insurance, finance and other industries and professions.

#### **AD VALOREM TAX** (See also *PROPERTY TAX*.)

A tax based on value of land and improvements (property tax).

#### **AGENDA**

A formal listing of items to be discussed during a public meeting. Agendas for public meetings are posted 72 hours in advance, in compliance with the Open Meetings Act.

#### **AMORTIZE**

To amortize is to allocate the cost of an intangible asset over a period of time.

#### ANNUITY

A fixed sum of money paid to someone each year, typically for the rest of their life.

#### APPROPRIATION

An authorization granted by City Council to make expenditures and to incur obligations for specific purpose. Usually limited in amount and as to the time when it may be expended.

#### **ARBITRAGE**

With respect to the issuance of municipal securities, arbitrage usually refers to the difference between the interest paid on tax-exempt bonds and the interest earned by investing the proceeds of the bonds in higher-yielding taxable securities. Federal income tax laws generally restrict the ability to earn positive arbitrage in connection with tax-exempt bonds.

GLOSSARY (continued)

#### ASSESSED VALUATION

A valuation set upon real estate or other property by government as a basis for levying taxes. (See also *TAXABLE VALUE*.)

#### **ASSETS**

Property owned by a government, which has economic value, especially which could be converted to cash.

#### **AUDIT**

In general, an official inspection of an individual's or organization's accounts by an independent body. The City's charter requires an annual audit of the books of accounts, financial records, and transactions of all administrative departments of the City by an independent certified public accountant. In practice, that means the City contracts with an independent certified public accountant to audit the year-end financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements.

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Audit Committee is responsible for recommending to the City Council an independent auditor as needed, reviewing the audit of the City's basic financial statements prior to submission to the City Council, and assisting the independent auditor and city staff with the presentation of the audit to the City Council. The Audit Committee is composed of members of the City Council as well as the City Manager and the City's Director of Finance.

#### **BALANCE SHEET**

A statement purporting to present the financial position of an entity by disclosing the value of its assets, liabilities, and equities as of a specified date.

#### **BALANCED BUDGET**

A budget in which total recurring expenditures for any fiscal year do not exceed total recurring revenues for that same fiscal year.

#### **BASE LEVEL SERVICES**

Funding required to meet current service level.

#### **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The basic financial statements are comprised of the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City and the related notes to the financial statements, and are subjected to an annual audit by an independent certified public accountant. The basic financial statements are included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report along with unaudited information, including introductory information, required supplementary information, other supplementary information, and statistical information.

#### **BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

Refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial records of the City, regardless of the measurement focus applied. Accounting records for governmental fund types are maintained on a modified accrual basis of accounting, with revenue being recorded when available and measurable, and expenditures being recorded when services or goods are received and the liabilities are incurred.

GLOSSARY (continued)

#### **BASIS OF BUDGETING** (See also *MODIFIED ACCRUAL*.)

The City's basis for budgeting is the modified accrual basis for governmental funds, including the General Fund. Budgeting for proprietary funds, which includes the Enterprise Fund, is essentially on the full accrual basis. Encumbrances are recognized by both governmental and proprietary funds since encumbrances represent a commitment of funding for goods and services.

#### **BEGINNING BALANCE**

The residual non-restricted funds brought forward from the previous fiscal year (ending balance).

#### **BONDS**

Debt instruments that require repayment of a specified principal amount on a certain date (maturity date), together with interest at a stated rate or formula for determining the interest rate.

#### **BOND DEBT**

That portion of indebtedness represented by outstanding bonds.

#### **BOND PROPOSITION**

A recommendation to issue debt and a proposal as to the best use of the bonds.

#### **BUDGET**

A plan of financial operation embodying an estimate of proposed expenditures for a given period and the proposed means of financing them. The term is also sometime used to denote the officially approved expenditure ceiling under which a government and its departments operate.

#### **BUDGET AMENDMENT**

A revision of the adopted budget that, when approved, replaces the original provision and increases or decreases the budget appropriation.

#### **BUDGET CALENDAR**

The schedule of key dates that a government follows in preparation and adoption of the budget.

#### **BUDGET ENHANCEMENT**

A request to enhance current service level beyond current funding.

#### **BUDGET ORDINANCE**

Governmental action which appropriates revenues and fund balances for specified purposes, functions, or activities for a budget period.

#### **BUDGET PERIOD**

The period for which a budget is proposed or a budget ordinance is adopted.

#### **BUDGETARY CONTROL**

The control or management of a government or enterprise in accordance with an approved budget to keep expenditures within limitations of available appropriation and available revenues.

#### **BUDGETED FUNDS**

Funds for which annual budgets are legally adopted, as opposed to non-budgeted funds for which annual budgets are not legally adopted. Budgeted funds are typically supported by tax revenues, charges for services, fees, fines, and/or penalties, while non-budgeted funds are typically supported by transfers from other funds, grant revenue, donations, or regulated fees such as municipal court fees.

GLOSSARY (continued)

#### **BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES**

Business-type activities include any activity engaged in the primary purpose of making a profit. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external users for goods or services and are generally reported in Enterprise Funds.

#### **CAFR**

CAFR is an acronym for **Comprehensive Annual Financial Report**. (See also *COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT*.)

#### **CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT**

The addition of a permanent structural change or the restoration of some aspect of a property that will either enhance the property's overall value, increase its useful life or adapt it to new uses.

#### **CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN**

A comprehensive plan that projects the capital needs of a community. Generally, it is a cyclical process that estimates the needs for a set number of years. Capital Improvements Plans are essential for sound infrastructure and financial planning.

#### **CAPITAL ASSET**

An item costing more than \$10,000 and having a useful life of more than four years.

#### **CAPITAL EXPENDITURE**

Also called a CAPITAL OUTLAY — An expenditure to acquire a capital asset.

#### **CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND**

Is used to account for the expenditures of resources accumulated from the sale of bonds and related interest earnings for capital improvement projects.

#### **CASH BASIS**

A method of accounting in which revenues and expenses are recognized and recorded when received, not necessarily when earned.

#### **CASH EQUIVALENTS**

Cash equivalents are investments securities that are for short-term investing, and they have high credit quality and are highly liquid. Cash equivalents, also known as "cash and equivalents," are one of the three main asset classes, along with stocks and bonds. These securities have a low-risk, low-return profile and include U.S. government Treasury bills, bank certificates of deposit, bankers' acceptances, corporate commercial paper and other money market instruments.

#### **CHART OF ACCOUNTS**

The classification system used by the City to organize the accounting for various funds.

#### **CHARTER**

A written instrument setting forth principles and laws of government within boundaries of the City.

#### **CIP**

CIP is an acronym for Capital Improvement Plan. (See also CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN.)

GLOSSARY (continued)

#### **CITY COUNCIL**

The legislative body that governs the City.

#### **CITY COUNCIL PRIORITIES**

A five-year planning horizon focusing on safety, infrastructure and facilities, residential and recreational, budget and finance, and commercial redevelopment.

#### **CITY MANAGER**

An appointed official who directs the administration of the City.

#### **CITIZEN**

An inhabitant of the City.

#### COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) is a set of U.S. government financial statements comprising the financial report of a state, municipal or other governmental entity that complies with the accounting requirements promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

#### **COMPREHENSIVE PLAN**

A Comprehensive Plan is to anticipate and guide future development trends in a manner that will provide a community with a balance of land uses that promote a superior quality of life.

#### **CONSUMER PRICE INDEX**

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is a measure that examines the weighted average of prices of a basket of consumer goods and services, such as transportation, food and medical care. It is calculated by taking price changes for each item in the predetermined basket of goods and averaging them. Changes in the CPI are used to assess price changes associated with the cost of living; the CPI is one of the most frequently used statistics for identifying periods of inflation or deflation. The CPI is calculated by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

#### **CONTINGENCY**

Funds set aside in a reserve account for major expenditures or for emergencies.

#### **COUNTERPARTY**

A counterparty is the other party that participates in a financial transaction, and every transaction must have a counterparty for the transaction to go through.

#### <u>CPI</u>

CPI is an acronym for Consumer Price Index. (See also CONSUMER PRICE INDEX.)

#### **CREDIT RISK**

Credit risk is the probable risk of loss resulting from a borrower's failure to repay a loan or meet contractual obligations.

#### **CURRENT ASSETS**

Cash and other assets expected to be converted to cash, sold, or consumed within in a year or in the operating cycle.

GLOSSARY (continued)

#### **CURRENT FINANCIAL RESOURCES MEASUREMENT**

Current financial resources measurement focus is where the financial statements report the near-term (current) inflows, outflows, and balances of expendable financial resources. The current financial resources measurement focus is unique to accounting and financial reporting for state and local governments and is used solely for reporting the financial position and results of operation of governmental funds.

#### **CURRENT LIABILITIES**

Debt or other legal obligations arising out of transactions in the past which must be liquidated, renewed, or refunded within one year.

#### **CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK**

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that in the position of an outside party.

#### **DEBT SERVICE**

The amount of money required for interest and principal payments on an outstanding debt in any given year.

#### **DEBT SERVICE FUND**

Also called a SINKING FUND - A fund established to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of principal and interest on long term debt.

#### **DEBT RATE**

The City's property tax rate has two components, the **general rate** which generates property tax revenues used to fund operations and the **debt rate** which generates property tax revenues used to fund the repayment of debt. (See also *PROPERTY TAX RATE*.)

#### **DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES**

Deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period.

#### **DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES**

Deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. For example, prepaid items and deferred charges.

#### **DEFICIT**

The excess of expenditures over revenues during an accounting period; or in the case of Enterprise Funds, the excess of expense over income during an accounting period.

#### **DELINOUENT TAXES**

Taxes remaining unpaid on and after the date to which a penalty for nonpayment is attached.

#### **DEPRECIATION**

A non-cash expense that reduces the value of an asset as a result of wear and tear, deterioration, action of the physical elements, inadequacy, or obsolescence.

#### **DIRECTOR OF FINANCE DEPARTMENT**

The officer of the City that has primary responsibility for managing the City's finances, including financial planning, management of financial risks, record-keeping, and financial reporting.

GLOSSARY (continued)

#### **DISCOUNT RATE**

The interest rate you need to earn on a given amount of money today to end up with a given amount of money in the future.

#### **EFFECTIVE TAX RATE**

The tax rate required to generate the same amount of revenue as in the preceding year on the same properties.

#### **ENCLAVE**

A portion of territory within or surrounded by a larger territory.

#### **ECONOMIC RESOURCES**

Economic resources are the goods or services available to the City used to produce valuable consumer products. The classic economic resources include land, labor and capital.

#### ECONOMIC RESOURCES MEASUREMENT FOCUS

Economic resources measurement focus is where a set of financial statements reports all inflows, outflows, and balances affecting or reflecting an entity's net position. The economic resources measurement focus is used for proprietary and trust funds, as well as for government-wide financial reporting.

#### **ENCUMBRANCE**

Obligations in the form of purchase orders, contracts, or other commitments that are chargeable to an appropriation and for which a part of the appropriation is reserved. They cease to be encumbrances when paid or actual liability is set up, at which point they become expenditures.

#### ENDING BALANCE

The dollars remaining after current expenditures for operations and debt service are subtracted from the sum of the beginning fund balance and current resources. Portions of the fund balance may be reserved for various purposes, such as contingencies or encumbrances.

#### **ENTERPRISE FUND**

A fund established to account for operations which: (a) finance and operate in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges, or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

#### **EXPENDITURES**

Decreases in net financial resources. They include current operating expenses that require the current or future use of net current assets, debt service, and capital outlay.

#### **FEES**

Charges for services.

#### **FEMA**

FEMA is an acronym for Federal Emergency Management Agency.

#### **FIDUCIARY**

A fiduciary is a person who holds a legal or ethical relationship of trust with one or more other parties (person or group of persons). Typically, a fiduciary prudently takes care of money or other assets for another person.

GLOSSARY (continued)

#### **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Written records that convey the business activities and the financial performance of the City.

#### **FISCAL FORECAST**

A management tool that presents estimated information based on past, current, and projected financial conditions. This will help identify future revenue and expenditure trends that may have an immediate or long-term influence on government policies, strategic goals, or community services.

#### **FISCAL YEAR**

A twelve-month period of time to which the annual budget applies, and at the end of which, the City determines its financial position and results of operation. The fiscal year for the City of North Richland Hills runs from October 1 to September 30 of the following year.

#### **FIXED ASSETS**

Assets of long-term character intended to continue to be held or used. Examples are land, buildings, and improvements such as machinery and equipment.

#### FIXED COST

Costs which do not change with increases or decreases in the amount of services provided, such as rent.

#### **FRANCHISE**

A special privilege granted by a government, permitting the continued use of public property, such as City streets, and usually involving the elements of monopoly and regulation.

#### FTE

FTE is an acronym for Full-Time Equivalent. (See also FULL TIME EQUIVALENT.)

#### **FULL TIME EOUIVALENT**

A unit that indicates the workload of a single full-time worker. The concept is used to convert the hours worked by part-time employees into the hours worked by full-time employees. For example, someone who works a half-day would be 0.5 full time equivalents. The City budgets authorized employment positions using full time equivalents. For example, there might be a part-time library assistant position budgeted as 0.5 FTE, which would be the equivalent of one-half of a full-time employee.

#### **FUND**

A fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. A fund records cash and other financial resources, all related liabilities, residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

#### **FUND BALANCE**

The balance of net financial resources that is spendable or available. Portions of the fund balance may be reserved for various purposes, such as contingencies or encumbrances.

#### **FUND BALANCE POLICY**

A policy requiring a minimum fund balance to be kept in reserve. Fund balances over the policy requirements may be appropriated in the budget.

GLOSSARY (continued)

#### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

For governmental and proprietary funds, special and extraordinary items are reported separately at the bottom of the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances or the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, respectively.

#### **FUNDING SOURCE**

Specifically identified dollars allocated to meet budgeted requirements.

#### FY (as in FY 2019)

FY is an acronym for **Fiscal Year**. See *FISCAL YEAR*.

#### **GAAP**

GAAP is an acronym for **Generally Accepted Accounting Principles**. (See also *GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES*.)

#### **GENERAL FIXED ASSETS**

Capital assets that are not assets of any particular fund, but of the government unit as a whole. Most often these assets arise from the expenditure of the financial resources of governmental funds (as opposed to proprietary funds).

#### **GENERAL FUND**

A fund established to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Examples of General Fund departments include Parks, Facilities and Recreation, Fire Department, Library, Finance and Municipal Court, Streets and Drainage, Development Services, and Police Department.

#### **GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (G.O. BONDS)**

Bonds secured by the full faith and credit of the issuer. General obligation bonds issued by local units of government are secured by a pledge of the issuer's ad valorem taxing power. They are usually issued to pay for general capital improvements such as parks and streets.

#### **GENERAL RATE**

The City's property tax rate has two components, the **General Rate** which generates property tax revenues used to fund operations and the **Debt Rate** which generates property tax revenues used to fund the repayment of debt. The General Rate is sometimes referred to as the Maintenance and Operations Rate, or M&O Rate. (See also *PROPERTY TAX RATE.*)

#### **GENERAL REVENUE**

Funds acquired through business and property taxation. Monies that may be utilized for any purposes as received at the state and local levels of government.

#### GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (GAAP)

The uniform minimum standards of, and guidelines to, financial accounting and reporting. They govern the form and content of the basic financial statements of an entity. GAAP encompass the conventions, rules, and procedures necessary to define the accepted accounting practices at a particular time. They include both broad guidelines of general application and detailed practices and procedures. GAAP provide a standard by which to measure financial presentations.

#### **GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEM**

A system is designed to capture, store, manipulate, analyze, manage, and present all types of spatial or geographical data allowing one to visualize, question, analyze, and interpret data to understand relationships, patterns, and trends.

GLOSSARY (continued)

#### **GIS**

GIS is an acronym for **Geographic Information System**. (See also *GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEM*.)

#### **GOVERNEMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Government-wide financial statements report information about the government as a whole without displaying individual funds or fund types.

#### **GOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNTING**

The composite activity of analyzing, recording, summarizing, reporting and interpreting the financial transactions of government.

#### **GOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNTING STANDARD BOARD (GASB)**

The governing body that sets accounting standards specifically for governmental entities at the state and local level.

#### **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES**

Governmental activities are general government activities and are financed primarily through taxes. Governmental activities generally are reported in governmental funds. All general capital assets and general long-term liabilities are part of governmental activities as well. Common examples of governmental activities include general administration, public safety, education, streets and roads, and health and sanitation.

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FINANCE OFFICERS ASSOCIATION (GFOA)**

Professional association of state/provincial and local finance officers in the United States and Canada dedicated to the sound management of government financial resources.

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

Funds generally used to account for tax-supported activities. There are five different types of governmental funds: general funds, special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital projects funds, and permanent funds.

#### **GRANT**

A contribution by one government unit or funding source to another unit. The contribution is usually made to aid in a specified function (for example, education), but it is sometimes also for general purposes.

#### **HOME RULE CHARTER**

Texas cities operate under two different categories of local government: 1) General Law; and Home Rule. Texas law grants General Law cities limited specific authority. Cities under 5,000 in population are required to be General Law cities. Cities over 5,000 in population can adopt a Home Rule Charter which defines the structure, power, duties, and authority of the local government. Rather than looking to state statues to determine what they may do, as General Law cities must do, Home Rule cities look to their local charters to determine what they may do. A Home Rule city may generally take any action that is not prohibited by the Texas Constitution or statues as long as the authority is granted in the charter of the city. Home Rule is essentially the privilege of citizens at the grass roots level to manage their own affairs with minimal interference from the State.

#### **INCOME**

A term used in proprietary fund-type accounting to represent (1) revenues or (2) the excess of revenues over expenses.

#### **INFRASTRUCTURE**

Immovable fixed assets having value only to the governmental unit. Common examples of infrastructure include roads, sidewalks, bridges, and streetlights.

#### **INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE**

Revenue received from another governmental unit for a specific purpose.

GLOSSARY (continued)

#### **INTEREST RATE RISK**

Interest rate risk is the risk that arises for bond owners from fluctuating interest rates. How much interest rate risk a bond has depends on how sensitive its price is to interest rate changes in the market. The sensitivity depends on two things, the bond's time to maturity, and the coupon rate of the bond.

#### **INTERESTED PARTY**

People or organizations who may be affected by a situation.

#### **INTERNAL CONTROLS**

Processes designed to assure achievement of an organization's objectives in operational effectiveness and efficiency, reliable financial reporting, loss prevention, and compliance with laws, regulations, and policies.

#### **INVESTMENTS**

Securities and real estate held for production of revenue in the form of interest, dividend, rental, or lease payments. The term does not include fixed assets used in governmental operations.

#### LEASE/PURCHASE

A financing tool utilized to fund large capital outlays where the city may not have cash immediately available for purchase. This arrangement allows the city to use the item while payments are being made.

#### **LED**

LED is an acronym for **Light Emitting Diode**. (See also *LIGHT EMITTING DIODE*.)

#### **LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL**

A cover letter from the City's Director of Finance that accompanies the comprehensive annual financial report.

#### <u>LEVY</u>

To impose taxes or special assessments. The total of taxes or special assessments imposed by a governmental unit.

#### **LIABILITIES**

Debt or other legal obligations arising out of transactions in the past, which must be liquidated, renewed, or refunded at some future date.

#### **LIGHT EMITTING DIODE**

A two-lead semiconductor light source. Light emitting diodes (LEDs) emit light through the process of electroluminescence when suitable voltage is applied. LEDs have many advantages over traditional incandescent light sources including lower energy consumption, longer lifetime, improved physical robustness, smaller size, and faster switching. LEDs are now used in applications as diverse as aviation lighting, automotive headlamps, advertising, general lighting, traffic signals, street lighting, and camera flashes.

#### LOCAL GOVERNMENT INVESTMENT POOL

A local government investment pool (LGIP), is a state or local government pool offered to public entities for the investment of public funds. These pools are important investments tools, offering safety with a competitive yield.

#### **LONG-TERM DEBT**

Debt with a maturity of more than one year.

#### **LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

Long-term liabilities are financial obligations of a company that become due more than one year.

GLOSSARY (continued)

#### LINE ITEM BUDGET

A budget format in which departmental outlays are grouped according to the items that will be purchased with one item or group of items on each line.

#### **MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)**

The portion of the City's Comprehensive Annual Report in which management addresses the company's performance over the previous twelve months.

#### **MAYOR**

The elected head of the City.

#### **MODIFIED ACCRUAL**

City of North Richland Hills's governmental funds are budgeted using the modified accrual basis, with revenues recognized when they become measurable. Revenue is "measurable" when the amount of the transaction can be reasonably determined. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred and is expected to be liquidated within 60 days.

#### **MUNICIPAL FACILITIES**

City owned structures, mechanicals, and building systems

#### **NET PENSION LIABILITY**

The net pension liability is the difference between the total pension liability (the present value of projected benefit payments to employees based on their past service) and the assets (mostly investments reported at fair value) set aside to pay current employees, retirees, and beneficiaries

#### **NET POSITION**

Net position is the residual of all other elements presented in a statement of financial position. It is the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources.

#### **NON-BUDGETED FUNDS**

Funds for which an annual budget are not legally adopted, as opposed to budgeted funds for which annual budgets are legally adopted. Budgeted funds are typically supported by tax revenues, charges for services, fees, fines, and/or penalties, while non-budgeted funds are typically supported by transfers from other funds, grant revenue, donations, or regulated fees such as municipal court fees. The resources supporting non-budgeted funds are typically either transfers that were budged as expenditures at a budgeted fund or revenues that are restricted by third parties such as grant revenue, donations, or regulated fees.

#### **NON-RECURRING REVENUE**

One-time windfall revenue that is budgeted only for one fiscal year.

#### **OPEB**

OPEB is an acronym for Other Post-Employment Benefits. (See also OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS.)

#### **OPERATING BUDGET**

Plans of current expenditures and the proposed means of financing them.

GLOSSARY (continued)

#### **OPERATING REVENUE**

Operating revenue is revenue generated from the City's business activities.

#### **ORDINANCE**

A formal legislative enactment by the City Council. If it is not in conflict with any higher form of law, such as a state statute or constitutional provision, it has the full force and effect of law within the boundaries of the City.

#### **OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEBS)**

Other postemployment benefits (or OPEBs) is a term used in the United States to describe the benefits that an employee begins to receive at the start of their retirement. These benefits do not include the pension paid to the retired employee.

#### **OVERLAPPING DEBT**

Overlapping debt refers to the financial obligations of one political jurisdiction that also falls partly on a nearby jurisdiction. Overlapping debt is common in most states because states are divided into numerous jurisdictions for different tax purposes, such as building a new public school and building a new road.

#### **PENSION**

A regular payment made during a person's retirement from an investment fund to which that person or their employer has contributed during their working life.

#### PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION

An appointed seven-member board that makes recommendations to City Council regarding the physical development of the City, including the Comprehensive Plan that serves as the basis for the City's zoning regulations. It also reviews and approves applications for subdivision plats and replats.

#### **PROJECTION**

A forecast of future trends in the operation of financial activities done through the remainder of the fiscal year to gain a better picture of the City's finances.

#### **PROPERTY TAX**

An annual or semi-annual tax paid to one or more governmental jurisdictions based on the real and personal property's assessed valuation and the tax rate, done in compliance with the State Property Tax Code.

#### **PROPERTY TAX RATE**

The rate applied to the taxable value of property to determine the property taxes due. The City's property tax rate has two components, the **general tax rate** which generates property tax revenues used to fund operations and the **debt tax rate** which generates property tax revenues used to fund the repayment of debt. Property tax rates are commonly presented as the amount of tax levied for each \$100 of assessed valuation.

#### **PROPRIETARY FUNDS**

Funds generally used to account for a government's ongoing organizations and activities that are similar to businesses found in the private sector. These funds are considered self-supporting in that the services rendered by them are generally financed through user charges or on a cost reimbursement basis. There are two types of proprietary funds: enterprise funds (used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services); and internal service funds (used to account for the provision of goods or services by one department to other departments of a governmental unit). (See *ENTERPRISE FUND*.)

GLOSSARY (continued)

#### **PUBLIC HEARING**

A public hearing may be a formal meeting for receiving testimony from the public at large on a local issue, or proposed government action. Testimony from both sides of an issue is usually recorded for public record, and a report summarizing the key points is generated.

#### **RATINGS**

Designations used by credit rating agencies to give relative indications of credit quality.

#### **REFERENDUM**

The principle or practice of referring measures proposed or passed by a legislative body, head of state, etc., to the vote of the electorate for approval or rejection (plural referenda).

#### **REFUNDING BONDS**

Bonds issued to retire bonds already outstanding.

#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

The report of independent auditors, published in the comprehensive annual financial report, opines on whether the City's basic financial statements comply with generally accepted accounting principles.

#### REOUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information (RSI) is information that a designated accounting standard-setter (e.g., FASB, GASB) requires to accompany the basic financial statements.

#### RESERVE

An account used to indicate that a portion of fund equity is legally restricted for a specific purpose or not available for appropriation and subsequent spending.

#### **RESOLUTION**

A special or temporary order of a legislative body requiring less legal formality than an ordinance or statute.

#### **RESTRICTED NET POSITION**

The restricted component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.

#### RESTRICTED RESOURCES

Restricted resources refer to a reserve of money that can only be used for specific projects or purposes.

#### **UNRESTRICTED RESOURCES**

Unrestricted resources refer to a reserve of money that can be used as the City sees fit.

#### **REVENUE**

Revenue is (1) an increase in a governmental fund's net current assets from other than expenditure refunds and residual equity or (2) an increase in a proprietary fund's net total assets from other than expense refunds, capital contributions, and residual equity transfers.

#### ROLLBACK RATE

The highest tax rate an entity may adopt without being subject to a rollback election.

GLOSSARY (continued)

#### **SCADA**

SCADA is an acronym for **Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition**. (See also *SUPERVISORY CONTROL AND DATA ACQUISITION*.)

#### **SDBF**

SCBP is an acronym for **Supplemental Death Benefits Fund**. (See also *SUPPLEMENTAL DEATH BENEFITS FUND*.)

#### **SERVICE PLANS**

Each department within the City has a three-year plan, outlining their strategic priorities for the City.

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

A Fund used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

#### **STEWARDSHIP**

The job of supervising or taking care of something, such as an organization or property.

#### STRUCTURAL BALANCE

The state at which current revenue sufficiently supports current expenditures.

#### SUPERVISORY CONTROL AND DATA ACQUISITION

An industrial computer system that monitors and controls a process. Supervisory control and data acquisition systems (also known as SCADA systems) are used to monitor and control a plant or equipment in industries such as telecommunications, water and waste control, energy, oil and gas refining and transportation. A SCADA system gathers information, such as where a leak on a pipeline has occurred and transfers the information back to a central site. SCADA systems frequently are used to manage processing systems that include geographically disbursed components.

#### SUPPLEMENTAL DEATH BENEFITS FUND (SDBF)

A cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operating by the Texas Municipal Retirement System.

#### TAX LEVY

The total amount to be raised by general property taxes for intentions specified in the Tax Levy Ordinance.

#### TAX RATE

The amount of tax levied for each \$100 of assessed valuation.

#### TAXABLE VALUE

A valuation to which the property tax rate is applied to calculate property taxes. The Taxable value of property is generally equal to the assessed valuation less any qualifying exemptions (such as a homestead exemption).

#### **TAXES**

Compulsory charges levied by a government for the purpose of financing services performed for the common benefit. This term does not include specific charges made against particular persons or property for current or permanent benefits, such as special assessments, or charges for services rendered, such as sewer service.

#### **TBD**

TBD is an acronym for To Be Determined.

GLOSSARY (continued)

#### TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM (TMRS)

TMRS is a statewide retirement system that provides retirement, disability, and death benefits for employees of participating Texas cities.

#### **TMRS**

An acronym for Texas Municipal Retirement System. (See also TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM.)

#### **TORT**

A wrongful act or an infringement of a right (other than under contract) leading to civil legal liability.

#### **TRANSFERS**

Authorized exchanges of cash or other resources between funds.

#### **UNASSIGNED FUND BALANCE**

In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed.

#### **UNRESTRICTED NET POSITION**

The unrestricted component of net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

#### **YIELD**

The rate earned on an investment based on the price paid for the investment, the interest earned during the period held, and the selling price or redemption value of the investment.

